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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVII NO 167 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Japan Out To Overthrow Br. Empire

Impediment To New Order In East Asia

RESOLUTION PASSED AT ANTI-BRITISH RALLY

Charge Of Leading Pro-Chiang-Kai-Shek Powers: Bombs Thrown At Consulate At Tsingtao

TOKYO, July 14.

"THE objects of Japan's holy crusade in China will never be attained without overthrowing the British Empire, the leader of Pro-Chiang-Kai-Shek group of Powers," declares a resolution adopted at Anti-British rallies held under the auspices of the Anti-British League of Tokyo.

OVERTHROW BR. EMPIRE

The resolution says that the one hundred million population of Japan "solidly demand the overthrow of the British Empire in an effort to construct a New Order in East Asia."

BOMBS ON BR. CONSULATE

Two bombs were thrown this morning at the British Consulate at Tsingtao. Nobody was injured. The windows were broken and other minor damage was done.

The Japanese Consul later called at the Consulate and apologised and promised an investigation.—Reuter.

(Earlier News On Page 7)

Control Over Petrol Price

Finance Minister's Reply To Deputation Of Oil Companies

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, July 14.

A deputation of representatives of Burma, Standard Oil, Indo Burma Petrol and Caltex Companies, all dealers in petrol, waited upon the Hon. Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister, this afternoon to place before him their view point with regard to the proposed legislation to control prices of petrol.

It is understood that the deputationists argued that the matter of regulating prices of petrol be left to them and that they should be trusted to keep and maintain petrol prices at a reasonable level.

The Finance Minister is, however, reported to have made it clear that Government could no longer afford, having regard to the interests of the public at large, to leave the matter entirely to the discretion of the Petrol Companies.

It may be incidentally mentioned here that petrol prices in Poona during the last five years and more have varied between a minimum of fifteen annas per gallon and a maximum of Re 1-9-0 per gallon before they stabilised in the vicinity of Re. 1-4-0 about a couple of years ago.

It is believed that if no maximum and minimum limits for petrol prices are prescribed, non-Indian companies might at any time combine to enhance or reduce prices in their own interests and make it impossible for any new Indian concern to thrive

CENTRAL BANK

Position Quite Sound: Baseless Rumours

On being informed that there were heavier withdrawals than usual at Zaveri Bazar and the Mandvi Branches of the Central Bank of India, as a result of an utterly baseless rumour that the Bank had suffered heavy losses due to the recent sharp drop in the price of silver, the "Chronicle" made inquiries in the matter. We are glad that we are now in a position to inform the public on the most reliable authority that there is not a vestige of truth in the above rumour, which appears to have been started by some designing person or persons.

The Central Bank's position is as formidable and clear to-day as ever before and there is not the slightest reason for its clients to display any kind of nervousness.

FRANCO-CIANO TALKS

SAN SEBASTIAN, July 14.

Count Ciano was expected to hold a further and unanticipated conference with General Franco last night, as a result of which the official communique which was expected earlier has been delayed.

WHAT THEY TALKED ABOUT

The Havas correspondent on the Franco-Spanish frontier says that according to well-informed source Count Ciano in the first interview gave General Franco a long outline of the policy of Italy and asked for information with regard to the future orientation of the external policy of Spain.

In the second interview, it is considered Count Ciano will submit to General Franco the outlines of an economic agreement or perhaps a political pact, but it is not believed that for the present anyhow there is any possibility of a Spanish-Italian military agreement.

BR. LOAN TO FRIENDLY NATIONS

Second Reading Of Over-Seas Guarantee Bill Passed

LONDON, July 14.

Mr. R. S. Hudson stated in the House of Commons that it was the intention of the Government to continue every effort to help the export trade on the occasion of his moving the second reading of the Overseas Trade Guarantee Bill.

Within a few weeks after February, said Mr. Hudson, there had occurred a changed political situation as the result of which Britain had been drawn much closer to a number of other countries and assumed new onerous obligations. In view of this development, it was found necessary to consider whether steps should be taken to increase and strengthen the commercial and economic relations between ourselves and many other friendly nations.

RUMANIAN PACT

Referring to the Rumanian Agreement for the purchase of United Kingdom goods for defence and other purposes, Mr. Hudson mentioned that the credit for Rumania had been increased by half a million sterling to five and a half millions to enable Rumania to purchase a considerable quantity of Lancashire yarn—a matter which was not forseen when the Protocol was signed.

There had also been an agreement with the Greek Government for credits of two million sterling.

Equally, Mr. Hudson continued, they were discussing with Mr. W. Nash, the question of granting credits to New Zealand. These credits would probably be used partly to finance purchases in Britain for the New Zealand defence programme.

Negotiations were also being carried on with the Polish Mission in London.

It was to meet these requirements that the present Bill had been presented. Great as the amount was, it would have been many times larger if they had met all the requests made in the last few months.

LABOUR CRITICISM

Mr. Benson, Labour, said that if the policy involved in the Bill had been carried out seven years ago, we should not be paying 720 millions this year for armaments. The Bill, he said, was a recognition of the importance of Collective Security and of the fact that small non-aggressive States must be helped by Britain not only in their interests but in ours. Unless, however, the Government were prepared to change their policy of high tariffs, he was afraid that they would have to whistle for the repayment of their loans.

Replying to the debate Mr. R. S. Hudson said that if they found that sterling loans were required they would not hesitate to ask the House for necessary authority.

The Bill was read for a second time without division.

SPAIN'S STAND IN EVENT OF WAR

LISBON, July 14.

In the event of war Spain would remain neutral, if her territory, honour and vital interests are not affected, declared Gen. Franco in an interview to the editor of the "Diario de Noticias".

He added that the Spanish regime is neither Italian nor German.—Reuter.

THE TOKIO COMMUNIQUE

Our troops have brought down 350 Russian 'planes and 255 British trousers.

("Le Canard Enchaine", Paris).

'Indirect Subsidy To Lancashire'

Popular Contention Justified By Fall In Revenue From Cotton Duty

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 14.

A study in contrasts furnished by the latest Customs and Excise revenue returns for the first three months of the financial year is just issued. Those who charged the Finance Member with underestimation will find support in the fact that an unprecedented increase of two crores and 33 lakhs is shown in the net Customs Revenue for the three months as against the same period of 1938.

On the other hand, the Excise Revenue has fallen by about 88 lakhs but then the budget estimate under this head is also based on a falling basis. A notorious feature of this year's Budget was doubling the duty on raw cotton for revenue purposes. This has not brought about the desired result and shown remarkably unproductive, thus till now justifying the charge that the duty was levied not for revenue but for other purposes which during the budget discussions was alleged to be indirect subsidy to Lancashire.

REDUCTION IN REVENUE

When the duty was only two nice per pound, the yield during the three months ended June 1933 was Rs. 31,36,000 but though the duty has been doubled, the yield has been only Rs. 26,22,000. The figures of returns on liquors do not bear out the assumption that the Prohibition policy is having adverse effect on the Central Revenues but does bring out the rate of duty yielding diminishing returns.

Under these heads the total decrease registered amounts to about Rs. 1,67,000 during the period under review. But in 1938 during the same period, the fall in revenue under Liquors and Wines, etc., amounted to nine lakhs compared with the same period in 1937 when no Prohibition was in force. Hitherto increased preference for British textiles has not helped them much but during the last three months textiles of non-British manufactures have come in larger quantities.

Reuter learns that a Bill has been introduced in Hongkong Legislature to make training with local volunteer units compulsory for the British subjects.—Reuter.

Send-Off To Jawaharlal

Sardar Patel Garlands Him On Behalf Of Bombay Congressmen

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Krishna Hutheesing left Bombay on Friday night; 'en route' to Colombo.

He was given an official farewell by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. He was presented with a Guard of Honour by the Volunteers of the Bombay Seva Dal. He was garlanded by Sardar Patel. Most of the office-bearers of the B. P. C. C. were present at the Station.

Gandhiji's Discussion With Dr. Sir Gokul Chand Narang

ABBOTABAD, July 14.

Dr. Sir Gokul Chand Narang, member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, had a ninety-minute interview with Gandhiji to-day when it is understood that several important problems touching both the Punjab and the Frontier, were discussed.

Among the other callers to-day were Rai Bahadur Diwan Chandobhrai, a Hindu Leader of the Frontier, Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, a member of the Punjab Assembly and Kisan Ghulam Mohomed former President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee.

Gandhiji discussed again to-day, further details of the scheme in respect of opening Khadi production centres in the Frontier, with Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Mr. Krishanchand Bhatia, General Secretary of the Punjab Branch of the A. I. S. A.—United Press.

Next Br. Ambassador In Paris

LONDON, July 14.

Sir Ronald Hugh Campbel, Minister in Belgrade, has been appointed to succeed Sir Erric Phipps, Ambassador in Paris, retiring in autumn.—Reuter.

Prohibition Redeems Pledge To Masses

MUNSHI EXPOSES BOSE'S FALLACIES

No Extra Taxation, But Mere Transfer Of Burden From The Poor To The Rich

"SUBHAS Babu is a very great man, nobody doubts his services to the country. But when the Congress has put us in this onerous office, we expect every Congressman to stand loyally by us at critical moments, and to support us whole heartedly, so long as we are doing our duty conscientiously."

"We are not here to perpetuate our rule in the Secretariat. We are prepared to quit any moment, but as long as we are there, we will not falter in following the path chalked out for us by the Congress."

Thus declared the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, speaking on "Prohibition" at a public meeting at the Blavatsky Lodge on Friday evening.

The meeting which was held under the joint auspices of the Karnatak Association and Kanara Brotherhood was presided over by Dr. V. M. Kaikini.

Mr. Munshi said:—

"The wet propagandists have played their trump card. Sjt. Subhas Bose, the founder of the Forward Bloc, has suddenly taken to opposing the Property Tax and Prohibition which he endorsed as the President of the Congress. I wish when he studied the question with the aid of persons whose very arguments he adopts, he had consulted the Ministry to find out considerations which prompted it to adopt these measures. But he did not; he was too much in a hurry. Like a knight-errant he went out to defend, not helpless maidens, but the wealthy and vocal propertied section of the Bombay public; the 25 thousand men who live in good houses and clothe and feed well.

LOOK AT THE FIGURES

"Subhas Babu thought we were over-taxing the City. What are the facts? The City and the suburbs paid one crore and four lakhs through its drink revenues. Government gave up the drink revenue, and now is recovering the same amount by the Property Tax. Therefore, it is erroneous to say that the City is taxed more than what it used to be. We have only transferred the burden of taxation from the poor to the rich. About 90 lakhs used to come from the poor; 15.59 lakhs for the Bombay Government, and 35 lakhs for the Government of India, i.e., 50 lakhs came from the rich. By our new tax, the poor will not pay the 92 lakhs, but the 25,000 well-to-do house-owners will pay one crore and four lakhs instead of 50 lakhs, and I am surprised that a leader who claims to be a 'Forward Revolutionary' should stand up for a position that the poor should continue to pay heavily, so that the rich may not have to pay more.

TRANSFER OF BURDEN

The Forward Bloc economy, however, goes a step further. The Property Tax will have damping effect on business, trade and industry, says he. Why should it! If the purchasing power of the City is increased, and as I have often pointed out that it would increase by three crores and fifty lakhs on account of Prohibition, why should business, trade and industry suffer? They should prosper as they have prospered in Ahmedabad. But with people starving, he says, there is no sense in

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 1).

U. P. PREMIER'S REVELATIONS

Communalist Attempt On Minister Exposed

LUCKNOW, July 14.

A sinister conspiracy hatched by some communalists of Cawnpore to do away with Hon. Mr. Hafiz Ibrahim, Minister for Communications, during the latter's visit to the city at the time of the firing incident on June 19 was referred to by Hon. Pandit G. B. Pant, Premier at the Assembly to-day.

The occasion was an adjournment motion moved by Mr. Ishaq Khan regarding the incident. The motion was talked out.

Premier Pant rebutted the allegations levelled by the Muslim Leaguers that the Muslims were terrorised. He characterised them as mischievous, and in the course of a telling reply, gave details of the conspiracy against Hon. Mr. Ibrahim which he characterised as "fiendish." In this connection, he paid a tribute to the Cawnpore Police and expressed satisfaction at their conduct in dealing with the developments. He also announced the appointment of an Enquiry Committee into the incident.—United Press.

BURMA COMMISSION OF INQUIRY

Appointment Of Assessors

RANGOON, July 14.

A Government communique announces that U. Tintut, Finance Secretary and Mr. Ratilal Desai, M. A. (Oxon) have been appointed as assessors for the Commission of Inquiry into the question of Indian Immigration under the Chairmanship of Mr James Baxter, Financial Adviser. U. Tintut will be flying to Simla to-morrow for the trade talks.—United Press.

HITLER TO SPEAK ON SUNDAY

BERLIN, July 14.

Herr Hitler will speak on Sunday at Munich, when he opens a three-day festival of German Art.

Herr Hitler's speech on Sunday is expected at about 11.10 B.S.T. It is stated that it will not be political.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted accomplished virgin or girl widow, no caste or provincial restriction, for a young M.A., LL.B. respectable Brahaman Lawyer, Municipal Commissioner aged 28, noted in public and literary circles, son of well-known man. Apply Box 12035, "Bombay Chronicle."

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted educated gentlemen as representatives for Aligarh Metal Industry on pay from Rs. 45—150. For full particulars apply the Managing Director, Indian Empire Trading Co., Aligarh with 1 1 2 as. p. stamp. (12009)

Wanted Agency Manager on Rs. 100—20—500 p.m. for a Bank to invest loan without security to everybody. Post Box 2410, Calcutta. (246)

Wanted a Registered fully qualified nurse and Midwife, B.P.N.A. Pay Rs. 50-2-60 P.M. Free quarters. Apply with testimonials before 31st July 1939 to the Honorary Secretary V. J. Hospital, Committee, Ahmedabad. Ahmedabad 11th July, 1939. (601)

Wanted candidates to qualify as, Sub-Engineers: Overseers by Postal training. British India Technical College (B.B.) Sukkur (Sind). (11973)

Wanted:—One Assistant Engineer —Pay Rs. 250 P.M. One Overseer —Pay Rs. 80 P.M. One Tracer—Pay Rs. 50 P.M. to prepare Schemes of Drainage and Water Supply. The schemes will have to be prepared under supervision and orders of the Consulting Public Health Engineer to the Government of Sind. The selected candidates shall have to work both in Mirpurkhas and in Karachi and no allowances (travelling, joining or any other), shall be allowed. The appointments shall be temporary and may terminate at any time without any notice (but will most probably last for 6 months). No age limit is fixed for candidates. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before 31st July 1939. The applicants should state (a) Full name, (b) Nationality, (c) Age, (d) Academic qualifications, (e) Previous experience. Copies of degrees, diplomas and certificates, which shall not be returned, should accompany applications. President, Mirpurkhas Municipality. A.T. Kazi. 607
10-7-'39.

53. SITUATIONS WANTED

Civil Engineer—Indian, 36, brilliant career in theoretical, practical work in Europe, America, Africa, desires to return to India. Knows well English, French, German, Portuguese. Speaks, understands Hindustani, Spanish, Italian. Seeks responsible position in building enterprise, technical college. Will send "curriculum vitae" and credentials to those interested. Box No. 537, "Bombay Chronicle."

55. PAYING GUESTS

A European Bachelor wants board and lodging with English family quiet and breezy locality. Please write to Box No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET

First floor of Dubash House, Plot No. 583, Dadar Matunga Estate, to let to any community. Apply Secretary, Central Bank Executor & Trustee Co., Ltd., Fort. (12032)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Be Let Two, Three, Four and Six Room Flats at "Dias Lodge", Kurshetjee Rana Street near Grant Road Station. (12036)

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. (Recognised by Government) Recorded up to 1938 the highest percentage of success in the Overseer's Certificate examinations conducted by the U. P. Government. Topmost rank held by our students in these examinations. Positions I, II, IV held by candidates from this school in 1938. Matriculates should apply now for the July Session 1939 on the prescribed forms which can be had with the prospectus free from the Principal. (307)

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College. Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10937)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Right Contraceptive Jelly and Sexus Paste prevent conception; Gelotube prevents venereal disease. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11847)

270. PALMISTS

All India famous Prof. B. D. Gupta, Municipal Commissioner available whole day at Lakshmi Building, opposite Ramwadi, Kalbadevi. Reduced fee Rupee one. (11023)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Messrs. Herbert Roberts & Co., 10 Nisbet Road Lahore who have a standing contract with Lloyds Underwriters, London want Chief Agent to organize and book Fire Insurance Business for them in Bombay Presidency and Gujarat on very attractive terms. Only individuals and firms with first class references need apply. (12028)

Wanted—Agents to secure orders for Pictorial Calendars of Indian, English and American patterns. Various designs, Subjects and Sizes. Pictorial Advertising Blotters. No Security. Apply for free terms and beautiful sample Set. The Fine Calendar Mfg., Co., Post Box 11202, Calcutta. (12030)

341 PARTNERSHIP WANTED

Wanted one financier partner for Cloth Dyeing and Printing works Box No. 12037, "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS AND MORTGAGES

Money-Lenders! Genuine Firm! Hundreds of Promissory Notes, Certificates and Documents to satisfy any one! One visit to our Departments will convince and induce you to be on our Member's List! Bombay Loans and Finance Corporation, Balaram House Churni Road Tram Junction Grant Road Opposite Hardinge. (12033)

468. FRUITS & VEGETABLES

The most Popular Kulu Apples and Pears a Selection now in full bearing. Available 11 lbs' basket Rs. 5/8/-. By Rail 8, 14, 20, 30 and 40 lbs for Rs. 3/6/-, 6/4/-, 8/4/-, 11/4/- and 14/4/- respectively all inclusive. Tele:—'Garh Bajaura'. Superintendent, Kulu Fruit Gardens, Bajaura (Kulu, Pb.). (1200)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS

A NEW RATE CIRCLAR viz., Local Rate Advice No. 7 of 1939, is being issued to-day.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations. (609)

BURMA CORPORATION, LIMITED.

DIVIDEND NO 32.

This Dividend will be declared early in August and the Registers will be closed A FEW DAYS AFTERWARDS. To ensure direct receipt of the dividend, holders of unregistered Transfers should complete and forward them to the Corporation's Rangoon Office as early as possible—preferably before the prospective date of declaration of the dividend, early in August.

Transfers not properly completed or not bearing Burma stamps in full payment of Duty will be returned to senders. (614)

LOST

Policy No. W 166403, dated the 24th April, 1923 for Rs. 3,000 (Rupees Three Thousand) granted by the Phoenix Assurance Company, Limited, on the life of Parbhuram Valbharam Kotwala. Will any person or persons having information regarding the Policy kindly communicate with the Manager, Phoenix Assurance Company, Limited, 28, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta. (11995)

BOMBAY PROHIBITION NOTICE.

On the introduction of Prohibition in Bombay City and the Island of Salsette from 1st August, 1939, alcohol for medicinal use, tonic wines, Arishtas and Asavas and spirituous medicinal preparations, except those exempted by Government, will be allowed to be sold or dispensed only by licensed chemists, on the strength of a prescription from a practitioner registered under the Bombay Medical Act, 1912 (Act VI, 1912) or from a practitioner approved by the Commissioner of Excise.

Practitioners (including Hakims and Vaidyas) in the above Prohibition Area who wish to be approved for the purpose should apply to the Commissioner of Excise, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay. Registered Medical Practitioners need not apply.

Applications giving the following particulars should reach the Commissioner before the 20th July, 1939:

Name.
Address.
Qualifications (stating the degrees, if any, and the name of the University).
Period for which practising in the Prohibition Area.

E. G. TAYLOR,
Commissioner of Excise.
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 12th July, 1939. (605)

490. DOGS AND KENNELS

For Sale Irish Setter Pups by Champion Easter Gift out of Annie Rooney—property of D. J. K. Coghill, I.C.S.—Whelped June 7th. Price Rs. 100/- Dog, Rs. 80/- Bitch. Further particulars from MacDonald, Donalson Kennels, Mussoorie, where Pups can be seen. (613)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

500 Best Poplin Shirts in a variety of neat and smart stripes offered at Rs. 3/12 for a Shirt and 2 Semi Stiff Collars. Illustrated Brochure at request. Asquith & Lord, Ltd. opposite Clock Tower, Bombay. (583)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913 and
In the matter of THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE LTD., (In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVLN that in pursuance of section 216 (2) of the Indian Companies Act a meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at Second Floor Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay on SATURDAY 29th July, 1939 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of laying before them a statement in the form prescribed by the Indian Companies Act containing the particulars prescribed by the said Act with respect to the proceedings in and the position of the Liquidation.

LACHHMANDAS DAGA,
CHOTALAL PREMJI,
Liquidators.
Bombay, 3rd July, 1939. (612)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of one temporary ASSISTANT CHEMIST in the Industries Department, Bombay, for experimental work on the Village Oil Ghany.

QUALIFICATIONS:—Candidates must have (a) the B. Sc. Degree of a recognised university in Chemistry, (b) special qualifications in Chemistry and Technology of oils and fats, and (c) experience in the analysis of oils, oil seeds and oil cakes. Preference may be given to candidates who have worked in oil mills and are domiciled residents of the Bombay Province. Candidates should not be over 25 years of age.

PAY:—Rs 100 p.m. provisional and subject to revision.

Applications should be complete with evidence as to age, place of birth and domicile, caste with sub-caste, etc. with copies of testimonials and should be sent by Registered post on or before 31st July 1939.

For further particulars, please apply to the Director of Industries, Old Custom House, Bombay.

D. C. GUPTA.
Director of Industries.
Bombay, Dated 13th July, 1939. 615.

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS in the printed prescribed form are invited from British Indian subjects who are natives of the Province of Bombay or from non-British subjects who have obtained the requisite declaration of eligibility under section 262(2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, for two posts (one permanent and one temporary) of DEPUTY ENGINEERS (ELECTRICAL) in the General Provincial Service. *Pay*:—Rs. 100-150-170-10-250-E. B.-235-15-400-E. B.-420-20-500, subject to revision, *plus* compensatory local allowance, if stationed in Bombay, and conveyance allowance. *Qualifications*:—A 'Graduate' Member of the Institution of Electrical Engineers (England), *or* B. E. (Electrical *or* an equivalent degree of a recognised University. Candidates should have at least three years' practical experience in an electrical or mechanical workshop or electrical power station, and after such experience, regular employment for a period of not less than three years in the practice of electrical engineering on electric installations of light and power and also power house and distribution systems both high and low tension. *Age*:—Not more than 32 years on the 31st August 1939. Full details can be obtained on requisition accompanied by *an addressed envelope bearing a two-anna postage stamp*. Copies of the printed prescribed form of application can be had on payment of one rupee, either in cash or by a *crossed* Indian Postal Order in favour of "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission," which should accompany requisition for the form. *Payment by Money Order or postage stamps will not be accepted*. Last date for receipt of application:—12th August 1939. *Any attempt direct or indirect, to influence the Secretary or a Member of the Commission will disqualify the candidate*. 610.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. HARIDAS LILADHAR MERCHANT, or any member of his family will not be liable for any debts incurred by Ajitsingh Haridas Merchant.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1939.

BHAISHANKER, KANGA,
and GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for
Mr. Haridas Liladhar Merchant. (620)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE ASSOCIATED ADVERTISERS & PRINTERS, LTD. will be held on MONDAY, the 31st July, 1939, at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 168, Girgaon Road, Bombay 4, to transact the following business.

BUSINESS.

1. To adopt Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st December, 1938.
2. To elect Two Directors in Place of Mr. K. K. Parekh and Mr. Nadirshaw Kawasjee who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election and offer themselves for the same.
3. To appoint Auditor and fix his remuneration.
4. To consider any other business that may be laid before the Meeting by the Managing Director, and may be allowed by the Chairman.

Bombay, July, 1939. (613)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. AJITSINGH HARIDAS MERCHANT was not and is not a partner in our clients' firm of Messrs. Soomanlal Ajitsingh and Co., doing business as Fancy Cloth Merchants at Dadar Gully, Mulji Jetha Cloth Market, Bombay.

And That any debt incurred or to be incurred in the name of our said clients by the said Ajitsingh Haridas Merchant will not be binding on our clients.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1939.

BHAISHANKER, KANGA,
and GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for Messrs. Soomanlal Ajitsingh and Co. (619)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client GOSWAMI SHRI VALLABHLALJI SHRI RANCHODLALJI MAHRAJ, that the title deeds relating to his properties at Bhuleshwar Bombay described in the Schedule below including the Deed of Conveyance bearing date the 26th day of July 1912 between Mooltani Mangoomal Tiloomal of the one part and our clients father Goswami Shri Runchodlalji Maharaj formerly called or known as Goswami Shri Runchodlalji Shri Jivanlalji Maharaj which had been duly registered, have been lost and cannot be found or traced.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of mortgage, charge, gift, lien, or otherwise in the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise no such claim shall be entertained and any person possessing or having custody of any of the said title deeds is requested to hand the same to the undersigned at their said office.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL THAT piece of pension and tax land, situate at Bhuleshwar in the Town and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 4333.47 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collectors Old Nos. 140 and 619, New Nos 1254 and 2880, Old Survey No. 39 and New Survey Nos. 509, 609 Cadastral Survey No. 2844 (Bhuleshwar Division) and bearing Municipal C. Ward Nos. 5117, 5118, 5119, 5120, 5121, 5122, 5123, 5124, 5125, 5126 5127, 5128, 5129, 5130, 5131, 5132, 5134, 5135, 5138 5139, Street Nos. 142N, 142M, 142K, 142J, 13 142F, 9, 142D, 142H, 7-8-142E, 142G, 142C, 142A, 142B, 142A, 142B, 166 to 174, 182, 184, together with the right of way along the passage over the piece of land, situate at Pranjrapole Road in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and situate on the East side of the above described piece of land and admeasuring 115 square yards bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2846 (Bhuleshwar Division) and New Survey No. 609 G Ward Nos. 5117-5131 Street Nos. 211-217.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1939.

LITTLE AND CO.
Solicitors for Goswami Shri Vallabhlalji Shri Runchodlalji Maharaj. 541.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

Summary Suit No. 929 of 1939.

NIHALCHAND RUPCHAND & CO. ..... Plaintiffs.
Vs.
E. F NEILSON ..... Defendant.
To,
The Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have filed the above suit against you for recovery of Rs. 2,000 due upon our demand Promissory Note dated the 3rd March, 1939, with interest thereon at 2 p.c. p.m from 6th June, 1939, till judgment costs of this suit and further simple interest on judgment at the rate of six p.c. per annum till payment.

PLEASE FURTHER NOTE, that in default of your causing an appearance to be entered for you within 10 days from the date hereof, the plaintiffs will be entitled at any time thereafter to obtain an ex parte Decree against you.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1939.

SHAH & CO.,
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs
616

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 436 of 1937.

HAMBAI FRAMJI DAVER and another. .... Plaintiffs.
V/s.
GOVINDRAO RAMNATH MAHIMKAR. .. Defendant.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 17th February, 1938 and Judge's Order, dated 3-3-1939 the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in two lots by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at this Office in the Court House on MONDAY, 17th July, 1939, at 3-15 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

Lot No. 1 property at Ville Parle.

All that piece of land with a well building structures thereon situate at Ville Parle, Taluka Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, admeasuring about 2403 square yards or thereabouts formerly being a portion of Survey No. 65 and now final Plot No. 9 as described in the Certificate of tenure and title relating to the said Piece.

Lot No. 2 property at (Mojie Eksar) Borivali.

All that piece of land, situate at Mojie Eksar Pakhadi Babhai near Borivali, Taluka Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, admeasuring 2266 square yards or thereabouts being a portion of the field known as Halwar bearing Survey No. 10 Plot No. 9.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MEHTA & GIRDHARLAL, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 16th June, 1939.

(Sd.) E. B. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner. (608)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES AT OWA, TQ. PANVEL.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and the assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent Bandeali Bhojabhai, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction on THURSDAY 20th July, 1939 at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the insolvent abovenamed in the undermentioned properties at Owa, Tq. Panvel.

LOT I.—All that piece of land together with bungalow, outhouses, servants' quarters, cattle shed, godown, motor garage etc. with Electric Dynamos and Engines.

LOT II.—All that piece of land with 11 godowns and at back cattle shed.

LOT III.—One house 45X30ft. with land in front and back.

For further particulars, please apply to.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Auction Sales

Very valuable property known as (1) Kathoke Lodge with redeemed P. & T. land about 1961 Sq. Yds. and (2) vacant land redeemed P. & T. about 1363 Sq. Yds. adjacent to above at Dadar Main Road will be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 29th July 1939 at 4-30 P.M. at the premises of the property.

Full printed particulars and conditions of sale from Messrs. Smetham Byrne & Lambert, Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, Attorneys for Ardeshir Framji Sunavala, Esqr., the Sole Executor of the Estate of the late Mr. Framji Jamshetji Kathoke, or from the undersigned.

SORAEJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Italian Restaurant, of complete Bungalow furniture, Godrej Steel Cabinet, Milner Safe, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, H. M. V. Gramophone, Bronze Figures, Harmoniums, etc.

BOMBAY APPLAUDS THE
LOVE AFFAIR
OF
IRENE DUNNE
AND
CHARLES BOYER
AND DEMANDS A
2ND WEEK
OF THIS
R-K-O RADIO MASTERPIECE
AT THE
EXCELSIOR
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Rs. 1-2 Seats may now be booked by 'Phone.

As. 9 tickets (for unreserved seats) may be purchased in advance at the Booking Office, open daily from 9-30 A.M. All unclaimed reserved seats will be sold half an hour before the commencement of each show.

BOOK NOW FOR
THE GREATEST SCREEN SENSATION OF ANY YEAR
BROUGHT BY
WARNER BROS.
IN
CONFESSIONS
OF A
NAZI SPY
FROM FRI., JULY 21ST

THE EDWARD
DAILY 3 SHOWS AT
4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 P.M.
SAT. & SUN. AT 2 P.M.
NEW THEATRES' IMMORTAL:
VIDYAPATI
Starring:
KANANBALA, LEELA DESAI
and PAHARI SANYAL
SPECIAL NEW PRINT

CENTRAL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Matinee on Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2 p.m.
PRABHA'S MYTHOLOGICAL MARVEL:
MAYA BAZAR
6TH WEEK

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THE GREAT SCHOLAR AND AUTHORITY OF VEDAS & PURANAS

PT. MALAVIYAJEE

SAW "SANT TULSIDAS" and was pleased!

THEY TRIED TO SHUT UP THE NATION'S SAVIOUR!

—The Man who gave God to men and gave them their BOOK OF DEVOTION, the great Ramayan—which was imprisoned by few orthodox Fundits in abstruce Sanskrit language!!!.....

Sant Tulsidas was sent to the Prison, because he could not flatter the bigoted Priesthood!!!

Sant Tulsidas

—India's FIRST NATIONAL Poet!

Featuring:

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VASANTI
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K. DATEY, RAM
MARATHEY, B. SOHONI, RAM APTE & DIXIT!

Shree RANJIT MOVIETONE'S MARATHI MUSICAL:

Directed by: JAYANT DESAI

4 FOURTH GREAT WEEK

TIME:—4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1 p.m.

IT HAS TAKEN ALL BOMBAY BY STORM!!!

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

ACCLAIMED AS THE GREATEST DIAMOND THRILLER

2nd WEEK

DIRECTOR HOMI WADIA'S

PUNJAB MAIL

DESPITE TORRENTIAL RAINS THROUGHOUT THE WEEK DREW RECORD HOUSES !

AT THE LAMINGTON

PACKED WITH
INNOCENT FUN
GENUINE THRILLS
DRAMATIC MOMENTS!!!

2nd WEEK

Featuring:
FEARLESS
NADIA

JOHN CAVAS, S. MANSOOR
PUNJAB KA BETA, ROLLS ROYCE KI BETI, SAYANI, ETC.

DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 P.M.
Fri., Sat. & Sun. Matinee: 2 p.m.

Evidence In Race Horse Dope Case

R. W. I. Turf Club Steward And Secretary Cross-Examined

The case in which Wazir Lal, a riding boy, in the service of Mrs. Clarke, a well-known race-horse owner, stands charged with illicit possession of cocaine, came up for further hearing before Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, Bombay, on Friday.

According to the Prosecution, Wazir Lal is alleged to have possessed the illicit drug between February 17 and 19 this year.

STEWARD CROSS-EXAMINED

Cross-examined by Mr. Janai, Advocate, on behalf of the accused, Major Nabi Khan, a steward of the R.W.I. Turf Club stated that he could not say how long the accused worked under Mrs. Clarke, before he joined the Club as a steward. He did not take down in writing the statement made by the accused on February 19.

Mr. Janai: What did you tell the accused after his statement?—I advised him to go back and join the work. I further asked him to keep quiet about the matter.

Do you know anything about the search of the stables made in December last year?—No.

Were you present on February 23, when an inquiry was instituted by the Stewards of the Club?—Yes.

In answer to a question, the witness stated that at the Stewards' meeting Mr. Bell, the trainer, Mrs. Clarke, the accused and farrier Major Kitto were present throughout and the Stewards examined them and their statements were taken. Mr. Bell did not allege at the inquiry that the relation between him and the accused were strained.

Mr. Janai: Was Mr. Bell given an opportunity to offer his explanation regarding the allegations made by Wazir Lal the riding boy?—Yes. Mr. Bell said he did not know the reason why the accused falsely charged him. He denied the charges.

SECRETARY'S EVIDENCE

Mr. Gulliland, the Secretary of the Club, in his cross-examination admitted that the accused possessed certificates of merit from different trainers and owners of race-horses.

Cross-examined, Mr .Bell, the trainer in Mrs. Clarke's employ, stated that he had known the accused since 1929. When he joined the service, he gave the accused slow work as he found him heavy.

FED ON PURE OATS

In reply to a further question, the witness explained that on race days, horses were fed on pure oats instead of bran, which was a heavy food and he believed that any heavy food given on such a day would affect the horse's running.

Mr. Janai: Do you supervise feeding on race days?—Yes.

Further cross-examined the witness said that he had some trouble with the accused only on two occasions, once in the middle of December last year and the other on February 19. On both occasions, the trouble was on the question of feeding the horses properly. The accused, stated the witness, was giving bran instead of pure oats, in his presence. The witness only spoke to the accused without losing his temper, warning him to be careful. Similarly he had to warn the accused on February 19. On both the occasions, Mrs. Clarke was present.

Court: Why the accused who was an experienced riding boy should give bran to the horses.

Witness: The accused said he forgot to give pure oats.

Mr. Janai: Usually you are not a short tempered man?—Yes, I am.

Is it true that your licence was cancelled once because you shot a monkey?—No.

Was your licence ever withdrawn by any Club?—Yes, once in 1925, by R.W.I. Turf Club.

In whose employ were you then?—I was training Mr. Gaghan's horses.

What was the charge levelled against you?—The charge against me was that I had misbehaved myself in a hotel at Poona.

Were you ever involved in a criminal case in the Esplanade Court?—Never.

"SOFT FEED"

Further questioned, the witness said that on every Sunday, according to their practice, the horses were given "soft" feed. On the morning of February 19, he found the accused giving "full feed" to the horses. He therefore reprimanded the accused in the presence of Mrs. Clarke.

Mr. Janai: You said you did not abuse the accused. But you also stated that the accused lost his temper, although you did not treat him roughly in any way. How can this be possible?—I did not treat him roughly.

I suggest to you that it was you who gave the powders to the accused with the definite instructions to administer them to "Motki", "Danny Boy" and "Eager Tit".—No.

In reply to a further question, the witness said that after his licence was suspended, he approached the Excise authority, with his lawyer and disclosed the matter before the Excise Superintendent.

The Public Prosecutor Mr. Peligara appeared for the Crown and Mr. Janai, Advocate, represented Wazir Lal, the accused.

Further hearing of the case has been adjourned to July 21.

DEATH OF PORT HAJ OFFICIAL

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. T. C. Mayan, Executive Officer and Secretary, Port Haj Committee, Bombay breathed his last at the Charak Clinic to-day at 7-30 p.m.

RENDERED USEFUL SERVICE.

Haji T. C. Mayan, first Executive

Late Mr. T. C. Mayan

Officer, Port Haj Committee, Bombay, President of the Keraliya Samaj, a cosmopolitan body of residents of Malabar, Cochin and Travancore, and President, Maplah League, Bombay, was a Muslim from Malabar. He joined the Pilgrim Department under the Commissioner of Police, Bombay as a clerk in 1914. He organised Pilgrim Deposit System and was the head of the Deposit Section for several years. He rendered valuable services to the old Haj Committee as Haj Committee clerk. As a Secretary to the various sub-committees appointed for the consideration of the Haj Inquiry Committee Report his services were of great value.

As the Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee from 1st September, 1934, till his death at the Charak Clinic on Friday his activities in various spheres were well appreciated. It was mainly due to his efforts that the present new premises of the Port Haj Committee Offices came into existence. He performed the Haj Pilgrimage this year.

He was also Honorary Secretary to the Abdulla Dawood Bawla Mahomedan Female Orphanage. He spent the best part of his spare time for the betterment of the lot of Muslim orphan girls and through his efforts the old delapidated orphanage building was remodelled about four years ago.

He leaves behind him a widow, two daughters and many friends to mourn his premature death.

Funeral procession will start at 8 a.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday) from his residence, Mahbool Building, opposite Crawford Market, near Saboo Siddick Musafirkhana.

As a mark of respect to his memory, the offices of the Port Haj Committee will remain closed on Saturday the 15th July, 1939.

LIMITATION TO INSURANCE CLAIM

Sequel To Loss By Fire

Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court heard the application filed by Surat Industrial Mills Co. Ltd., (in liquidation) claiming Rs. 35,759 from Sugrabai and others under a policy of insurance.

As a result of a fire in the Mills on February 28, 1923, the loss to the buildings and machinery was estimated at Rs. 5,80,630, by the surveyors of the India Lion Assurance Co., Ltd., with whom the Mills Company had taken an insurance policy for Rs. 22,20,000 in respect of their land, buildings, machinery and stock-in-trade, which had been previously mortgaged to the Maharajah of Darbhanga for Rs. 10 lakhs.

The applicants made the present claim for loss of stocks and stock-in-process which they estimated at Rs. 47,134 but which, according to the opponents, came to Rs. 22,115. In March 1925, the insurance company went into liquidation, and about the same time the Surat Mills also went into liquidation.

ASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS

The opponents were the heirs of one Asgarally, since deceased, to whom were assigned the rights and liabilities of the insurance company.

The main ground on which the claim was opposed was that it was barred, under clause 19 of the policy, which limited the liability of the company to a period of 12 months from the date of the loss

JUDGMENT

In the course of his judgment, His Lordship observed that the language of the clause was imperative.

Could the parties to an insurance policy agree that a suit upon the policy be brought within a time shorter than the provided by law? This was the question that had often arisen before. In view of the provisions of Section 28 of the Indian Contract Act, it was clear to his lordship that contracts which curtailed the period of limitation under the law were prohibited by the Section.

On a consideration of the legal authorities His Lordship held that the clause in the insurance policy was valid and enforceable.

Under the circumstances His Lordship held that under Clause 19 of the policy, the applicant's claim was barred.

His Lordship, in the result, rejected the application.

Literacy Campaign Anniversary In Bihar

Education Minister Quotes Mustafa Kemal's Example

PATNA, July 14.

Amidst scenes of extraordinary enthusiasm the anniversary of the inauguration of the Literacy campaign was held here in the evening in the Science College Compound, with Hon. Dr. Mahmud, Minister for Education, presiding. The Premier, Advocate-General and Principals and Professors of Colleges and teachers and a large number of officials and non-officials attended.

In the morning a 'prabhat pheri' and meetings were held in Patna City and Gardanibagh, Mrs. Malcolm Sinha and Mr. Jagat Narain Lal respectively presiding. In the afternoon processions were taken out and reached the meeting ground at about five p.m. by which time the procession swelled to several thousands. Slogans like "Down with illiteracy," "Read and Teach" were incessantly shouted before the meeting commenced at six p.m.

TURKEY'S EXPERIENCE.

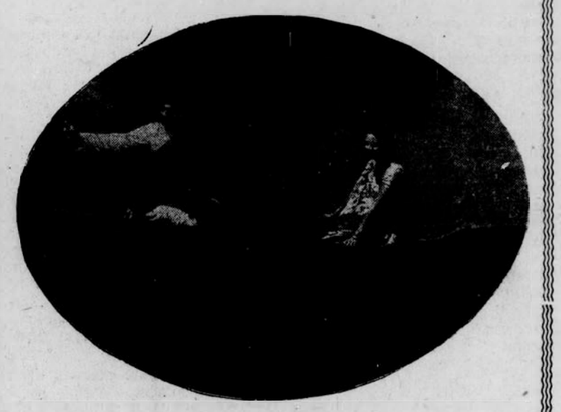
At the meeting Mr. Javat Yusuf of Turkey described how Turkey had liquidated illiteracy in six years. Dr. Mahamud said that there was no reason why Bihar could not root out illiteracy in five years if the campaign retained its mass basis and did not become like a Government department.

One year's experience had shown that the achievement of this task was within the range of possibility. He hoped all officers and even the Premier would teach at least 20 adults by standing at crossings just as Mustapha Kemal Pasha did and make a success of the movement. He regretted that the Secondary teachers and professors had not done much as they ought to have done.

Medals after the names of great men, living and dead, such Gandhiji, Jawaharlal, Motilal, Rajan Babu, the Imam brothers, etc., were then distributed by the Premier to workers including professors and officials who had helped the movement.—United Press.

SHE PLAYED THE GAME OF LOVE WITH ONE WHILE SHE WAS FORCED TO MARRY ANOTHER!

FATE DESERTED WHEN LOVE ASSERTED



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with

SHOBHANA SAMARTH, BIBBO, PREM ADIB, HARISH & Others.

Directed by

VEERENDRA C. DESAI AND MAHENDRA THAKORE

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Prohibition

LAUNCHED A CLERK ON THE COURSE OF TRUE LOVE AND IT DID NOT RUN SMOOTH!

MEET THE GREAT CLERICAL LOVER in HUNS PICTURES' HILARIOUS MUSICOMEDY:

A Bottle of Brandy!

(PROHIBITION VINTAGE!)

TENTH WEEK OF UNABATING MIRTH

MAJESTIC

DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
WEEK-END MATINEES: 1-45 P.M.

Distributors:—
FAMOUS PICTURES, BOMBAY 4

BOMBAY-SIND TRUNK ROAD

KARACHI, July 13.

It is understood that the Sind Government are carefully scrutinising the scheme to have a trunk road from Sind to Bombay.

In the course of an interview the Hon. Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, Minister for Public Works, entirely approved of the scheme and said that Government would be prepared to carry it out. It was necessary, of course, that the States of Kathiawar and Gujarat should co-operate since the road would pass through these territories. Accordingly, he proposed getting into touch with the respective authorities in order to have their views on the subject.

The Government are deputing their Special Roads Engineer to carry out a survey of the route, through which the road would pass in this province, so that when final arrangements are made, there would be no delay in constructing the road.—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

A verdict of accidental death was recorded by the Bombay Coroner at the inquest held to-day on Manoramabai Agashe (37), who was drowned in the sea, opposite to the Government Central Printing Press on Thursday.

Rama Shiku deposed before the Coroner that the deceased was Mr. Joshi's niece. On Thursday, she was going to have a sea bath, as it happened to be the Ekadashi day. The deceased accompanied by witness went to the seashore. While she was taking her bath, a huge wave washed her away. Witness who was on the shore raised cries.

Man Runs Amuck

A sensational story how the public at Golpitha were terror-stricken and ran helter-skelter for their lives when a middle-aged man, who was alleged to be intoxicated, started chasing people flourishing a sword in his hand and threatening to cut any one to pieces who dared to approach him and now finally two police constables on duty became victims while trying to dissuade and arrest him, was narrated to-day before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, the Presidency Magistrate of Girgaum Court.

THRILLING SITUATION.

It was at 9-15 p.m. yesterday that Police Constable (No. 2696) who was on duty at Golpitha saw Maganlal Shantilal, son of Kanji, chasing the public in the Street with an open sword in his hand waving it threateningly at everybody.

The constable waited for an opportunity to take him unaware and snatch the weapon from him. But the man was running hither and thither and the constable at first could not attempt to arrest him.

However with the aid of another constable he tried to tackle him inspite the constables had to struggle hard and at the risk of their lives caught hold of the man and with great difficulty got the weapon away from the man.

Both the constables were seriously injured and were taken to the hospital for treatment Maganlal Shantilal was secured and arrested on a charge of voluntarily causing hurt to a public servant while on duty. He was offered bail till the 27th instant at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Abdul Rehman Arabi was arrested on a charge of stabbing and was placed to-day before Mr. R. Mathalone, at the Mazagaon Court, Bombay.

It was stated that the accused went to a money-lender for a loan of Rs. 5, but as he could not get it, he abused the man. In a wordy duel that ensued the accused lost his temper and whipping out a pen knife is alleged to have stabbed the man on the head.

The accused it is alleged was helped by his associate, who is absconding.

Five Suttorias Fined

Three of six persons arrested on 20th August 1938 by Sub-Inspector N. R. Shewde of the Anti-Gambling Squad were convicted on Thursday by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, under the Gambling Act.

Shop No. 6 on the ground floor of Harichand Building, 3rd Kumbharwada Lane, was raided on 20th August 1938 and Devidas Kachara alias Devidas Bidi, Lowji Jivraj, Suraj Meram and three others were arrested.

Devidas Kachara was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150 or, in default, to undergo two weeks' rigorous imprisonment. Accused 2 and 3 were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 75 each or, in default to undergo two weeks' R. I.

The accused No. 4 to 6 were acquitted as there was no sufficient evidence against them.

Two Sattorias Fined.

Abdul Gani Ahmed and Abdul Gani Nathoo were each sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 90 or, in default, to undergo two weeks' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon, on a charge of keeping a common gaming house.

Arrested On Hornby Road

Ramanna Shetty and his wife Chikibai were arrested by Sergeant Cairns of Palton Road Police Station last night in Petit Building, Hornby Road, in connection with Sutta Gambling.

Both accused were placed today before Mr. J. M. Barot, Additional Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon Police Court, and were remanded till 21st July.

Fergusson Rd. Arrest

Binda Nauna was arrested by the Anti-Gambling Squad yesterday in the passage on the ground floor of Diamond Jubilee building at Fergusson Road in a Sutta raid.

He was placed before Mr. J. M. Barot, Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, and remanded till 26th July.

FEVER NEARLY RUINS BUSINESS

"I had three weeks in which to secure a contract," writes Mr. N. V. Rao, business man from Bandra. "Then I went down with fever. Although my progress was satisfactory I despaired of getting back to business. I couldn't eat, vomitted, lost weight. Then my doctor advised Horlicks. The change was miraculous. My strength came back. The fever weakness left me. Two days before my time expired I signed the contract. My business was saved, thanks to Horlicks."

Mr. N. V. Rao,

Bandra.

Buy Horlicks today,—available everywhere.

Will Avoid That Ageing Appearance!

The first sprinkling of grey hairs which mark the beginning of old age and the decline of youth can be avoided by the timely use of KING-COCOANUT OIL.

Nourishes the hair follicles, prevents dryness of scalp and hair, and removes dandruff. Falling hair stops, and a natural growth renewed on bald spots.

Students and brain-workers find it invaluable for keeping the head cool and the brain vigorous. Unlike ordinary perfumed Cocoanut Oils, KING-COCOANUT OIL possesses none of the objectionable properties of the former, but is exquisitely perfumed with an extract from choice fresh flowers.

The KING-Cocoanut is a yellowish red nut unlike the ordinary green nuts, and the Oil must not be confused with the ordinary Cocoanut Oil, sold everywhere.

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TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH

Wardha Scheme School Started In Poona Dist.

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, July 12.

The Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Poona, got some of their teachers trained at the Basil Training School at Loni during the four months course. With these teachers and under the guidance of Acharya Bhagwat one Basic natural school is started at Saswad in Poona District and 3 other schools at Pimple, Sufe and Bhiwadi are taken over from the School Board for the experiment.

The opening ceremony of this new experiment was made at Saswad, to-day at the hand of Prof. D. R. Gharpure, the Vice-Chancellor of the Tilak Vidyapeeth. Messrs. Deo, Tulpule, Desai, Acharya Limaye, Atitkar, the Registrar of the Vidyapeeth, Tarkunde, the Chairman of the School Board, were present among others.

The working of the new school and the exhibition were shown to the guests, after which the meeting started. Mr. Atitkar spoke of the preparations, while Acharya Bhagwat spoke of the principles of the scheme. Messrs. Tarkunde, Tulpule and Desai spoke of the future hopes of this new scheme.

Prof. Gharpure, the Chairman, thanked all who helped the Vidyapeeth in starting the work. Donations to the amount of Rs. 1,700 to the Vidyapeeth.

ON THE AIR

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Radio Orchestra 7-35 Abdul Wahid Khan 7-55 Sabiri 8-0 Benazirbai 8-30 School Broadcast.

12-0 noon Songs with A Story 1-0 p.m. Out of the Box 6-10 Patiala school Ki Gaiki 6-30 Benazirbai 6-50 Abdush Shakur 7-10 Haider Husain 7-20 Abdul Wahid Khan 7-40 Radio Orchestra 7-45 For Villagers 8-15 New Hindi Books (Hindustani) from Lahore 8-30 Bhagat Motan Das 8-40 Benazirbai 9-35 Holiday Making by Victor G. Kiernan 9-50 Abdush Shakur 10-5 Gat Paran 10-10 Benazirbai.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9.590 kc/s)

7-30 to 9-5 a.m. & 12-0 to 2-0 As In Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4.960 kc/s)

6-0 to 6-10 p.m. As In Delhi 1 6-10 Abdush Shakur 6-30 Abdul Wahid Khan 6-50 Melodies on Strings 7-5 Khayal and Thumri 7-30 Ghazal and Bhajan 7-50 Haider Husain 7-55 Abdul Wahid Khan 8-15 to 10-30 As In Delhi 1.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)

7-30 to 9-5 a.m. & 12-0 to 2-0 p.m. As In Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 10-30 p.m. As In Delhi 2.

Lahore—Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-20 p.m. Barkat Ali Khan 6-20 Shamshadbai of Delhi 6-35 Abdul Azeez Khan Beenkar 6-50 Barkat Ali Khan 7-10 Shamshadbai 7-30 Abdul Azeez Khan Benkar 7-45 For Countryside 8-15 New Hindi Books in (Hindustani) 8-30 Barkat Ali Khan 8-45 Shamshadbai 9-35 Abdul Azeez Khan Beenkar 9-50 Shamshadbai of Delhi 10-10 Mahabbat Ki Paidaish (Hindustani).

Bombay—I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-0 a.m. As in Delhi 1 8-0 Keep Fit 8-10 to 9-5 As In Delhi 1.

12-0 to 1-0 p.m. As In Dedhi 1 1-0 Market Rates 1-10 to 2-0 As In Delhi 1 6-0 Indian Recorded Music 7-5 to 7-30 As In Delhi 2 7-30 to 7-45 Commercial News 7-45 to 10-30 As in Delhi 2.

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. Instrumental Ensemble 2-15 Composition of Papanasam Sivan 2-45 Finale 6-0 For Villages 6-30 Shrimati N. C. Vasantakokilam: Vocal 7-0 Ulahappokku by R. Narayanan 7-15 Emani Achyutarama Sastri: Veena 8-0 Shrimati N. C. Vasanta Kokilam: Vocal 8-30 Instrumental Music 8-45 Emani Achyutarama Sastri: Veena.

Calcutta—I Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

10-30 a. m. Variety 12-30 With Gilbert and Sullivan 1-0 Hail Variety! 1-30 For you, Madam! 1-45 Quick way to English 2-5 Geeta 5-0 First div. football league match 6-10 Zamiruddin Khan 6-40 Renuka Roy 7-0 Rain festivity 8-5 Federal structure.2 9-10 Panchanon Bhattacharya 9-30 Pratap Chandra Brahmachari 9-45 Jnan Goswami

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)

10-30 to 11-30 a. m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p. m. As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4.840 kc/s)

5-0 to 6-10 As in Calcutta 1 6-10 For countryside 7-0 to 9-10 As in Calcutta 1 9-10 Elsa Lobar 9-30 Poor old snell 9-45 Dance music

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-0 p. m. Bhakta geets 6-15 Mujaddid Mian 6-35 Mannabai of Allahabad 6-55 Dhun Baul on Sarod and clarionet 7-0 Geets 7-15 Dehati Bhaiyon ke liye 7-45 Mujaddid Mian 8-5 Duet by two sisters 8-15 New Hindi books 8-30 Rain and thunder 8-40 If Lucknow were on air in 1839? 9-55 Mujaddid Mian 10-10 Mannabai.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

5-0 p. m. Carnatic orchestra 5-15 Shrimati Mangalammal 5-45 In lighter vein 6-0 Shrimati K. Mangalammal 6-30 Light airs 6-45 Savarajati 7-0 Shrimati Komatil Parvathi Amma 7-15 Hidden tresures, 1 7-30 Hello trunks! Get me London! 7-45 Calling our Malayalam listeners 8-30 Damodarachari 8-55 Suiral-binding, 1 9-30 Marie Salisbury 9-45 Schubert's lighter music 10-10 Vepery gospel singers.

Madras—II Programme

60.98 metres (4.920 kc/s)

5-0 to 6-0 As in Madras 1 6-0 Bhajan 6-15 Humourous skit in Telugu 6-25 Instrumental interlude 6-31 Plague 6-40 Piece from Sri Krishna Leela tarangini 6-45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1 9-30 A. Damodarachari.

Hyderabad (Dn.) Programme

(Medium Wave: 411 m.)

(730 kc/s)

5-30 p. m. Vazir bai 6-0 to 6-30 For children 6-30 N.S.B.S. Studio orchestra 6-40 Abdur Rasheed Khan 7-10 "Modern German Literature" by Dr. Waheeduddin 7-25 Vazir bai 8-25 Government press notes 8-30 Vazir bai 8-50 Abdur R. Khan 9-20 Duet by Kannayya and Pujaran 9-30 Vazir bai, Ghazals and Geet.

Peshawar—Programme

(Broadcast on 200 m. (1,500 kc/s) from 7-0 to 10-30 p.m. relaying Delhi programmes from 8 p.m.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 Welbeck light quartet 7-50 Buxton municipal orchestra 8-50 Mr. Partridge's mistake 9-30 News 9-45 London log 10-0 Dance music.

CITY'S HEALTH RETURNS

The health returns of Bombay during the 27th week of 1939, i.e. the week ended 8th July, were as under

The total mortality 517 was 21 less than in the last week and the death rate registered was 23.1 on the Census population of 1931 which compares favourably with that for the 27th week of 1938, viz. 679, and the death rate 30.4. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 539 and the death rate 24.1.

Out of the total deaths, 156 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, smallpox caused 16 attacks (including one imported from Jodhapur) and 8 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. There were 3 deaths from Typhoid. Cerebro-spinal fever caused 3 attacks but no death.

The number of live births registered during the week was 539 as against 682 for the 27th week of 1938 and 648 the quinquennial average for the corresopnding weeks in the five years (1934-1938).

VITAFIX

—Gambers' famous herbal specific for complaints of youngmen is sold on Money-back Guarantee. Available at all chemists or direct from **Brijmohan & Co., Bombay 1.** Full Course 2/12/-, Trial 1/-/-. Write at once for valuable FREE literature.

CURE **STAMMERING**

WITHOUT OPERATION within 3 or 4 weeks.

100% *Guaranteed*

SEE:

Dr. M. S. RAMI

L.D.S.

MAHAKALI CHAWL, 1st Floor, Pydhowni, BOMBAY, 3.

"A POEM IN CELLULOID!

—That is about the nearest a mind with enjoyment of the feast of ART & BEAUTY, proffered by Mr. DEBAKI BOSE in New Theatres' latest Masterpiece....."SAPERA" can get to criticism of that truly remarkable picture!

—writes "The TIMES of INDIA."

The CRITIC'S CLAIM is wholeheartedly supported by New Theatres' Fans; as the Theatre is every day drawing packed houses!

A SOUL-STIRRING DOCUMENTARY

REVEALING THE NATIVE CHARM AND MANNERS OF THE CLAN OF THE SNAKE-CHARMERS!

Directed by: SJT. DEBKI BOSE

and music by: R. C. BORAL

3 THIRD GREAT WEEK!!!

Sapera

ALIAS

The SNAKE CHARMER

STARRING:—

KANANBALA, NAWAB, PAHARI

MENAKA, K. C. DEY & PRITHVIRAJ, B. A.

TIME:—4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.

Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-45 p.m.

KRISHNA

TALKIES: DUBASH THEATRE

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17 40
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 5	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
*Deccan Queen	10 35 Mon.	17 15 Fri.

*Will not run until after end of April 1939, except before and after important holidays.

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon.)	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 03
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 32	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

London—Bombay via Poona.

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, Ahmedabad and Poona.

Arrival at Poona Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

Delivery in Bombay: Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—London.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 6-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Colombo—Bombay via Poona

Delivery in Bombay: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Singapore—Australia

Latest hours of posting: Sunday, Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay via Poona and Calcutta

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Hongkong, China and Japan

Latst hour of posting Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

The air services of the Air Services of India, Ltd., between Bombay and Kathiawar and between Bombay, Poona and Kolhapur have been suspended on account of the monsoon.

JAMIA MILLIA URDU ACADEMY

Essay Competition On Political Subjects

The Secretary of the Urdu Academy, Jamia Millia, writes:—

The Urdu Academy, Jamia Millia, Delhi, has increased the award to Rs. 250 from Rs. 200 as announced before. It shall be awarded to the best essay on each of the following subjects:—

Socialism, Fascism, Nazism, Nationalism, Capitalism, Imperialism, Mediterranean Policy, Pacific Policy, America and the World Politics, Central Europe Politics and the Political Policies in Islamic States.

LUCKNOW FIRING JUSTIFIED

LUCKNOW, July 14.

Mr. Charles, Deputy Commissioner, Lucknow who conducted the enquiry into the firing incident on July 6 in which a Shia mob was involved, delivered his judgment to-day fully justifying the firing. He declares that "if the firing was not resorted to, the consequences would have been serious, resulting in the possible overwhelming of the police force and serious danger."—United Press.

TO KEEP EMPLOYER AND UNEMPLOYED IN TOUCH

All-India Radio To Help Unemployed To Get Jobs

In a world of increasing unemployment there is a paradox that must have puzzled and amused everybody who reads a newspaper —the paradox that its "Situations Vacant" column almost invariably outspaces its "Situations Wanted" column. Yet that is a fact, and it is a pointer to the helplessness of the unemployed without means, whether educated or uneducated. The unemployed in search of a job goes to everybody except the right man who needs him, and the employer on the look-out for the right sort of man for a job he has to offer meets everyone except the right sort of man. The great point is getting the two in touch, and All India Radio, Bombay, proposes to help both the employed and the unemployed to do so in its new feature entitled "They stand and Wait", which will begin on the 2nd of August 1939 at 8-30 p. m.

In this feature, the unemployed who are unable to secure employment because they do not know where to go or whom to approach will be given a chance to explore whatever possibilities of service there may be for them. To begin with, once every month they will be interviewed by All India Radio, Bombay, before the microphone with a view to discover their qualifications and the kind of employment that they are qualified to undertake. In this way, it is hoped a great agency will be created which will work in the interest both of the employers and of the unemployed, and ultimately in the interest of the country. Greater facilities will be offered to the uneducated than to the educated, for it is the uneducated who find it more difficult to make themselves heard or known.

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED

Should a prospective employer take a particular interest in any one of the unemployed who comes before the microphone, his enquiries will be forwarded to the unemployed. It is hoped that in this way the problem of unemployment will, in some measures at least, be solved. Apart from its human appeal and the wonderful variety of characters that it may show forth, this feature should prove, from the practical point of view, exceedingly helpful to prospective employers as well as to the unemployed.

STAR FLASHES

by BRUNO

CHIEF THUNDERCLOUD, FULL-BLOODED CHEROKEE INDIAN, TOOK SUN LAMP TREATMENTS TO DARKEN HIS BODY FOR HIS ROLE OF THE APACHE CHIEF IN "GERONIMO".
WOT DOES HE SAY HIS NAME IS?
HE HASN'T SAID
REAL NAME OF THE ACTOR CAST AS THE INTERPRETER IN "SUN NEVER SETS" IS HASSAN SAID.
GARY COOPER SPENDS HIS TIME BETWEEN SCENES TAKING APART AND PUTTING TOGETHER A CHEAP WATCH HE CARRIES AROUND FOR THAT PURPOSE.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad 14, 1995
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 27, 1358
Parsi: Behman 13, 1308
Hightide: 10-57, 22-36
Lowtide: 4-03, 17-01
Sunrise: 6h 9m
Sunset: 7h 23m

S.S. "Maloja" with London mails sails at 1 p.m.

TUESDAY, July 18

Improvements Committee, 4-10 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia and New Zealand per s.s. 'Moreton Bay' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 19th instant.

Amusements Of The Day

EXCELSIOR—"Love Affair". Daily at 1, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Story of Vernon & Irene Castle." Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Mother India." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
METRO—"The Adventurers of Huckleberry Finn". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
PATHE—"The Only Way." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Old Bones Of The Rivers." Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
WEST END—"My Eyes." Time as usual.
LAMINGTON—"Punjab Mail." Daily at 4-45, 7-30 & 10-45 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 2 p.m.
MINERVA—"Mother India". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sapera." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sadhana". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"The Mill." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Vidyapati." Daily at 4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 2 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"A Bottle of Brandy." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas." Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday and Sunday at 1 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Maya Bazar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee on Saturday & Sunday at 2 p.m.

TILAK VIDYALAYA, VILE PARLE

The annual general meeting of the Past Students' Association will be held on Sunday, the 16th instant at 8 a.m. in Parle Tilak Vidyalaya.

'G' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The monthly meeting of the Managing Council of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee will be held on Sunday, the 16th instant at 8-30 a.m.

FORWARD BLOC WORKERS' MEETING

The adjourned meeting of 'B' Ward (Mandvi) Forward Bloc supporters and workers will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. at Gaya Building (Masjid Bunder Road) 1st floor.

NAMDEO PUNYATITHI UTSAV

Under the auspices of the Narli Bankar Namdeo Shimpi Mandali, Poonekar N. S. Mandali, Satarkar N. S. Mandali, Dongrikar N. S. Mandali, and Narali Bankar Namdeo S. Samaj, the death anniversary of the great Maratha Saint Shree Namdeo Maharaj will be celebrated at different places in Bombay to-day (Saturday).

SARASWAT CO-OPERATIVE BANK

The third quarterly social meeting of the members of the Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd., will be held at the Saraswat Brahmin Samaj Graha to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' PARSI UNION

A meeting of the above Union will be held on Sunday, the 16th instant at 10-45 a.m. at the Master's Tutorial High School when the subject of "To consider practical steps for the upliftment of Zoroastrian Religions" will be discussed.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The study classes of the B. N. Guards will be started from Sunday, the 16th instant at 7 a.m. at the Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MUSLIM LEAGUE

On account of the death of Mrs. Salima Faiz B. Tayabji, a member of the Committee, as a mark of respect for her memory, the Committee meeting which was fixed for 16th instant is hereby postponed to Sunday, the 23rd instant at 11 a.m. (S.T.).

SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE

Under the auspices of the Institute, Prof. R. P. Kar of the Secondary Training College, Bombay, will give a talk on "Postulates and axioms of Pedagogy" at 4-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the hall of the King George English School, Dadar.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

That "The Forward Bloc Alone Will Lead the Nation to Swaraj" will be the subject of a debate at Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. C. T. Kakodkar will propose and Mr. C. N. Rao, will oppose. Mr. J. N. S. Ayangar will preside.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Union, a Qawwali programme by Azim Premragi will be held at Sethna Hall, Nasbit Road, near Mazagaon Tram Terminus at 10 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) Members desiring to join should send in their names to the Secretaries by 8 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY

Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Mission will deliver the weekly Public Lecture on "The Physical and Subtle Bodies" (Sthula and Sukshma Sharira) at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

'SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC'

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benam Hall Lane, Bombay 4.

PURNAPRAGNA SEVA SANGH

Under the auspices of the Purnapragna Seva Sangha, there will be a musical performance by Sangeeta Vidwan K. S. Chandrasekhariah, of Mysore, to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. at Choksi Bhuvan, Matunga, G. I. P. Railway.

GIJUBHAI BADHEKA MEMORIAL MEETING

As a mark of respect to the late Mr. Gijubhai Badheka, the greatest exponent of the Montessori method and the distinguished educationist of Gujarat, a public meeting of all the citizens of Bombay will be held in the New Era School Hall, Hughes Road, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) when the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

BHAVNAGAR STATE MUSLIM SUBJECTS' MEETING

A meeting of Bhavnagar State Muslim Subjects will be held at Omer Hall (Bhendi Bazar) to collect funds and to consider other matters to defend the persons who are on trial in connection with the riot at Bhavnagar, to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (B.T.). Mr. Md. Adam Hajee Ebrahim will preside.

NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE DEBATE

That "The Congress High Command is deliberately trying to expel the Forward Bloc members from the Congress" is the subject of a public debate to be held at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, on Sunday at 10 a.m. Mr. T. K. Menon will move the proposition, while Mr. P. R. Rao will lead the opposition.

Dr. Clifford Manshardt will preside.

BALKAN-JI-BARI

Mr. C. K. Sampat and Miss Jyotsna Behn of Matunga will entertain the boys and girls of Balkan-ji-Bari at Laxmi Nagar Pavilion Hall, 10th Road, Khar, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m., after the usual programme of games, stories, etc.

DEATH OF RULER OF MALIA

The death occurred yesterday at his residence, "Zainab Manzil", Churchgate Reclamation of the Ruler of Malia State on Friday. The deceased ruler had been living in Bombay for some months for reasons of health.

A picture taken at the Journalists' Association Tea-party on Thursday.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A Suburban Man).

The talk of the suburbs is the Bombay Suburban Badminton Tournament run under the auspices of the Bandra Gymkhana.

Already, several matches have been decided both in Bombay and in Bandra, and the question of selecting the champions is rather a difficult one.

Last year R. A. D'Silva, the Bandra Gymkhana star was able to retain the championship which was really a great honour, but due to his not entering this year for reasons unknown, the fight for a new champion will be quite a hard one.

This year's tournament enlists several new competitors, most of them stars from our City's leading Gymkhana's.

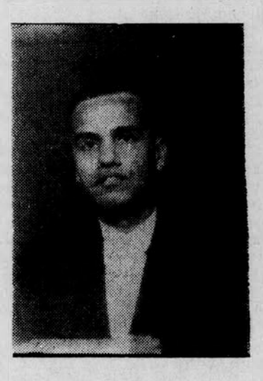
Viewing the prospects, I feel that the Suburban stars will have to put up quite a hard fight, if they expect to retain the championship as was done by their colleague D'Silva.

On both Wednesday and Thursday, several exciting matches were gone through, and the Badminton fans who flocked in large numbers both in Bombay and Bandra witnessed the game of a high order.

WIDENING OF MAHIM CAUSEWAY

The widening of Mahim Causeway or the bottle neck to the suburbs, I am told, will be definitely ready in September, 1939.

This Causeway, as it stands, is a danger not only to traffic but also to pedestrians.



Manubhai P. Vaidya, M.A., B.T., M.R.S.T. (London) has obtained M.E.D. degree of Master of Education from the University of Bombay. Mr. Vaidya is the Principal of Shree Gurukul High School, Ghatkopar.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION

Suggests Retaliation Against Ceylon

At a meeting of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association held on Thursday evening, the following resolution was passed:

"The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association views with great concern the measures proposed by the Government of Ceylon to repatriate Indians in Government service, affecting as it does over 10,000 Indian labourers who are to be repatriated on nominal gratuities and urges on the Government of India the need of taking fiscal retaliatory measures in case the Ceylon Government do not abandon their anti-Indian policy."

SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

The Special General Meeting of the Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in Dr. A. Da Silva High School, Dadar, for the consideration of the amendments to the Constitution that have been already circulated.

MASTER KRISHNARAO'S CONCERT

A special morning Concert is arranged on Sunday the 16th instant at 8-30 a.m. at Chikistak Samooha School Wagle Hall, Kandewadi, under the auspices of the Musical Art Society. By Master Krishnarao Fulambrikar (Music Director) Prabhat Film Co.

Women's Council And Peace

The Peace Sub-Committee of the Women's Council has devised a novel way of promoting knowledge and appreciation of other nations and races, with the idea in mind, that knowledge begets goodwill and the spirit of co-operation and ultimately makes war impossible.

This Sub-Committee through the Council is offering three prizes, a Fountain-pen, a pencil, and a writing pad for the best "Alphabet in Rhyme" advocating peace and goodwill, which when printed could be illustrated by children, in black and white or colours.

All interested in the Peace Movement are invited to enter for this competition. Competitors may write in English or their Vernacular and entries must reach the Peace Sub-Committee, Women's Council, Town Hall, Bombay before August 30th.

The awards will be announced and the entries shown in September at the monthly 'at Home' of the Council, and thereafter the best letters from all the alphabets will be selected to make one alphabet for printing and distribution.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SALIMA TYABJI

Condolence Messages Galore

The funeral of Mrs. Salima Tayabji, M.L.A., (Bombay) took place on Friday morning. A large number of mourners followed the bier from her residence at Warden Road to the Muslim burial ground near Thakurdwar.

Among those present at the last rites were Lady Hydari, Mrs. Maneklal Premchand, the Rev. Dr. John McKenzie, Mr. M. M. Ispahani, Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, Mr. Mahomed Suleman Cassum Mitha, M.L.A., (Bombay), Mrs. D. Visram, Mr. S. R. Dongerkery, Registrar of the Bombay University and Mrs. Dongerkery.

Mr. Faiz B. Tyabji has received a number of messages of condolence on the death of his wife.

BROAD-MINDED LEGISLATOR

K. M. Munshi's Tributes

BOMBAY, Friday.

Interviewed on the death of Mrs. Faiz B. Tyabji, the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi said: "In Mrs. Faiz Tyabji, the Province has lost one of the leading women workers and the Legislature a broad-minded member with patriotic impulses."—A. P.

"F" Ward District Congress Committee

"F" Ward District Congress Committee writes:—

From to-day (Saturday) the office of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will remain open 8 to 12 a.m. (S. T.), and 3 to 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) every day. "However on every Sunday it shall remain open from 8 to 1 p.m. (S. T.) and 2 to 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) On every Monday office shall not be open at all."

The public, the member of the Council of management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee and the authorised enrolling officers are earnestly requested to note this important change and are also requested to attend office within the above declared office hours for the work "membership books will not be issued nor received after the office time hours and so able enrolling officers are requested to come within the scheduled time.

ALL-INDIA STUDENTS' FEDERATION

Sub-Committee Meeting

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Constitution Sub-Committee of the All-India Students' Federation will meet in Bombay at the office of the Federation on Saturday, 12 noon.

The General Secretary of the Federation announces that the adjourned meeting of the Working Committee of the Federation will meet at the office of the Federation in Bombay on Sunday July 16 at 10 a.m.—United Press.

JAWAHAR CALLS ON SARDAR

BOMBAY, July 14.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru called on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel this afternoon at the latter's residence and was closeted with him for more than an hour. Approached by "United Press" after the interview, Pandit Nehru refused to say anything about the trend of discussion, as that was considered to be private.—United Press.

SARDAR IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY: Friday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee, arrived in Bombay this morning from Bardoli after attending the meeting of the Council of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee.

POONA PREPARES TO WELCOME JAWAHAR

POONA, July 13.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, India's ambassador to Ceylon, is reaching Poona in the morning of Saturday the 15th instant from Bombay.

Punditjee will go direct from station to the aerodrome at Yerwada where he will take the 'plane that may be kept ready for him.

The local Congressmen and Congress committees are arranging a fitting reception for Pt. Jawaharlal on the occasion.

"MOTHER INDIA"

COVERS THE WHOLE OF BOMBAY

The HONOUR Rare!

The Popularity Unprecedented!

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28

Twenty-Eighth Week

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"MOTHER INDIA"

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A DELUGE OF FUN AND LAUGHTER!

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EXTRA!

EXCLUSIVE Official Picture of the WORLD'S Heavyweight FIGHT BETWEEN

★ JOE LOUIS AND ★ TONY GALENTO

ROUND BY ROUND—THRILL BY THRILL!

SEE THE CHAMP KNOCKED DOWN!

BOUQUETS!

BOMBAY CHRONICLE:—
If anyone asked me for a film picturing India's Village Life, I would recommend "DURGA." If anyone wanted to see first rate acting, I would ask him to see Devika Rani in "DURGA."

FREE PRESS JOURNAL:—
As a story, "DURGA" is an artistic achievement. Dramatic in its pace, it carries with it a lyrical aroma.....I do not remember another performance by any star in any film which could be called more sincere and natural than that of Devika Rani in "DURGA."

BOMBAY SENTINEL:—
Critics have been clamouring for the representation of India and Indian life on the screen. Bombay Talkies have taken the credit for having been the first in the field in this respect. A long run for "DURGA" is assured.

SUNDAY STANDARD:—
"DURGA"....is first rate entertainment.... Devika Rani proves herself an accomplished comedienne....As a documentary film faithfully depicting the social and other conditions in a typical village, "DURGA" marks a notable departure.....

FILMINDIA:—
Praising Devika is like painting the lily..... "DURGA" has given to Devika the greatest opportunity of her acting career.....Excellent music, beautiful rural atmosphere and fine entertainment make the picture an attractive box-office....To miss it will be a misfortune.

SUCH Admiration MUST be Deserved!

DEVIKA RANI IN BOMBAY TALKIES'

DURGA

WITH RAMA SHUKUL

Supported by HANSA, AUNDHAKAR, MUMTAZ ALI, V. H. DESAI, P. F. PITHAWALA, SAROJ BORKAR.

3rd WEEK

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holi. at 1-45 p.m.

*Song Hits from "DURGA" can be heard from H. M. V. Records.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1939

MAKE IT A SUCCESS

In his reply to his critics Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has no argument to support his amazing attitude towards the prohibition plan in Bombay. He only claims that he is still a prohibitionist, that his criticism of the Bombay plan was well-intentioned and that he still wishes it success. His good intentions and wishes will not avert the mischief which his unreasonable criticism and the communal twist he has attempted to give it are likely to do. But the intrinsic weakness of his case will make the mischief but slight and transient. As regards his repudiation of the statement that as Congress President he approved of the present prohibition scheme and the taxation involved, we shall only remind him that it was on the 27th of March that as Congress President he sent a message to the Bombay Government saying: "Wish you all success in the Prohibition experiment." He could not than be unaware of the nature of the programme he had commended and the taxation proposals that had been outlined in February. Nor has he had the courtesy or the fairness to consult the Government before the thought fit run down their scheme.

Bombay's Great Lead

It is a most refreshing contrast to turn to the attitude of Pandit Jawaharlal, who heartily commends to all Congress Governments the courageous example of the Bombay Government and urges the people of the city to co-operate with Government and make the programme "a complete success, despite the prophetic prediction of certain people that prohibition would be a failure." It will be well for the people of Bombay City and suburbs to realise what a great privilege is theirs in giving a lead to the country, if not to the world, in achieving what Gandhiji rightly regards as "the greatest moral reform in the Congress programme." to make their co-operation effective the people of Bombay should carefully study the prohibition rules which Government have just published. The rules are fair to all concerned While granting all legitimate concessions to those that deserve them, Government are rightly firm on the principle of prohibition. They have anticipated and provided against most of the difficulties likely to be created by interested parties. It is up to the public to help Government in every possible way in overcoming the difficulties.

Government's Solicitude For Unemployed

It will be seen from Rule 5 that, as a relief to the licencees who may have heavy stocks on hand, Government have provided for the purchase of stock that has not become unfit for consumption at such price as the Commissioner may fix, having due regard to the price paid therefor. Rule 6 gives some relief to such of the present licensees as are willing to sell liquor to authorised persons from 1st August. Government being prepared to give them fresh licences on certain conditions. Even apart from those rules, Government have made special provision for the relief of those who may be entirely unemployed as a result of prohibition. They have appointed a Special Employment Officer to help such unemployed persons to get employment in various Government departments. They have undertaken a special building programme which will absorb a large number of the unemployed. That is not all. Many persons having approached Government for support in starting milk-bars and general recreation centres, the latter have made it a condition for support that those who are thrown out of work by prohibition are given preferential employment in the concerns. To the Parsi Prohibition Protest Committee they have addressed a separate letter inviting it to depute representatives to discuss with Dr. Gilder questions of unemployment caused by prohibition. So far the Committee has non-cooperated with Government, probably in the hope that the latter may revise their programme or at least postpone its inauguration. But Government's rules show that prohibition is definitely to be inaugurated on August 1. And the problem now is how the unemployment caused by it is to be remedied. Government have suggested liberal schemes of their own. Co-operation by aggrieved interests may suggest more. And if all concerned pull together the problem cannot but be solved satisfactorily.

Prelude To Tientsin

The latest news from Japan easily confirms the impression that the Japanese diplomacy has been engaged in giving a none too graceful turn or two to the political screw as well as the military screw with a view undoubtedly to produce the requisite effect as a prelude to the forthcoming Tientsin negotiations.

As far as the internal situation is concerned, it is not difficult to see that, whether it was a spontaneous gesture and an expression of popular feeling or whether it was stage-managed by unified Axis propaganda, the anti-British meetings and demonstrations have for one of their objects the strengthening of the Japanese bargaining power. They may well intimidate the "Moderates" amongst the Japanese leaders if not mark their weakening and eventual exit from the councils of Japan's foreign policy. But whatever role these elements are believed to play in the calculations of the Anglo-French and, to some extent, American statesmanship, Japanese leadership is united as far as some of the demands on the non-Axis Powers are concerned.

It is hardly necessary to emphasize the fact that on 5th May Mr. Arita forwarded a memorandum to the Japanese Ambassador in Germany in which it was made clear that Japan would collaborate with the Axis-partners only in a "defensive" agreement exclusively directed against the U.R.S.S. Herr Hitler has since been demanding support of Tokio in torpedoeing the Anglo-Russian understanding. But it obviously pays Japan to exert pressure of the kind suggested to gain primarily her immediate objective of the consolidation of the "New Order in Asia". The outcome of the Arita-Craigie talks hangs on the British preparedness to pay the price of bribe to Japan while Mr. Strang is marking time in company of Mr. Seeds in Moscow.

To Gain Peace, We Must Stop Hitler Now

BY WICKHAM STEED

SOME words look simple, and are not, "Peace" is one of them; "war" is another. Are we now, have we been for the past five or six years, at "peace"? Only the other day Mr. Chamberlain justified the beginning of conscription by saying that we are not living in a time of peace. So we all ask: "Where do we go from here?"

If we are ever to build peace on the hither or the yonder side of another mighty struggle, we must know what it is we want to build. Architects cannot work without a plan. They will not build a mausoleum if it is meant for a sanatorium or even for a dwelling-house.

Most of our trouble now comes from the confused ideas of the men and the nations concerned in the making of the Versailles Peace Treaty. In its way, it was not a bad treaty, whatever may be said about it by people who have never read it.

Compared with the treaties which victorious Germany dictated to Soviet Russia at Brest-Litovsk and to stricken Rumania at Bucharest early in 1918, the Versailles Treaty was a paragon of excellence.

For one thing, it set free 80,000,000 out of the 100,000,000 who had been subject to alien rule in pre-war Europe. For another, it contained the Covenant of the League of Nations.

One would search the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and of Bucharest in vain for anything similar. Their object was to place immense regions of Eastern and South-Eastern Europe under the heel of Germany for good and all.

★

The rulers of Germany, then on the top of the wave, knew what kind of peace they meant to build. They meant it to be the beginning of a German peace, of German rule over the greater part of the world.

In this sense the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest were well planned. They answered exactly to the intentions of their makers. These are now Hitler's intentions.

The makers of the Versailles Treaty, on the contrary, had no clear plan. They wanted to eat their cake and have it, too.

They wished a League of Nations to prevent war in future, but they did not wish it to rule over them, to be a super-State, an international Government. So they put into it something that once ruined the old Kingdom of Poland—the 'liberum veto'—the right of every member to say "No" to every important decision.

This was called the "rule of unanimity." It was meant to safeguard the "national sovereignty" of all the States members of the League, to make the League obedient to them, not they to it.

Peace can never be built on these lines, nor can war be prevented. The prevention of war is not peace; it is non-war, which is a very different thing.

The chief reason for the failure of the League of Nations is that the men who made the Versailles Treaty did not understand that peace must be a positive, progressive system of international helpfulness, not a mere negation of war.

So the League Covenant tried to put obstacles in the way of war-makers while recognising war as lawful after a certain procedure had been gone through.

In practice the League Covenant did not oblige all its members to stand together, as a community of nations, in stopping armed strife while quarrels were being looked into, so that justice might be done. It did not treat war as the enemy of mankind in the same way as civilised communities treat murder as the enemy of their social peace.

There is this much to be said for the men who made the League. They were taking a first shot at the target, a "sighting shot," as it were. They could not see the bull's-eye clearly enough to hit.

"War" is a pretty big target; but it can only be killed if the shot is placed in its very heart. Its heart is "national sovereignty" over armies and armaments, the right to be neutral when other nations fight, and the claim that each nation shall be judge in its own cause.

All these things will have to be surrendered to some supreme authority representing the peoples, not only the Governments, of free nations if "war" is ever **to be killed.**

We seem to-day to be very far from shooting war through the heart. Eleven years ago next month 15 nations began, and nearly 50 others afterwards agreed, to renounce war as an instrument of national policy and never to have recourse to it.

What was the result? Nation after nation made war without calling it war—Japan against China, Italy against Abyssinia, Germany against Czechoslovakia, Italy and Germany (with the connivance of the British Government) against democratic Spain.

Now Germany is making war

(Continued on page 11, col. 3)

Electing The President

By C. A. WILLIS

WASHINGTON

We Americans have a bad reputation among some people. We seem to claim always to have the "biggest ever" in whatever line we are talking about. But no one will quarrel with me when I say that U.S.A. is the most powerful political unit on this earth. Military men and economists in Washington and San Louis, and business men in New York, are watching Russia with deep interest, and seem to agree generally that she is the most powerful in an immediate military sense. But not even Stalin, it seems, claims that anyone has yet overtaken us in wealth, production, and strength of general economy.

* * * *

Therefore the election of our Chief Executive in 1940 is a world event. There is not a country in which people are not already discussing the odds on different personalities. What will be the main issues on which this election will be fought?

First are the groups of issues involved in social security legislation, government work projects, and relief. The mounting mass movement for more adequate old age pensions will be a big factor, and the principle of unemployment insurance, in which we lag behind Britain for instance, will be brought forward. The heart of any serious programme of public works must, quite evidently, be of large scale housing programme, and when we start on housing we budget for dwellings by the hundred thousand.

There will certainly be a fierce attack on the New Deal and Roosevelt's social legislation which Wall Street hates much worse than the devil. But there will be a counter-attack on Wall Street directed against the giant monopolies which run most of the country's business. The "small man" is being more and more squeezed by the big trusts, and although Coughlin has been using typical fascist slogans against the trusts in order to secure the "small man's" vote, so far there is a much greater tendency to place reliance on Roosevelt and his New Deal Liberalism. The whole question of the small farmer in the Middle West and of the share cropper, both White and Black, in the deep South is linked up closely with that of the "small man" in business and the factory employee, for it is the Wall Street octopus which feeds on all of them.

* * * *

Finally the country is facing the question of the international policy of the U.S.A., which in most people's minds resolves itself into Isolation versus Anti-Aggression. There is no large body of opinion which is in favour of the Agressive Axis powers, but there is a very powerful section which wishes to let Europe and the rest of the world stew in its own juice. Just now they are fighting a rearguard battle against the Anti-Aggressionist who are about to carry a half-way measure through Congress providing for the repeal of the Neutrality Act and enabling the U.S.A. to sell weapons on a cash and carry basis. This means, in effect, support for the democracies, because under war conditions it would not be possible for the Axis to pay cash and to carry its own cargoes of war material from America.

TWO PERSONALITIES

The shrewdness and skill with which the Russians are conducting their negotiations with Britain are said to derive from two brains. The shrewdness comes from M. Stalin; the skill from M. Molotov. The latter is the son of a clerk. He is 49 years old, broad-shouldered, with an enormous head, whose small black moustache and pince-nez give him the air of a professor. His real name is Scriabin, and he is a nephew of the famous compo-

(Continued on page 9, column 4.)

Frankly Speaking

"Treachery"

At a public meeting at Lahore the other day Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, expressed certain views on the present situation in the Congress which are shared by most Socialist and others who are generally reckoned among Leftists. With commendable frankness he stigmatised as "treachery" the attempts at creating needless splits in the Congress and to overthrow the Congress leadership. The mere over-throwing of the present leadership will not be a dire calamity if those who seek its overthrow have a better programme to satisfy the people. But the very people who talk most loudly of over-throwing the present leadership have no definite programme of their own, let alone a better programme.

Plea For Active Work

The only definite thing about the "Forward" leaders' programme is their incessant misrepresentation and denunciation of the Rightists and the glib talk of an ultimatum to the British Government, regardless of the conditions in the country, which they are making worse by their fratricidal tactics. Mr. Jai Prakash Narain expresses the view of all those who possess both insight and a sense of responsibility when he says that the necessary preparation for the final struggle has not yet been made and that while there is an awakening among peasants and workers, they are not properly and adequately organised for the purpose of a well-regulated nation-wide struggle. Mr. Jai Prakash commends "active work" to the critics of Gandhiji. But active work is the one thing which most of such critics fight shy of. It is so much easier to peck at other men's active work and to talk of ultimatums.

A Deserved Honour

The election of Sir S. Radhakrishnan to the fellowship of the British Academy is as much an honour to Britain as to him. Five Indians have so far been elected to the fellowship of the Royal Society, namely, Ramanujam, Sir J. C. Bose, Sir C. V. Raman, Dr. Meghanad Saha and Dr. Birbal Sahani. But Sir Sarvapalle is the first Indian to be elected to the fellowship of the British Academy mainly because it is a much smaller body of 150 men who only fill vacancies caused by death, whereas the Royal Society consists of about 500 fellows without, we believe, a maximum limit. We share Sir Sarvapalle's hope that more Indians will be elected to the Academy and endorse his suggestion for forming an Indian Academy including distinguished scholars in the spheres of literature, philosophy and kindred subjects.

Bihar's Lead

The report of the first year of the Mass Literacy Campaign inaugurated in Bihar in April last year is most encouraging indeed. The following figures tell their own tale. On the 31st March, 1939 there were in the province 14,259 Literacy Centres, attended by 3,18,737 men. And during the course of the year about four and a half lakhs of men learnt to read and write. Even in jails the literacy work was highly gratifying. All male prisoners below the age of 40 years attended the literacy classes in jails. To make the literacy imparted permanent Government have extended the period of instruction from six weeks to three months and have planned to start 2,500 village libraries, each library consisting of 200 Hindi and Urdu books. Altogether, the Bihar Government, and, in particular, the Education Minister, Dr. Syed Mahmood, deserve to be heartily congratulated on their success in this great venture hitherto sadly neglected, and on the excellent lead they have given to other Congress Governments.

Football Crisis

It is to be regretted that in the field of sport there should have been a crisis, such as we have seen happen in Calcutta. It is a pity that a sport which drew a hundred thousand people or more should have now to be brought in line with depressing things like communalism. The sooner the need of separating sport from controversial matters is realized the better. It is to be regretted that persons who continually fight in the political forum should be chosen to be Presidents and Secretaries and high officials of sports associations. India has yet to learn that a Prime Minister or a Finance Secretary may be a great person in his own sphere, but still he may be a nonentity in the field of sport. One has of necessity to divorce the two, otherwise sport will become a racket instead of a pleasure.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

ANGLO-AMERICAN BARTER
—Headline in Anglo-India.
Let them send over President and Mrs. Roosevelt now!

* * * *

Barter and trade agreements are in the air.

Germany, according to a Paris report, is offering trade credits to Soviet Russia.

A barter agreement for the exchange of bombing aeroplanes and ammunition is also contemplated between Japan and Soviet Russia! Or, is it?

* * * *

A terrific philosophic observation has struck the Junior Colleague: If British troops actually participated in celebrations of Bastille Day in Paris, to-morrow they may parade in Moscow on May Day and the day after fraternize with us when we achieve and then celebrate the independence of India.

* * * *

The Italian Government is angry at the transfer by France of Alexandretta to Turkey.

As a retaliatory measure we suggest the return of Abyssinia to the Abyssinians.

* * * *

Talking about Abyssinia, in that Italian colony Indians are not allowed to travel in the same trains as Europeans, besides suffering from other racial discriminations.

We make a present of it to the next fascist propagandist who may be on his way to India.

* * * *

An expedition from Warsaw is reported to have reached the height of Nanda Devi.

The Poles should look up to the Himalayas for consolation—if Danzig falls to the Nazis.

* * * *

According to a news-para published in "L'Europe Nouvelle," the Nazi General Milch had had a grand-father who was a Jew.

* * * *

Milch is touring Italy on military mission—as an Aryan. The French paper says he proved with the help of letters and documents that his father was not the son of his grandfather.

Clever fellow, the General.

* * * *

The news that the Italian Ambassador at London since promoted to gauleitership of Tyrol has brought two light houses off Sorrento is intriguing.

* * * *

The inference in 'intormed' circles is that one of the lighthouses would be placed at the disposal of the Musso-Ciano family.

The lighthouse has undoubtely a D'Annunzio touch about it.

And the ozone would no doubt put the overworked Duce into proper shape.

* * * *

He can also, of course, work off his balcony, guard-of-honour and funeral oratory on the lighthouse birds-gulls who are better than their human variety.

* * * *

WHERE'S YER CHARACTER?
Sir Vic, Warrender
Didn't surrender
The principle of character.
He stuck to his barrow
With apparent sorrow
To evade the member for Jarrow.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The more a man goes around in the world the less cranky he becomes.

Silence is the only thing that will ever improve some people's conversation.

All the world practices the art of acting.

Hunger might be defined in some cases as a necessary evil for the promotion of exercise.

Lazy men are dead to the world, but they remain unburied.

The style of beauty that a man prefers generally depends upon the girl he is with.

Danzig Asked To Get Ready

Positive Developments Expected Soon: Hitler's Instructions To Nazi Leaders

DANZIG, July 13.

An official communique states that Herr Forster and Herr Zaske had an interview with Herr Hitler lasting two and a half hours. The situation in Danzig was discussed.

The Fuhrer has sent greetings to his German brothers in the Free City.

It is unofficially reported here that Danzig has been told to get on with its preparations and a positive development may be expected soon.—Reuter.

POLISH FORCES TO REMAIN MOBILISED

France And Britain To Finance: Agreement Reached

LONDON, JULY 14.

IT IS HOPED THAT AGREEMENTS ARISING FROM THE ANGLO-POLISH MILITARY AND ECONOMIC CONVERSATIONS IN LONDON, WILL BE SIGNED TODAY ACCORDING TO THE "DAILY TELEGRAPH'S" DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT.

He understands that the British and French Governments will contribute five millions and three and a half millions sterling respectively towards a fund to strengthen Polish finances thus enabling her to keep her armed forces mobilised while Britain will further extend credits upto a total of eight millions sterling for purchase by Poland of war and raw materials.—Reuter.

Police Searches In Danzig

WARSAW, July 14.

Danzig police have arrested 70 members of an illegal German Socialist Party according to reports reaching here.

It is stated that the arrests were made after a search of various houses in which arms and explosives were found.—Reuter.

Danzig Senate Apologises To Brazil

DANZIG, July 14.

The Senate has tendered profound apologies to Brazilians.—Reuter.

Britain Getting Prepared

Press Welcomes Simon's Announcement Of New Defence Loan

LONDON, July 14.

The rising tide of Britain's astronomical defence budget and the continued calling up of men under arms is the matter of wide comment in British homes today.

The nation's newspapers naturally give yesterday's announcement in the House of Commons great prominence and impress on their readers the huge sum that Sir John Simon is likely to seek to raise by a new defence loan to be issued on a patriotic appeal to the clerk and financier alike and following Mr. Chamberlain's statement, the size of the summer mobilisation of the fighting services with reserves for manoeuvres and other training.

HUGE MOBILISATION

Figures of the number of men under arms in August and September have been printed and show that they total in the neighbourhood of half-million including 30,000 militiamen, the first batch of which is reporting for duty to-morrow.

AMOUNT OF NEW LOAN

As regards the loan financial writers freely assume that the issue will amount to 350 millions sterling or the balance of 500 millions to be borrowed after deducting 150 millions, to which proportion of Government's requirements to be met by floating debt (through Treasury Bills) are to be confined.

BRITAIN PREPARED

Referring to the coming combined fleet and air exercises as the biggest conducted by Britain in peacetime, "The News Chronicle" says that even more significant than their scope is the fact that they start this year several weeks earlier than is customary. In short, this vast concentration of Naval Power will coincide with the period of the year, when the question of peace or war is likely to be decided. Just in case Herr Hitler is preparing to make trouble, Britain is preparing to meet it.

This opinion is reinforced in "The Times" which says that it is obvious that with army training in full swing. Britain will be in a state of maximum preparedness for defence during the period of the year commonly regarded as peculiarly liable to international tension.

Discussing the burden of the defence budget "The Daily Mail" voices public sentiment aptly when it says that onerous, though it is, it will be willingly borne.—Reuter.

Liberals Retain Seat

LONDON, July 14.

In the Northern Cornwall bye-election, the Liberal Party retained its seat. The bye-election has resulted as follows:

P. L. Horrabin
(LIBERAL) ... ... 17072 votes
E. R. Whitehouse
(CONSERVATIVE) ... 15608 votes

The liberal had fought the election with the inclusion of Mr. Winston Churchill in the Cabinet as his principal plank.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

A Wonder Lamp

At a private demonstration in Glasgow in 1936 experts were amazed by the qualities of a lamp invented by a Scots chemist. Working in collaboration with an English research firm, Mr. J. Muir has produced a lamp which seems to possess limitless possibilities.

A number of white tablets, all apparently exactly alike in shape, size, and characteristics can be identified within a few seconds. Chemists can tell if drugs they are preparing are pure, and any doubt as to the kind of drug they are handling is removed after it has been under the lamp.

Police forces throughout Britain are installing the lamp as an aid to identifying blood-stains, pieces of human hair, finger-prints, and other criminal evidence. Detectives are also using its magic eye to track car thieves. Even although name-plates and numbers are scraped and obliterated from stolen cars, the rays will detect the original number on the metal beneath.

After a short exposure beneath the rays of the lamp forged notes are at once detectable, even if concealed in a bundle of genuine banknotes. The lamp can also show impurities in food, and, indeed, in almost every substance.

Articles to be examined are placed under the invisible ultra-violet ray which the lamp emits. In a few seconds these articles glow in classified colours, according to their constituents. Spurious articles or impurities, which appear genuine, immediately take on a totally "wrong" colour under the lamp's rays.

NO STRIKES AGAINST GOVT.

President Roosevelt's New Principle

WASHINGTON, July 14.

The principle that "there could be no strikes against the Government" was laid down by President Roosevelt when he was asked at a Press Conference to-day about the current series of strikes on work of relief projects. The President declined to discuss the question of paying Union wage rates to skilled workmen on relief work.

It was the abandonment of payment at Union rates on July 1 that led to the present outbreak of strikes.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT AND NEUTRALITY BILL

Insistence On Prompt Action By Congress

WASHINGTON, July 14.

President Roosevelt has completed a message to the Congress on the subject of neutrality and he is sending it to the Congress at 20.00 B. S. T.

Officials of White House would not give any indication of the contents.

It is understood that the President will again insist on prompt action on a Neutrality Bill.—Reuter.

KING APPROVES

Ministerial And Parliamentary Appointments

LONDON, July 14.

His Majesty approved of the appointment of Dr. Leslie Burgin as Minister of Supply, Col. Llewellin as Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply, Capt. Aum Hudson as Civil Lord of the Admiralty vice Col. Llewellin, Mr. R. H. Bernays as Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Transport vice Mr. Hudson and Miss Florence Horsbrugh as Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Health vice Mr. Bernays.

Miss Horsbrugh is the first woman to receive an office since the formation of the National Government.

Prior to the present announcement Dr. Burgin had only been Minister-designate.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply is a new post.—Reuter.

NAZI WRATH AT BR. PRESS

BERLIN, July 14.

The first publication of the Tyrol evacuations is made by a German news agency, which describes as "a flood of lies" the reasons given in certain British and French newspapers.

It declares that the measures are solely a question of organising systematically by mutual agreement the continuous return of Germans.

The Agency says that the number of Germans "returning voluntarily from the South Tyrol" is far less than Germans compulsorily expelled from Poland and other lands.—Reuter.

Indifferent To Italian Note On Franco-Turkish Agreement

PARIS July 14

The Italian note making reservations regarding the Franco-Turkish Agreement is received with indifference. It is probable that Government will not follow the matter up beyond formally acknowledging receipt of the note.—Reuter.

'Dhinamani' Press Strike Echoes

MADRAS, July 14.

On the prosecution filing a petition to the Court that judgment should not be delivered today in view of the disposal of two other cases under the same charges against accused for instigating two other batches of workers to picket before the "Dhinamani" Press, judgment in the case against Mr. A. S. K. Iyengar, General Secretary of the Madras Press Labour Union, was not delivered. Hearing of the pending cases has been adjourned to July 18.

Aggregate judgment for all the three cases will be delivered later. —United Press.

Bombay Premier

BANGALORE, July 14.

Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, arrived here this evening from Mysore. He is leaving for Poona to-morrow.—A. P.

ALLEGED GERMAN AGENT IN ENGLAND

"Racing Journalist" Charged Under Official Secrets Act

LONDON, July 14.

Photostatistic copies of scores of letters to and from German firms intercepted by the Post Office and of secret codes were produced in Richmond, Surrey, Police Court, during the hearing of a charge under the Official Secrets Act against Donald Adams of Richmond, described as a racing journalist.

Lieutenant Colonel Cooke of the Intelligence Department of the War Office was in court. The prosecution alleged that during visit to Germany, Adams got into touch with agents of the German Espionage Organisation, operating against Britain and from that time was a paid agent in that Organisation. On January 20, a packet sent by Air Mail addressed to Karl Readler and Company was stopped and opened and was found to contain a copy of "Infantry Training in War, 1937".

A Government publication, which, said the prosecution, would have been of use to a potential enemy. The prosecution alleged that other correspondence intercepted by the Post Office showed that information was sent to Germany and that coming from Germany asked for information and enclosed money. An offer to meet Nazi Air Pilots and Liner Captains and collect parcels from them was also alleged.—Reuter.

PARIS GOES CRAZY OVER BASTILLE CELEBRATIONS

Fr. President's Tribute To Br Troops

PARIS, July 14.

British uniforms can be seen to-night among the gay crowds on the boulevards, which are beflagged in preparation for to-morrow's "Greatest Ever" Bastille Day Celebrations.

Paris has gone British and the celebrations are being treated as a vast demonstration of Franco-British Friendshij.

Union Jacks as well as Tricolours are flying from roofs, lamp-posts, doors and windows; while the newspaper "Paris Soir" appeared this evening with a Union Jack printed at the top of its front-page.

Brokers in the Bourse had to shout themselves hoarse this morning in an attempt to do business despite the blare of a great loud-speaker set up in the street in preparation for all-night dancing.

After to-morrow's two-hour Military review, followed by a luncheon given by President Lebrun the Celebrations will reach their crowning point in the evening with an imposing ceremony on the new terrace of the Trocadero, at which M. Daladier will deliver an important speech.

As the last 'plane disappeared the parade began with a group of athletes dressed in White. This was followed by a military parade and excitement among the crowd estimated at over a million grew to fever pitch at the sight of the Irish Guards, leading the British Contingent wearing their famous bearskins.

MARCHPAST

Gen. Billotte, the Military Governor of Paris, mounted on a horse led the Marchpast of 30,000 men, representing France's strongest defence forces. A picturesque note was still there with the white-plumed Kepis of St. Cyr Cadets and the wide white pantaloons of the Zouaves, the Spahis in flowing Burnous on Arab steeds and the Alpine troops with skis on their shoulders. Armoured cars, guns on caterpillers and numerous tanks testified to the part the mechanised army plays in modern warfare.—Reuter.

COMPANIONS OF GLORY

PARIS, July 14.

M. Lebrun, President of the French Republic, has telegraphed to the King: "The wonderful bearing of the British troops has won the admiration of all. It is with profound emotion that twenty years after their passage under the Arc De Triomphe, Paris again welcomes these companions of glory, whose presence is a symbol of the solidarity and community of idealism of the two nations".—Reuter.

American Bomber Flying-Boat Arrives

LONDON, July 14.

The American fifteen-ton bomber flying boat arrived at the R.A.F. base at Felixstowe at 6-15 a.m. after crossing the Atlantic from Newfoundland in 15 1/4 hours.—Reuter.

"Brazen Lies & Vile Slander"

Russia Denies Use Of Poison Gas & Bacteria Bombs In Frontier Fight

MOSCOW, July 14.

The Japanese Kwantung Army's allegations that Soviet Mongolian troops used poison gas and bacteria bombs in the recent fighting on the Manchukuo-outer-Mongolian Frontier are vigorously denied in a communique issued from the Soviet Mongolian Military Headquarters.

It calls the allegations "brazen lies and a vile slander."

The communique says, "all attacks were repulsed in the fighting from June 7 to July 12. The Japanese Manchukuo troops suffered 2,000 killed, three to five hundred wounded and they lost sixty-one 'planes; while 293 Soviet Mongolian troops were killed 653 wounded and eleven 'planes were lost.

Two infantry divisions supported by hundred tanks, cavalry and other motorised troops participated in the fighting. "It is alleged that 199 Japanese 'planes have been brought down between June 5 and July 12."—Reuter.

FRANCO TO VISIT ITALY AND GERMANY?

PARIS, July 14.

General Franco has accepted Count Ciano's invitation to go to Rome in September, according to a Madrid message.

It is also possible that during the same journey General Franco will visit Berlin in response to Herr Hitler's invitation.

Italian circles in Madrid state that Sgr. Mussolini has let it be understood that if Gen. Franco goes to Italy he will later proceed to Madrid.—Reuter.

FOREIGNERS SPREAD UNTRUE REPORTS

Italian Journal's Charge

ROME July 13.

"Untrue reports" that German troops were swarming into Italy over the Brenner Pass are stated by the newspaper "Piccolo" to have been the chief reason for closing Balzano province to foreigners.

The newspaper adds that these reports are said to have come from special agents posted in the region to watch movements of troops.—Reuter.

TWENTY YEARS FOR TWO MEN

Sentences Under Explosives Act

LONDON, July 14.

Two more twenty year sentences were inflicted at Birmingham Assizes for offences under the Explosives Act, namely on Martin Patrick Clarke and Lawrence Dunlea. Three Irish women were also sentenced to five, three and two years respectively. One woman, who was sentenced to two years was aged 77. The Judge expressed regret at having a person of her age to deal with but he said that the public must be protected.—Reuter.

GIRNA CANAL IRRIGATION RATES

Deputation Waits On Mr. Nurie

POONA, July 13.

A deputation of agriculturists from the Girna Canal area, in Nasik District, waited on the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for Public Works yesterday afternoon, and placed their grievances before the Minister relating to irrigation dues. They represented that the coercive process used for the recovery of dues of last year be postponed till December end and the other dues be written off and also urged reduction of the irrigation cess by 50 per cent.

They further pointed out the disparity between the rates charged to the Sugar Factories and other irrigators. Whereas the latter were charged Rs. 43 per acre, the former were charged only Rs. 28 and pleaded for the removal of the anomaly.

The Hon. Minister gave the deputation a patient hearing and promised sympathetic consideration of the grievances presented by the agriculturists.—A. P.

MORE POLITICALS JOIN HUNGER-STRIKE

CALCUTTA, July 14.

Five more political prisoners lodged in the Alipore Central Jail commenced hunger-strike to-day bringing the total number of hunger-striking politicals to 84.—United Press.

Japanese Challenge To Britain

No Removal Of Barricades Before Satisfactory Reply To Tokio's Note

SHANGHAI, July 14.

THE British Consul-General, Tsingtao, has called on the Japanese Consul-General and asked whether it could be assumed that the Japanese would protest the British during the demonstrations planned for Saturday.

The Japanese replied that protection will only be given if no protest are lodged and no damages claimed concerning recent Anti-British demonstrations.

It is understood that the British Embassy has referred the matter to the Foreign Office asking for guidance whether to accept the conditions or risk the consequence of refusal.

JAP. ARMY AUTHORITIES' DEFIANT ATTITUDE

Protest Against Barricading Of Br. Managed Factories Rejected

TOKIO, July 13.

Japanese army authorities in Shanghai according to the Domei Agency have rejected the protest by British authorities in connection with the isolation of three British managed factories by erecting barbed wire barricades.

The Japanese authorities state that the barricades will not be removed until the British authorities answer satisfactorily the Japanese note of last November with regard to the conduct of the factories, laying down conditions on which Japanese army authorities would permit the reinstatement of 40 factory hands in the plants of two of these companies which are in the area under Japanese control.

The British Consul-General in protesting against the barricading of the factories declared that these conditions were not acceptable.—Reuter.

BRITISH DESTROYER FOR TIENTSIN

SHANGHAI, July 14.

The British destroyer "Diamond" has arrived at Tsingtao where, according to foreigners arriving in Shanghai from there, the Japanese-sponsored agitation for boycott of British goods is the outstanding feature of the anti-British campaign.

On the plea of safeguarding health British ships entering Tsingtao are being detained at least 24 hours in quarantine before being allowed to discharge passengers and cargo. One British ship was detained for three days for no valid reason.—Reuter.

FIRE-CRACKERS FOR BRITISH CONSULATE

SHANGHAI, July 14

Another vexation is the refusal of authorities to supply water to new houses, mostly British-owned along the waterfront. Accounts of foreigners arriving from Tsingtao show that anti-British disturbances at Tsingtao on Tuesday were even more serious than reported at the time.

Japanese naval guards stood idly by while a crowd including many Japanese showered stones and firecrackers on the Consulate. All windows of the Chartered Bank were broken with stones.—Reuter.

ATTEMPT TO RUSH BR. EMBASSY CHECKED

TOKYO, July 14.

Two attempts of 4,000 demonstrators returning from an anti-British rally to break into the grounds of the British Embassy were prevented by the police. The demonstrators found the maingates to the Embassy closed and a force of several hundred police drawn up three deep passively obstructed their attempts to enter. The crowds cheered orators, who incited them to rush the gates, and threw scores of Japanese flags and some brickbats in the Embassy compound.—Reuter.

SIR ROBERT TO MEET ARITA

TOKYO, July 14

A Foreign Office spokesman states that Sir Robert Craigie has been invited to meet Mr. Arita on Saturday for preliminary official conversations regarding Tientsin.—Reuter.

EMERGENCY PREPARATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

Measures To Help Civilian Population

LONDON, July 14.

Three hundred thousand beds will be required for Civilian casualties in case of emergency and provision is contemplated of a large number of base hospitals outside towns and the use of the existing hospitals for casualty clearing purposes.

These facts are revealed in a white paper reviewing the progress of the Government's plans; 181 mental hospitals, public assistance institutions and sanatoria are being reorganised as casualty base hospitals; 1,200 motor buses will be convertible at 24 hours' notice into ambulances. 226,000 stretchers have been ordered, most of which have already been distributed and big orders have been placed for drugs, dressings, tetanus antitoxin, surgical instruments and utensils.

Arrangements have been made to provide the requisite number of doctors and nurses and a panel of prominent doctors and surgeons has been appointed to advise the Government on the emergency schemes.—Reuter.

ATTEMPT TO RAISE "SQUALUS" FAILS

PORSTMOUTH (New Hampshire), July 14.

After weeks of preparation a bid was made to-day to raise the American submarine "Squalus."

Most of the craft was raised from the bottom by means of seven pontoons but the stern which was heavy with water at first refused to budge. After four hours work officers flashed a message to the mainland apparently indicating that the stern was raised 85 feet, but just as success was in sight the submarine suddenly broke loose and plunged back to the ocean bed.—Reuter.

Attempt To Raise "Phenix" Fails

SAIGON, July 14.

An attempt to raise the "Phenix" has failed owing to the snapping of the lifting cables.—Reuter.

Aged Man Commits Suicide?

Nama Balaji Laxman Dalvi, aged 70 is alleged to have committed suicide by hanging himself in the bath room of a chawl at Kelewadi on Friday morning. It appears that he was suffering from chronic illness and therefore ended his life in disgust.

Denabank 3½% Interest earning 6 - Year Cash Certificates

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"Invest Rs. 8½ and Receive Rs. 10"

Also, 3 Years Certificates earning 2-3/4 per cent. interest.

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Elphinstone Circle and Thakurdwar, BOMBAY.

Co-ordination In National Planning

Office-Bearers Of Sub-Committees Establish Contact

BOMBAY, July 14.

An informal meeting of the Chairman and Secretaries of the various Sub-Committees of the National Planning Committee was held this morning at the Secretariat. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presided.

Among those present were Prof. K. T Shah, General Secretary, Sir M. Visveswaraya, Mr. Manu Subedar, Sir R. M. Chinoy, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Col. S. S. Sokhey, Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai and Rani Lekshmibai Rajwade.

The object of holding this meeting was to put the Chairman and Secretaries in touch with the general line of work of the National Planning Committee, so that the work of each Sub-Committee might be co-ordinated with the other, and also that each Sub-Committee should appreciate not only the scope of its own activity, but the scope of the National Planning Committee.

CO-RELATION PLANS

The "United Press" understands that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Chairman, and Prof. K. T. Shah, General Secretary, addressed the meeting and informed those present that the Central Office of the Committee would help the Sub-Committees and supply them such information as was available. In order to co-relate the work of each Sub-Committee with the other, it was decided that the minutes of each Sub-Committee should be circulated among other Sub-Committees, through the Central Office. It was also decided at the meeting that each Sub-Committee should send a brief preliminary report of their method of work, and the objectives that they were aiming at within two months. This brief report should be sent to all Sub-Committes for their information, so that each one of them might know what the others were doing. This report was not to be an abstract of their future reports, but an indication of their general outlook, objectives and methods of work. It was, however, not be considered as binding.

JOINT MEETINGS

It was further decided that Sub-Committees dealing with light subjects might hold joint meetings. The final report of each Sub-Committee should have an abstract of that report attached to it. The meeting decided that if any information was required by a Sub-Committee from a Provincial Government or State, the Sub-Committee could approach that Government or State directly for this information in order to save time. But all copies of such letters must be sent to the Central Office.

NEXT MEETING IN ALLAHABAD

The "United Press" understands that the next meeting of the Chairman and Secretaries of the Sub-Committees will be held at Allahabad on August 3 next.

The National Planning Committee has issued a brochure containing information about the Committee and its work including lists of Sub-Committees, terms of refererne, questionnaire, etc. This has been sent to all members of the Sub-Committees, Provincial Governments and States.—United Press.

A Short Story

SIX-GUN LAW

By VIC YARDMAN

Within two months three banks located in the Red Canyon Valley were held up and robbed. In each case a man was killed. Five ranch houses, also located in the valley were plundered. A rancher's wife was assaulted. Two cowboys were shot down in cold blood.

The bandits each time escaped into the hills, leaving no traces behind them, no clue as to the location of their hideout. Posse after posse led by Sheriff Will Austin, combed the hills, but combed in vain. The outlaws had vanished, covering their trail completely.

At length Ray Halifax, wealthiest rancher in the valley, called a meeting of all the Cattlemen and bankers located in the valley. This was the day of vigilantes, a day when men resorted to emergency measures and took the law into their own hands when necessary. Ray Halifax wanted a vigilante committee formed now.

Sheriff Will hooked his thumb in his belt and rolled his cigar between his lips. He was a hard man, patient, relentless in the performance of his duty.

"I ain't objecting none, Ray. I admit I ain't been so successful, but I don't see how a vigilante committee is going to do any better than my posses. We're pretty nigh certain that Wildhorse Sharon and his gang are committing all these depredations, but that don't get us no closer to locating him."

"If we make it a business it will. We'll stick on their trail till we run'em down!"

The sheriff shook his head. "Take weeks. Whilst we're up in the hills like as not Wildhorse will strike at our unprotected ranches. Nope, we gotta think of a better plan."

Young Avery Ober, who had been back East to study at a school there and had returned to help his father on their ranch, hitched up his belt and stepped forward. "I know you men don't lay much store by a college education. You can't see how it helps to raise cattle O.K. I won't argue that. But there's something else I learned. Something about human nature. A man like Wildhorse is by now pretty conceited, pretty sure of himself. It would be easy to fetch him to us rather than us going to him."

The men waited, skeptical but hopeful. Avery continued: "Suppose a rumour got around that all us ranchers were scared of Wildhorse and brought our money into the Sadler Savings bank and left it there for safe keeping, because that bank was strong and hadn't been the object of a raid. Wildhorse hears the story and his mouth begins to water and he plans a final raid, with the idea of clearing out of the country thereafter.

"He stages the raid and we're waiting for him. Two men from every ranch, and the townspeople. Ready and waiting no matter how

Posse after posse, combed the hills, but in vain.

long it takes."

It made sense. It smacked of logic. It was a good chance. It was the only chance. So the next day a cowboy from the Swinging W got drunk in the Twin Door saloon and dropped a remark to a Mexican, and the Mexican told some friends and the friends told others. The story spread and with each new telling the size of the amount of money that would soon be deposited in the Sadler bank grew.

A week passed, ten days. The men who had been appointed to remain in town under cover were relieved by others, and these in turn were relieved by still more. Then one day a lookout on the top floor of the hotel reported a band of men riding into the north end of town.

The riders came leisurely, looking like cowboys in for a spree. They stopped in front of the bank. Four dismounted and headed for the door. Others sat their horses, appearing indifferent, looking around. Still others were across the street, waiting, squatting in the shade, saddled horses handy.

A shot rang out. It came from Ed Jergen's store across the way. One of the four on the bank steps screamed, flung up his hands and pitched headlong. The others whirled, guns out, alarm on their faces, narrowed eyes searching for a target. But the street was empty. Empty of movement, but suddenly filled with sound.

From windows, from doorways from rooftops guns blazed, six-guns cracked. The bandits raced toward their horses, guns belching lead, but hitting nothing. The bandits, who had been on guard shouted warnings, fired aimlessly, deserted their comrades and headed out of town. They were met at the north end by a fusillade of shots. They turned, charged back, ran the gamut of blazing guns and hot lead

The scream of wounded men mingled with the tortured cry of horese, the cries of both being drowned by the firing. Dust rose from the street, mingling with the blue of gun smoke. Men lay in the dust. Dead men. Wounded men. None of those bandits who had dismounted remained alive. Of those who were still a horse only five remained. These five terror-striken raced for the south end of town. It was like racing into hell.

Bullets screamed at them, intercepted their progress. Two men were down. Another was dismounted. The remaining pair whirled their horses, looked widely about, then screamed in their maddened fright for mercy. They dropped their guns and lifted their hands. Thy admitted defeat. But the hot lead still poured from windows and doors and rooftops. Revenge. No bandit would be allowed to live. Not the men who had killed unmercifully assaulted women and tortured prisoners to make them reveal the hiding places of loot.

This was the West. The old West. Men took the law into their own hands. This was law. The law of the six-gun.

When the firing finally ceased there was not one of the outlaws left to tell the tale. Only the men who had been appointed to wipe out the bad men and had done their duty.

Jai Prakash Says Country Not Ready For Struggle

ATTEMPT TO OVERTHROW CONGRESS LEADERSHIP WOULD BE TREACHERY

LAHORE, July 11.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, while addressing a big public meeting at Lahore to-night explained the position and programme of the Congress Socialists 'vis-a-vis' the present situation in the country and the attitude of the Party towards the internal split in the Congress. He spoke for more than two hours during which time he did a bit of plain speaking. S. Kishen Singh, M.L.A., presided.

The General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party declared that though in view of the present international situation it was a very opportune moment to launch a fresh struggle for independence, he confessed that the country and at any rate the brave Province of the Punjab was not prepared for the struggle. He admitted that there was general awakening in the country but that was not enough. He was clear in his mind that the struggle which would be started now would be a final struggle and they would have no truce or pacts with the British Government. Mr. Jai Prakash Narain had no hesitation in saying that the necessary preparation for that struggle had not yet been made. Even the Socialists had organised neither the peasants nor the labourers properly. In fact they had no influence or control over the peasant and labour organisations. He, therefore, suggested that instead of giving any ultimatums they would be well advised to organise the peasantry and the labourers in the country more especially the labourers on the Railways, on the docks and other concerns under Govenmental control. After they had organised the peasants and labourers they would be having the power and the strength to launch a struggle even without Gandhiji.

It was no use criticising Gandhiji and other leaders for not launching a struggle at the present moment. The best course for them was to do active work in all the spheres and create strength to fight their last battle under the Congress.

ATTEMPT TO CREATE SPLIT CONDEMNED.

The General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party condemned all attempts at creating split in the Congress on minor matters and trying to organise groups for the main purpose of fighting or overthrowing the Congress leadership.

Such an attitude he characterised as amounting to treachery. Unity in the Congress and unity in the Congress leadership were most essential for the Congress to continue to wield the influence it had hitherto done. There was no question of any member of the Congress Working Committee or the Congress entering into a compromise with the British on the issue of Federation. So no split should be created on that issue. He explained the attitude of the Socialist Party towards the Congress leadership and said the Party never acted as a party in opposition to overthrow the present leadership but always acted with a view to influence the Congress policy and he claimed a lot of success in that mission.

Explaining why the Party remained neutral at Tripuri Mr. Jai Prakash said that unity in the Congress was the foremost consideration and they also did not want to take the responsibility of helping to defeat a resolution which would have had far-reaching consequences.

The meeting adopted a resolution mourning the death of Dr. Dharam Vir and demanding release of Political Prisoners in Bengal.—"Tribune."

BENEFITS OF REMISSIONS

Govt. Instruction Sequel To Attitude Of Superior Holders

The Public Relations Officer writes:—

It has been brought to the notice of Government that some superior holders are unwilling to accept remissions of land revenue on account of slump in prices and some Collectors have consequently referred the point to Government for instructions as to the manner in which in such cases benefits of remissions should be passed on to the inferior holders under Section 84-A, Land Revenue Code.

The Collectors have, therefore, been informed that orders regarding remission to superior holders should be passed irrespective of the fact whether they are willing to avail of them or not. Concessions should also be ordered to be given to inferior holders in accordance with the orders in Government Resolution, No. 5710/28, dated the 24th May 1939.

Thereafter, although a superior holder may not intend to take the benefit of remission in his favour and may prefer to pay the land revenue in full to Government, the inferior holders in whose favour the Collector has passed an order under Section 84-A, extending the benefits of such remission cannot be required by the superior holders to pay the full amount of rent or land revenue. Under Section 84-A, the remissions to inferior holders in consequence of the remissions granted by Government to superior holders remain unaffected by the refusal of the latter to avail of such remissions.

The Collectors have also been informed that if they find that if any superior holder has collected rent in contravention of the orders issued by them under Section 84-A, they should enforce the penalty provided under sub-Section 4 of the Section 84-A, of the Code. Under sub-Section 5 of Section 84-A, such superior holder will also not be entitled to any relief in a civil court or by way of assistance suits.

The Collectors have also been requested to take steps to inform the inferior holders that they are not bound to pay to the superior holders the amount of rent remitted in their favour by them under Section 84-A, and that if they have already paid rent or land revenue to the remission of which they are entitled, they can recover the amounts remitted by resort to civil court, if the superior holders do not refund those amounts.

Dr. Nanasahib Gokhale of Poona, who went to Europe last year, secured the diploma of T. D. D., of the Wales University. Recently he returned to India.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, You'll Have to Admit, at Least Jeff's a Horse-Tr[illegible]oing General By BUD FISHER

SIR, WHY DON'T YOU SALUTE YOUR SUPERIOR OFFICER? DON'T YOU KNOW WHO I AM?--I'M THE ADMIRAL!
WHO?
THE ADMIRAL! YOUR SUPERIOR OFFICER! DON'T YOU KNOW ENOUGH TO SALUTE ME, COMMANDER OF THE FLEET?
PUSH THAT SLOOP OUT OF THE WAY - THE ADMIRAL'S COMING IN!
WATER YOUR HORSES
WELL, WHAT DO YOU EXPECT, ADMIRAL, ELEANOR HOLM!
WATER YOUR HORSES

Mother! Here's the Friend you often need

Cuticura is the World's finest healer of minor or serious skin troubles. Use it to allay soreness and draw out inflammation. Apply it to cuts, grazes, scratches and pimples and you need never fear gathering or septic poisoning. To prevent blistering and to cool the fiery pain of scalds and burns Cuticura Ointment is unbeatable. So powerful is its healing action that it arrests a tormenting itch instantly and chronic eruptions vanish after a few applications.

Sample of Cuticura Ointment, Soap and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

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11''' size "KEEPSAKE" 15 Jewel movement

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Now these models have been produced in a new size and in a new improved shape. All the old reliable qualities remain and the only differences are that you can now buy these old favourites in another size and in a modernized style. These new handsome models sell at extremely favourable prices — and, remember, you are buying a tested, guaranteed time-keeper.

11''' size "KEEPSAKE" 15 Jewel movement (Illustrated above)
West End Patent Everbright Steel .. .. .. Rs. 30
Rolled Gold, 10 years' quality Rs. 36
9-ct. Solid Gold .. .. Rs. 58
18-ct. Solid Gold .. .. Rs. 94

Nickel case with West End Patent Everbright Steel back. (Illustrated on right.)
12''' size "Matchless" quality, 15 Jewel Movement .. Rs. 25
12''' size "Sillidar" quality, 15 Jewel Movement .. Rs. 27

12''' size "MATCHLESS" 12''' size "SILLIDAR" Both models as illustration

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IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY
ANÆMIA use Deschiens' Syrup
Already 30,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.
INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France)

Munshi Exposes Bose's Fallacies

(Continued from Page 1.)

levying a heavy tax. He forgets that Prohibition will put two crores of rupees in the pockets of the starving poor; that property tax will replace the tax which the poor are paying. Perhaps when he says people are starving, he thinks of the visitors to the Taj and the Clubs who will starve, because they will have no drink to digest their food with.

HEAVY CONSUMPTIONS BY INDIANS

"It is stated that the Europeans use 2.3 of the total foreign liquor consumed in Bombay City and Suburbs. It is difficult to separate figures by communities. But the deputation of European Association that waited on Government estimated that 4,000 Europeans would apply for permits. Even if we take the maximum allowance of 7 units per month, they would consume 3.36 lakhs of units for year against a total consumption of 10.80 lakhs of units. The military consume 40 thousand units. Thus the Europeans, civil and military, only consume 35 per cent., just a little over one-third. The rest is consumed by Indians and other foreigners whose bumper is small.

"The revenue aspect has also been miscalculated. The latest estimate show that if poor people are to be saved the revenue to be sacrificed would be 90 lakhs. Bombay's revenue from foreign liquor is 15.59 lakhs. This must be raised to 1,05.59 lakhs before Subhas Babu's scheme can be put through. To this, must be added the charges of prevention: 15 lakhs. Thus the present consumers of foreign liquor should be prepared to pay 1,20 lakhs instead of 15, before this interesting experiment can be made. They will have to pay 8 times more revenue. The price of such liquor will go so absurdly high that the law of diminishing return would come into operation; the revenue will have to be derived from a smaller number of individuals, whose burden would be so great as to directly invite a collapse of the scheme.

THE MORAL ARGUMENT

"But if Government did this, where goes the moral background of the whole movement? Prohibition is bad for the poor, but good for the rich—is it the principle to be accepted by any sane Government? Indian liquor is morally bad, but foreign liquor morally defensible! Lying in a gutter would be a crime in Parel, but staggering home from a club a badge of licensed respectability on the Marine Drive!

HELPING THE MASSES

"Law can only be based on uniform applicability. There cannot be one law for the poor and another for the rich. Moral basis can only, be one for the rich and the poor. And the solemn pledge of total prohibition which we swore as Congressmen will have to be torn up and thrown to the winds. Can we then stand before the people of the City and the country, before conscience and God that we have discharged the solemn duty with which we were charged by our constituency and the Congress?

Mr. Munshi pointed how last year the Government by its labour policy put Rs. 45 lakhs into the pockets of the poor. This year it was putting Rs. two crores more by Prohibition.

PARSIS LESS HIT

Proceeding Mr. Munshi said:—

"Incidentally Subhas Bose talks about the Parsis. He says: One community is directly affected; a large number of its people will be thrown into the streets; and the cruel Bombay Government has no consideration for the community. Figures show that the Parsi community is not going to be vitally hit. There are 360 Parsi licensees, several of whom are very well to do; and not more than 400 Parsis out of 60,000 (men, women and children) in a city and suburb of 13.5 lakhs will go out of employment by reason of the Prohibition policy. In fact, the Parsis are much less hit than the Hindu licensees who are comparatively poor, and thousands of Bhandaris who have for generations lived on tapping toddy. Parsis are rich, powerful and organised, and they will be able to help their men, while the Hindus have no such organisation to soften the hardship of their brethren. But to say that one community will be hit more than any other is an absurd parrot cry which has been fashionable in Bombay in some communal papers, and has now found its way into the mouth of a leading Congress spokesman, showing clearly, if need be, who prepared his brief!"

SOMETHING GEOGRAPHICAL

"But then comes the geographical argument which nobody ever thought of before. 'Bombay will be a dry island in a wet surrounding'. Unless Subhas Babu means by "wet surroundings" the sea, Bombay will not be a dry island in a wet environment. The island of Bombay up to the Thana creek is going to be dry; Trombay is going to be dry. Karachi and Aden are too far away to affect Bombay; and Ratnagiri across the creek will go dry next year. But he says, a maritime area is a difficult place for Prohibition! Assuming it is, are we going to make the whole of India dry and leave their maritime places wet?

Is it Subhas Babu's idea that all the coastal towns and villages should be left untouched by this policy? If it is a difficult place, that is all the more reason why we should try to overcome the difficulty first. We are in dead earnest about Prohibition. We are not playing with it. We are determined to solve difficulties first and it is for the first time that I learn that a leader who swears by revolutionary methods shudders at such difficulties. He sees no reasonable chances of success in Bombay. Why? Who told him that? Why did he not ask the members of Government; the officers who are working to make it a success; the persons who have been studying this question for the last six months day and night? Why was he shy of consulting them before delivering his attack? Why did he not call upon the Bombay Ministry in February last not to embark on so poor a scheme? Why was the scheme good till in search of a "Forward Bloc" he abdicated at Calcutta?

WHO ARE THE GENERAL PUBLIC

"But you must have the general approval and good will of the people," says he. Which people does he mean? Are the bulk of Hindus, who do not drink, and the Muslims, who forswear drink against prohibition? Are Christians, who recently in a large meeting supported Prohibition against it? But I can guess the people from whom he got his impression. They are the persons who disapprove of it. But they are not the general public. They are the men who have either to pay for their costly houses or who carry on a nefarious trade.

But Subhas Babu would not stop at that. He wants the Bombay Government to be non-violent and as a specimen of their non-violence not to have total prohibition, but only pursue a policy of gradualism in their policy. If there is one man who knows about non-violence if there is one man who has preached and practised it all his life; if there is one man who has converted non-violence into a potent social force, it is Mahatma Gandhi. And he wholeheartedly supports the policy of Prohibition of the Bombay Government. Why is it that Subhas Babu who makes light of non-violence in politics has suddenly fallen in love with it in matters of drinks? In March last, he congratulatd the Ministry in introducing Prohibition in Bombay City. Not four months are over and he has taken a somersault. I admire him for his accrobatics. I offer him by congratulations. It is well known that the rich propertied owners and the licensed liquor dealers have used his arguments before him; now Sjt. Bose uses them; and I wish him joy of the strange bed fellows he has got."

CALL TO PEOPLE

In appealing for the wholehearted support of the people in order to make Prohibition a complete success Mr. Munshi said that if prohibition failed and if they found that the faith with which the Ministry had launched the scheme was unjustified, they were prepared to go back into obscurity but they would do so with firm faith that they had honestly attempted to achieve something which was in the best traditions of the country.

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PROHIBITION AND UNEMPLOYMENT

Parsi Representatives Asked To See Dr. Gilder

The Government of Bombay have addressed a letter to the Parsi Prohibition Protest Committee, in reply to its second letter, requesting the Committee to depute two representatives to meet the Hon. Dr. M. D. Gilder, Minister of Health, and discuss with him the question of unemployment incidental to the policy of Prohibition as well as matters relating to an authorisation for the use of liquor for sacramental purposes.

In this connection, Government have stated in their rules governing Prohibition in Bombay City and the suburbs that the authorisation will be granted on the authority of a person or persons who are approved by Government and who, consistently with the religious tenets of the community to which the person applying for an authorisation belongs, exercise control over sacramental matters relating to such community. If there are no such persons in any community, the authorisation will be granted on the recommendation of such member or members of the community as may be approved by Government.

BHANDARIS' FATE IN SUSPENSE

S. K. Bole Appeals To Mahatma To Intervene

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole has sent a letter to Mahatma Gandhi regarding the question of unemployment of the Bhandaris that may likely result from the prohibition policy of the Bombay Government. He wants to know whether tapping and sale of fresh toddy or Nira are outside the pale of prohibition policy and programme of the Bombay Government.

He refers to his interview with the Prime Minister and says that he has been told that the Government has framed no schemes to meet the unemployment question regarding the Bhandaris in the trade. He says that the demands that the Bhandaris have made in their petition to the Government are very moderate and reasonable. They have also accepted the underlying principle in launching prohibition. The letter ends with a request to the Mahatma to intervene in the matter and save the lives of thousands of Bhandaris whose fate is in suspense.

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD TOURNAMENT

The Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament which is conducted by the Indian Football League at Parel, will commence on Saturday, July 22. So far H. V. M. Sports, Burmah Shell, Matunga Athletic, St. Xavier's College, Khatau Sports, B. B. and C. I. Railway, "Times of India", Y.M.C.A., Blue Rangers and St. Francis among others, have sent in their entries. By the time the list is closed on Sunday next, many more are sure to join. Among the expected entrants are the W. I. A. A. Staff, Young Goans, G. I. P. Railway, V. J. T. Institute, Young Boys, Parel Students and Bengal Club.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE WEEK-END FIXTURES

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

Sunday July 16, 4-45 p.m. Burmah Shell versus Parel Students.

5-45 p.m. W. I. A. A. Staff versus Matunga Athletic.

DEVOTEE OF BACCHUS TAKES A HAND

Incident During Prohibition Propaganda

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, July 14.

The prohibition propaganda broadcasted from the specially fitted lorry that moved in the town yesterday at several centres, was enlivened at its close by a melodramatic incident which occurred near the Thana Railway Station. Last evening, while a few local Congress workers were addressing the public from the loud-speaker lorry, a middle-aged Christian, probably a devotee of Bacchus, rushed out of the crowd, and offered a glass of beer to the lecturer, and implored him to moisten his throat as his voice had gone hoarse. Incensed at this strange conduct of the man, the crowd began to cry "shame", "shame" and pursued him. The situation would have gone worse, but for the timely appearance on the scene of Mr. Charlie De Cunha, an old respectable Christian Citizen of Thana and a man wedded to Prohibition. He appeased the crowd and expressed regret for the conduct of the Christian. Mr. De Cunha supported prohibition and thanked the organizers for having kept cool in face of the wanton provocation.

ELECTING THE PRESIDENT

(Continued from page 6).

ser. Like most of the Bolshevik leaders, he was many times gaoled and sent to hard labour in the mines under Tsarism. He stutters badly, and when making public statements has sometimes to be assisted by the orchestra breaking in to cover his difficulty.

His wife, Madam Paulin Molotov, is a handsome and stylish woman with a flair for dress designing. She formerly worked in a cosmetic factory, then became head of the Cosmetic Trust, and is now Vice-Commisar for the Food Industry and well-known for her organising abilities.

BACK TO "SUMMER" DAYS?

BOMBAY Friday.

The rain gods seem to be tired and Bombayites have already started feeling nervous whether they are in for stuffy, uncomfortable weather during the next few days.

Rainfall for the 24 hours till 8 a. m. to-day has only been 0.05 inches in Colaba while the maximum temperature was 85.6 degrees. The total rainfall since June is 39.72 inches which is 3.92 inches above normal.

The following is the rain chart for the period 8 a. m. yesterday to 8 a. m. to-day.

	Yesterday	Last Year
Colaba	0.05	0.02
St. Georges	0.10	0.24
J. J. Hospitall	0.54	0.14
Matunga	0.04	0.11

Cholera Situation In Lucknow Improves

LUCKNOW, July 13.

As a result of the preventive measures adopted by the Public Health Department of the U. P. Government, the cholera situation in the city has definitely improved. As against 24 seizures and 6 deaths for the week ending July 1, the up to date figures are only 7 and 1 respectively. The epidemic has now been fully controlled and there is no occasion for alarm.—United Press.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 14-7-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .029 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m 78.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.6 degrees normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 80.5 degrees 3.8 above normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 17 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 225 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 38 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.05 inches

Total rainfall during the month 30.68 inches

Total rainfall during the year 35.86 inches

Weather remarks: Rain

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 14-7-39

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.86 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.65 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 14.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st June	Rainfall Difference to Normal
Agra	82	78	1.1	9.6	+2.9
Amraoti	87	74	0.7	5.2	—5.5
Akola	78	75	0.9	8.7	—0.7
Ahmedabad	94	80	—	5.9	—3.2
Ajmer	93	79	T	2.3	—3.1
Ahmednagar	83	72	—	6.5	—0.1
Ambala	99	79	—	7.5	+0.1
Allahabad	87	79	1.0	10.7	+0.9
Benares	92	80	0.5	10.3	+0.6
Bareilly	90	76	—	8.4	—2.9
BOMBAY	86	81	0.1	35.3	+3.9
Bangalore	78	67	0.1	5.6	+0.7
Bhopal	79	71	8.6	24.7	...
Baroda	90	80	T	8.9	—
Belgaum	75	69	1.2	28.1	+13.3
Bahawalpore	105	88	—	1.3	—0.1
Bijapur	84	73	—	6.9	+2.6
Bellary	90	77	—	1.9	—0.7
Bhavnagar	93	79	—	8.3	+1.3
Chittagong	84	75	4.4	2.6	—4.6
Calcutta	86	77	0.8	19.4	+1.8
Cuttack	82	75	0.5	13.0	—2.1
Cawnpore	91	80	—	8.3	+1.4
Calicut	78	70	1.1	54.1	+5.7
Colombo	82	73	1.5	10.9	+0.3
Cheerapunji	76	65	2.5	195.2	+46.3
Cocanada	90	72	0.5	5.8	—1.9
Cochin	79	73	3.1	56.3	+16.5
Dehra Dun	82	71	T	18.3	—1.6
Delhi	92	81	—	5.0	—2.0
Dehra I. Khan	108	86	—	0.1	—1.5
Desa	94	80	—	1.9	—3.9
Dalhousie	—	—	—	1.1	14.2 —2.5
Fort Sandeman	104	81	—	2.7	+1.2
Gorakhpur	94	82	—	14.9	+1.9
Hyderabad (Dn.)	85	73	T	6.7	—0.7
Hyderabad (Sd.)	101	82	—	—	—1.6
Indore	83	71	0.1	12.5	+2.4
Jhansi	86	79	0.1	9.8	—0.1
Jubbulpore	84	75	3.1	16.4	+1.5
Jacobabad	108	84	—	—	—0.5
Jaipur	86	78	0.1	3.8	—2.2
Karwar	81	76	0.3	70.9	...
Karachi	87	79	—	—	—2.0
Kodaikanal	61	53	0.1	4.0	—2.5
Khandwa	84	75	0.1	8.9	—0.3
Lucknow	92	80	0.6	1.9	—1.5
Ludhiana	92	85	—	4.4	—2.1
Lahore	106	88	—	3.5	—0.6
Lyallpur	107	89	—	2.1	—0.4
Multan	104	84	—	2.5	...
Mysore	78	69	—	2.1	—2.1
Madras	98	80	0.1	2.2	—1.4
Malegaon	83	74	—	9.2	+2.7
Mussoorie	67	61	0.1	20.5	+6.6
Mahableshwar	65	63	6.5	94.3	+9.3
Murree	82	66	—	7.2	—1.5
Mount Abu	74	66	0.1	3.2	—10.4
Masulipatam	94	79	—	7.2	—0.2
Mandalay	92	79	—	3.1	—4.4
Mangalore	80	74	1.2	64.6	+8.9
Meerut	—	—	T	7.8	+0.3
Mercara	67	63	3.3	37.4	—7.9
Nagpur	90	74	0.7	11.8	+3.5
Ootacamund	58	53	0.9	10.4	+0.7
Patna	91	81	0.1	13.2	—0.3
Peshawar	111	89	—	—	—0.8
Poona	79	72	0.1	8.8	+1.0
Pachmarhi	70	67	4.7	19.6	+1.3
Port Blair	84	68	0.1	32.6	+3.8
Quetta	78	70	—	0.6	...
Ranchi	83	73	T	11.7	—5.0
Rawalpindi	107	84	T	2.2	—2.9
Rangoon	82	75	0.4	29.8	+2.6
Ratnagiri	82	78	0.3	70.4	+25.5
Rajkot	95	79	—	2.6	—6.6
Sialkot	101	86	—	6.4	+0.2
Srinagar	94	71	—	0.5	—1.9
Sholapur	85	74	—	6.8	—0.2
Shillong	77	67	0.3	30.6	+6.3
Simla	72	64	0.2	11.7	—3.4
Surat	87	79	0.1	11.7	—4.3
Salem	92	78	T	6.1	+1.5
Trivandrum	81	71	1.1	15.9	—1.2
Trichinopoly	93	80	—	3.8	—1.7
Vizagapatam	85	75	0.1	4.7	—2.2

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

Rainfall Record

POONA, July 14.

Yesterday's low pressure area concentrated into depression over southwest of Bengal. Monsoon has been vigorous in west Central India and west Central Provinces, strong in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, east Central India and Malabar, active in Bengal, east United Provinces, east Central Provinces, Berar, east Rajputana, Bombay and Deccan.

Local rain occurred in Assam, Bihar, Punjab Hills, North-West Frontier Province, Konkan, north Hyderabad and north Madras Coast, while a few falls are reported in west United Provinces, Gujarat, Mysore and south-east Madras.

Temperatures were markedly above normal in Kashmir. Chief amounts of rainfall: Bhopal nine inches; Chandbali and Mahabaleshwar seven; Saugor and Pachmarhi five. Chittagong four; Saugor Island, Balasore, Cherrapunji, Jubbulpore, Khandala, Cochin and Mercara three; Daltonganj, Guna, Hoshangabad and Sconi two; Cox's Bazar, Narayanganj, Burdwan and Kanker one and an half, Allahabad, Agra, Sutna, Akola, Kotah, Dalhousie, Drosh, Belgaum, Mangalore, Calicut, Trivandrum and Ootacamund one.

Heavy rainfall warning:— Moderate to heavy rain is likely locally in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and central parts of the country during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

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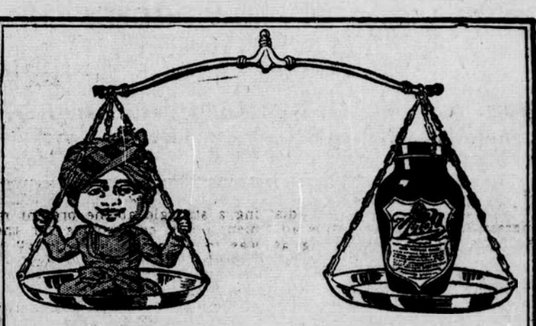

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Film Fare For The Week

A YOUNG STAR

Mickey Rooney Scores At Metro

MARK TWAIN'S "ADVENTURES OF HUCKLEBERRY FINN"

The portrait of a boy adventurer, coloured with comedy and pathos, as only Mark Twain could drew it, and only as Mickey Rooney could live it, is provided in "Huckleberry Finn", the M. G. M. picture which is the week's outstanding release at Metro.

The picture has caught the full flavour of Twain's whimsical humour and deep understanding of humankind. The adventures of the river boy who aids a runaway slave in an attempt to reach a free state; their travels up the river on a raft; their adventures with the rascally "King" and "Duke," a pair of crooks, are all faithfully portrayed under the deft direction of Richard Thorpe.

The ranking comedy highlight is the absurd "Romeo and Juliet" performance with Walter Connolly as Romeo and Mickey, in girl's clothes and make-up, as Juliet. Dramatic highlights are his exposure of the crooks to save Lynne Carver and Jo Ann Sayers, playing heiresses, from being robbed, and the sequence where Rex Ingram, as the slave, carries the boy, bitten by a snake, back to medical aid, knowing it means his return to slavery.

The scenes, field on location along the Sacramento River, are beautifully picturesque. The picture follows the book with passable fidelity. Locations, settings, costumes and all details are authentic to the period.

Mickey as Huck, is given the best opportunity for dramatic acting in his career and makes the most of it. He also has typical Rooney comedy moments. Rex Ingram, the Negro actor, who played "De Lawd" in "Green Pastures," gives a compelling performance. Walter Connolly and William Frawley provide much hilarious comedy as the two crooks, and Elizabeth Risdon scores as the kindly Widow Douglass who befriends the boy hero.

"Union Pacific", Second Week

Railroad Epic At Eros

The Sixty-fifth production in Cecil B. De Mille's career of twenty-five years, which has embraced more big hits than that of any other producer-director, is "Union Pacific," an epic treatment of the building of America's first transcontinental railway held for second week at Eros.

De Mille, who enjoys the distinction of having produced the first film ever made in Hollywood ("The Squaw Man," with Dustin Farnum, in 1914), has only recently begun to concern himself with the epic stories of American history. Before that his biggest productions were either biblical or mediaeval such as "Ten Commandments," "The King of Kings," "The Sign of the Cross" and "The Crusade."

GLORIFYING THE AMERICAN PAST

But De Mille turned to his homeland for inspiration a couple of years ago. The picture was "The Plainsman", with Gary Cooper, which he followed a season ago with "The Bucaneer," the story of Jean Lafitte and his par in the War of 1812. And now comes "Union Pacific," the most ambitious project ever undertaken by the great producer-director.

INSPIRED ON THE RUN

De Mille, who now finds American history his greatest stimulus, first got the idea for "Union Pacific" while travelling from Hollywood to New York two years ago. Gazing out of his train window for days on end and watching the vast stretches of America flash past, he suddenly became impressed with the vision, courage and hard work of the thousands of men who made the dream of spanning the continent a reality some seventy years ago.

As he remembers it, the inspiration first hit him somewhere near Omaha, and by the time he reached Chicago he had the idea pretty well formulated in his mind. From Cleaveland he enthusiastically telegraphed the Paramount office in Hollywood.

"Story of building of "Union Pacific" railroad to be my next work."

"LITTLE PEOPLE" THE HEROES

De Mille's "Union Pacific" differs from many a screen epic in that it places its emphasis on the "little people" rather than the "bigwigs". Although such eminent figures as Abraham Lincoln, General U. S. Grant, General Sheridan, Oakes Ames and Governor Leland Stanford have their place in the narrative, the picture is more concerned with the courageous engineers who drove the first trains, the trouble-shooters who kept order along the right-of-way, the women who went West to share in the hardships and the glory, and the thousands of workmen who pushed the iron road on into the sunset in spite of almost superhuman difficulties.

Typical of the "little people" glorified by De Mille in his latest epic are Miss Stanwyck and McCrea. She is Mollie Monahan, daughter of the "U.P.'s" first engineer, postmistress of "end of track" and little sister to the railroad-builders. McCrea plays Jeff Butler, a trouble-shooter sent out by Washington, who takes enough time off from his tasks to fall in love with the fiery frontier girl. Others cast as important "little people" are Akim Tamiroff, Lynne Overmann, Robert Preston and Brian Donlevy.

Nazis, Lovers And Boxers!

By Our Film Critic

The finest film of the week is a trailer—the trailer of "Confessions Of A Nazi Spy," running at Excelsior.

* * * *

As an excellent side-attraction you can see "Love Affair"—Charles Boyer's "Love Affair"! This suave Frenchman is superb in this sentimental story of sophisticated romance, though for the life of me I cannot understand why they had to star Irene Dunne opposite him.

By the way, do take notice of Maria Ouspenskaya. She is a good old actress and will be seen as an Indian Maharani in "The Rains Came."

* * * *

Star of the week: Is it Charles Boyer as the Persian playboy in "Love Affair" or young Mickey Rooney as Mark Twain's "Huckleberry Finn" in the film at Metro?

* * * *

Who said foreign films are not long? See "Union Pacific," Cecil B. De'Mille's marathon movie. It is spectacular, exciting stuff, of course, though somewhat long drawn out. Old C. B. D. M. is still master of his art.

* * * *

Outstanding revival of the week is "Mr. Deeds Goes to Town" at Bandra Talkies. Capra's

GARY COOPER,

next, by the way, is "Mr. Smith Goes To Washington."

* * *

Boxing fans dare not miss the news-reel of Joe Louis—Galento fight shown at Regal with "Old Bones of The River." In the feature film black men humkly kow—tow before white men, in the news-reel a black man makes pulp out of a white skin. Fiction and fact.

* * * *

"The Story of Vernon and Irene Castle" is perhaps the first film in which lives of living persons are dramatized in a film. It is significant for another reason. Ginger Rogers is fast becoming a good actress besides remaining as marvellous dancer as ever.

K. A. ABBAS.

Africa Again At Regal

"Old Bones Of The River"

A new Will Hay comedy, in some quarters, is always, eagerly awaited. In "Old Bones of the River," the Gainsborough picture which is presented at the Regal Theatre this week, this English Comedian appears as Professor Benjamin Tibbetts, alias Twist. Adapted by J. O. C. Orton from the famous Edgar Wallace West African tales "Bones" and "Lieutenant Bones," the film shows how the star, Old Bones, uncle of the popular young Lieutenant (Bones) Tibbetts, comes to darkest Africa intent on instilling into the native children his great learning! His arrival at the outpost coincides with the departure of Mr. Commissioner Sanders on furlough to England and when Captain Hamilton, the second-in-command, succumbs to tropical fever, the professor insists on stepping into his shoes—which take him into the greatest tribal upheaval since the Zulu War.

In this film Will Hay is again supported by old Harbottle and young Albert—the irresistible Graham Moffatt and Moore Marriott who are seen as captain and crew of the s.s. "Zaire," a decrepit paddle launch which takes the self-appointed temporary Commissioner on a tax collecting trip. Under the directorial aegis of Marcel Varnel, this irresistible trio takes filmgoers through some unique and uproarious laughter situations, will keep them laughing long after they have seen the film.

From the coloured men's point-of-view, of course, the picture is so much imperialistic hokum.

A scene from "Union Pacific", held for second week at Eros.

A scene from Will Hay's "Old Bones of The River", at Regal.

The favourite dance team of Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers in "The Story of Vernon and Irene Castle" at New Empire.

Two Dancers As Two Other Dancers

GINGER ROGERS AND FRED ASTAIRE IN "THE STORY OF VERNON AND IRENE CASTLE" AT EMPIRE

Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers bring to the screen as their latest offering, "The Story of Vernon and Irene Castle," seen this week at New Empire. The filming of this picture in Hollywood, under the watchful eye of Mrs. Vernon Castle herself, was completed after more than a year spent in planning and research.

As its title indicates, the picture tells the sensational story of Vernon and Irene Castle, who skyrocketed to fame overnight as the world's greatest dancing-team of the Pre-War era. It is told against a background of period settings, and revives a wealth of period tunes. This parade of the musical hits of long ago promises to make the picture the outstanding musical film of recent years. The current number, "Only When You Are in My Arms," by Con Conrad, Herman Ruby and Bert Kalmar, is sung by Fred Astaire.

When Vernon Castle, aspiring young dancer and comic meets Irene Foote, daughter of a New Rochelle doctor, it is a case of love at first sight. Vernon is "stooging" for Lew Fields in a musical comedy hit at the time, and throughout the winter he and Irene practise dance steps, hoping Fields will give them a chance.

Instead, they get married, go to Paris through a misunderstanding, and find themselves penniless. They are rescued by the efforts of an elderly theatrical agent, Maggie Sutton, who gets them an offer to dance at a Paris cafe. They are an immediate sensation!

In a week, all Paris knows them. In a month they are famous all over Europe, and when they return to America they find themselves acclaimed on all sides. Triumphs follow, tour after tour, until they tire. They finally decide they've made enough money, and that they will retire. Then the World War breaks out, and Vernon, a British citizen, feels he must enlist!

He goes abroad and joins the Royal Flying Corps, and at intervals on leaves sees Irene. They are in Paris together when word comes that America has entered the war. Irene returns, and is in Hollywood, appearing in a war picture, when Vernon sends word he has been transferred to texas as an instructor.

Delighted, Irene hurries to Fort Worth to meet him. Vernon arranges for a special dinner in celebration, but the afternoon she's to arrive Vernon has to fly in some manoeuvres. He crashes his 'plane to avoid hitting another ship in mid-air, and is killed in the crash. Irene, holding back her tears, tries to carry on!

Around this authentic story of two great dancers has been woven a compelling piece of film entertainment, sparkling with the best-remembered songs of its era, and revealing the brilliant dances that brought the young couple their fame—the Castle Walk, the Castle Waltz, the Tango and the Maxixe, among others.

Astaire and Rogers, as the top-pranking screen dancers of to-day, are peculiarly well fitted to impersonate the Castles, and their characterizations are said to be their finest to date.

LOUIS-GALENTO FIGHT FILM AT REGAL

An exclusive film, specially rushed to India by Universal Pictures, of the last Boxing Contest for the Heavyweight Championship of the world, will be shown at the Regal from to-day. It is quite an interesting document, faithful in detail, and shows how Joe Louis defeated "Two-Ton" Tony Galento on a technical knock-out, the fight being stopped in the fourth round when it was plain that the battered and helpless scrapper could not take any more punishment from the Negro. Galento won the first and third rounds, but received a terrific battering in the fourth round. His nose was bleeding profusely and his lip was cut. He fought gamely but the speed of the coloured man and the power behind his two-handed punches told the inevitable tale. The fight was witnessed by nearly 35,000 people at the Yankee Stadium, New York.

Mediocre Irene Dunne and the inimitable Charles Boyer whose "Love Affair" is prolonged for another week at Excelsior.

"MR. DEEDS" COMES TO BANDRA

Bandra Talkies is to revive from Saturday for four days only Frank Capra's great screen triumph "Mr. Deeds Goes To Town."

The film is merry, human, romantic, intelligent in the inimitable Capra manner. It brings a new and charming Garry Cooper to his innumerable fans and it finds in Jean Arthur a star of the first magnitude, covely, clever and sparkling.

"Mr. Deeds Goes To Town" tells the fascinating story of a young man in a small town, who becomes heir to 20 million dollars left by an eccentric uncle. Longfellow Deeds doesn't care about the money, he wants to be left alone in Mandrake Falls, where he is having a good time playing the tuba in the village band and serving as a volunteer fireman.

However he is brought to New York by his late uncle's attorney and dropped in the midst of a bunch of grafters and oh! what fun. Assisting Mr. Cooper and Miss Arthur in their task that they must have found so delightful, is a cast capable of character actors as George Bencroft, Lionel Strander, Douglas Dumbrille, and Raymond Wallwin and others.

On Saturday and Sunday for all shows will be given a special added attraction. For the first time in Bombay Presidency "Al Velez and his Four Aces" is to present a Super Swing Song session.

On Sunday at 10-30 a.m. is to be screened Universal's serial "Secret Agent X 9" starring Scott Kolk with Jean Rogers.

A PROLONGED "LOVE AFFAIR"

Charles Boyer Film In Second Week At Excelsior

A romance moratorium of six months, designed to prove that two people are worthy of each other's love, is the basis for much of the drama in "Love Affair," co-starring Irene Dunne and Charles Boyer in second week at Excelsior Theatre.

The story traces the lives of a sophisticated young lady and a Continental heart-breaker who fall in love on board a liner bound for New York, where a fiance and a fiancee are waiting.

Reluctant to forsake their chance at happiness with this one great love, the two break off the prior betrothals and embark on a six-month trial during which they give up their lives of ease for worthy careers, agreeing to meet on a given day to learn if their love has weather the mutual sacrifice.

A minute before the eventful meeting, however, good old destiny intervenes, making the young lady the victim of an auto accident. Believing she is permanently injured, she disappoints her lover, feeling her disabled condition may be an insuperable obstacle to their happiness. The evolution of this intriguing situation, after some inane moments of conventional sob-stuff, mounts to a touching finish.

GEORGE SANDERS has money to spend—for a sinister purpose!—in "Confessions of A Nazi Spy", coming next week to Excelsior.

Laurel-Hardy Film Revived

AT BROADWAY

Beautiful settings, picturesque costumes and tuneful melodies provide a rich and varied background for the antics of Laurel and Hardy in their extravaganza, "Swiss Miss," will be a repeat run from to-day at the Broadway, Kingsway, Dadar. The Alpine setting allows for the introduction of many novelties of entertainment such as folk dancing, bell-ringing, yodelling and flag-throwing. All of these offerings and to the appeal of the production without any distraction from the familiar but always welcome drolleries of the stellar pair.

In this picture they are seen as American mouse-trap salesman bent on ridding the cheese producing districts of the Alpine republic of its rodents. As salesmen their efforts are unavailing but as comedians Laurel and Hardy have seldom had a vehicle better suited to their antics.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
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Your first starring role . . . as Mark Twain's lovable, adventuresome Huck Finn . . . will give the world something to shout about!

Mickey Rooney

EXTRA!
M.G.M. CARTOON
MOVIETONE NEWS
CUR GANG COMEDY
and
M.G.M. MINIATURE
"THE GREAT HEART"
THE HEROIC STORY OF FATHER DAMIEN

PATHE
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
SAGAR'S SPECTACULAR SPLENDOUR:
THE ONLY WAY

WED., 19th JULY
3rd ZENANA SHOW at 1 p.m.

SUN. 16th JULY
MORNING SHOW
AT 10 A. M.
GIRL DOWNSTAIRS
FRANCHOT TONE

PLAZA
CINEMA:—:DADAR
SHOWING from TO-DAY:
"THE MILL"
('MAZDUR')
AJANTA'S SCREEN-EPIC
on CAPITAL & LABOUR
Starring:
BIBBO & JAYRAJ
with BHUDO ADVANI
Also DANCE-FILM:
"SHIV-PARVATI" Dance
by RAGINI DEVI
with GOPINATH
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P. M.
Sat., Sun. & Mon. Matinee 1-45

BANDRA TALKIES
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY
GARY COOPER
in
"MR. DEEDS GOES TO TOWN"
On July 15th & 16th Only
FOR ALL SHOWS
SPECIAL ADDED ATTRACTION
ON THE STAGE
AL VELEZ and his FOUR ACES
in
A SUPER SWING SONG SESSION
SUNDAY AT 10-30 A.M.
SECRET AGENT X9
COMPLETE SERIAL

CHARITY AND SOCIAL MALAISE

Dr. J. F. Bulsara's Speech At Rotary Club

In the course of his speech made at the Rotary Club, Bombay, under the presidency of Mr. T. W. Broughs on Tuesday on 'Charity as Symptomatic of Social Conscience and Social Malaise,' Dr. Jal Feerose Bulsara, Ph. D., said:

We are always in a world where charity does not always result in general social well being, but may in the long run, give rise to social drawbacks worse than the suffering charity attempts to alleviate.

In primitive society with a predominantly agricultural economy, the need of charity, as we understand it, is hardly felt. In some primitive languages the exact equivalent of the word and institution of charity is hardly to be found. As soon as, however, towns and cities grow and people flock there in numbers, i.e. with the so-called growth of human civilization, increasing poverty seems to be the result.

Religion took an early lead in arousing human conscience to the need of charity and from early history to the Mediaeval times, the questions of the sick, vagrant, aged, widows, orphans, infirm, blind and handicapped were matters entirely of the charity of the individual or institution, the Church making it its special concern to go to the succour of the destitute. In almost all historical religions, however, the aid of the poor was not considered an end in itself but "as a means by which the alms-giver makes God his debtor," and accumulates personal religious merit, securing for

This religious belief of purchasing easy salvation has largely clung to charity down the ages, himself an exalted place among the blessed in heaven.

and has led it to assume at times fantastic forms and shapes. To quote only one glaring instance it has raised the mendicant into a religious institution of the 'monk bhikku, sadhu and faquir' and saddled religious India with an army of over five million mendicants.

From Aristotle down to Henry Ford the ineffectiveness of unorganised charity has been recognised.

Bernard Shaw says "the virtues that feed on suffering are very questionable virtues... There will always be plenty of need in the world for kindness, but it should not be wasted on preventible starvation and diseases. Keeping such horrors in existence for the sake of exercising our sympathies is like setting our houses on fire to exercise the vigour and daring of our fire-brigades."

Nor can we expect self-respecting men and women, who are willing to earn their living by the sweat of their brow, to acquiesce in mendicity, nor blame those who demand justice before charity and claim the right to live in place of the duty to die.

MOTHER INDIA
IS A GREAT PICTURE DEPICTING THE LOVE OF A TRUE INDIAN MOTHER. NOW THE PRODUCERS, DIRECTOR AND THE STARS OF MOTHER INDIA COMBINE TO GIVE YOU

ANOTHER GREAT PICTURE
SHOWING THE LOVE OF A TRUE INDIAN SON!
IN
MERA LALL
Directed by:—
GUNJAL
Beautifully Acted by:
FRAMILLA, W. KHAN,
ANANT & RAM MARATHE,
LUXMI, JUMNA,
JAMSHEDJI, ZILLOO
NEXT SATURDAY
AT THE
CAPITOL

Miss Santosh Khanna, B.Sc., who returned to Bombay from England by Thursday's mail-boat after passing the B.Sc. Examination.

To Gain Peace, We Must Stop Hitler Now

(Continued from page 6.)

at Danzig against Poland, with whom we and France are allied. Germany does not call it war, because she hopes to strangle Poland without firing a shot, or, should Poland fire a shot, to smash her in a few weeks as an "aggressive" disturber of the peace.

Hitler wants peace after his own fashion. He wishes to build up a German peace and to make the world accept it without running the risks of a world war or even of a long war in Europe.

His present chances of winning a world war would be small. But if he can persuade Great Britain and France that "Danzig is not worth a war," if he can unite Danzig with Germany by "peaceful" means, so as to be to throttle Poland unless she comes to heel, the way would be open for him to encircle European Russia, to disintegrate Russia from within by propaganda and other means, and thus to gain a "living space" or continental empire for Germany that would stretch from the borders of France to the Urals and perhaps beyond.

He thinks that Turkey, Persia, Central Asia and presently India, would then be at his mercy, Great Britain and parts of the British Empire he might tolerate as long as they did not oppose him.

★

So we seem to be a long way from building up the sort of peace we should like to see—what the King has called "peace in freedom and freedom in peace." We may be far from it, or nearer to it than many suppose.

One thing is clear: With all our aramaments we shall never get near to peace until we have a two-fold policy, a policy for the present and a policy for the future.

For years past we have had no policy; we have had illusions. Our statesmen have believed they could buy peace by "appeasement," that they could wean Hitler from his plan for a German world empire by "concessions," and that his appetite would not grow with the titbits they fed him on.

Now we should say to him:

"You are threatening the peace and freedom of the world. If you touch Poland we shall fall upon you. We made an agreement with you about Czechoslovakia, and you trampled it under foot. Before we have any further dealings with you that agreement must be respected, the freedom and independence of Czechoslovakia must be restored. You must come into a union of peoples, with equal rights, for the settlement of all just claims without war.

"You, we and everybody must cut down armaments to whatever level may be needed to police the world against war-makers. Then colonies shall be held in trusteeship for their inhabitants under an international authority so that their resources may be open to all on equal terms.

"Otherwise we and other war-hating nations will stand against you, refuse to trade with you, have nothing to do with you until you learn that the way of war is the way of destruction."

★

A policy of this kind, made known by men who meant what they said might disturb Hitler's empire-building plans; but it would appeal to the German and the Italian peoples.

It would win the support of the United States. It would bring us nearer to the day when the ideals set forth by the American writer, Clarence K Streit, in his book "Union Now," and by a group of young Britons who advocate "Federal Union," would come within sight of fulfilment.

The ideal of a union of free people for peace should be our long-term policy. To check Hitler and Mussolini, and to redeem the German and Italian people from bondage, should be our immediate policy. We are investing huge sums in rearmament. This investment must be made to pay a good peace dividend.

The time to stop Hitler is now. When he has been stopped we can begin to build peace. Otherwise we shall get, not "appeasement," but a choice between hopeless war and abject surrender.

GRIEVANCES OF KERALA COCOANUT GROWERS

Apprehension On Eve Of Jawaharlal's Visit To Ceylon

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

ERNAKULAM, July 7.

The coming visit of Pundit Jawaharalal Nehru to Ceylon as the Indian National Congress Representative to bring about a settlement of the Ceylon Indian question has been received by the Kerala Coconut Growers with serious apprehensions. The reason is that Pundit Nehru already recognised the Ceylonese as "flesh of our flesh and bone of our bone" and from them, the Indians have been receiving very bad treatment recently.

The Kerala Coconut Growers' Association has, in a letter to Pundit Nehru, stated that protection to the Indian coconut industry is a life and death question to Kerala. Their agitation for protection has been supported by the "ad hoc" Committee appointed by the Government of India, by the Governments of Madras, Cochin and Travancore, and the elected members of the Legislatures in Travancore and Cochin had also requested the Government of India for adequate protection.

ASSEMBLY DISCUSSION.

This subject had been before the Central Assembly on more than one occasion and during the last Budget Session of the Assembly, a 'cut' motion was unanimously passed to draw the attention of the Government of India to its failure to protect the Coconut Industry. Members of the Indian National Congress, Congress Nationalist, Muslim League and European Groups had agreed on the urgent necessity for protection and the Commerce Member to the Government of India had assured the Assembly that the question was receiving the serious consideration of the Government and that this would form one of the most important matters in the Indo Ceylonese trade talks.

Assuring the fullest co-operation of the Indian Coconut Growers in the matter of arriving at a settlement with the Government of Ceylon, the letter urges Pundit Nehru that on the question of protection to the coconut industry, there was absolute unanimity between all sections of Kerala and between the people and their Governments. Let it not be said that the Congress had sacrificed Kerala and used it as a pawn in the negotiations for a satisfactory settlement of the anti-Indian drive.

LIVING ON LOANS.

It might be understood that the coconut grower in Kerala is living on borrowings. The agricultural debt is increasing year by year. The asset which has been purchased by the thrift and enterprise of the people in days of comparative prosperity is now becoming a liability. Gardens are suffering from the ravages of disease resultant upon lack of attention and lack of mannures for which the grower has no funds. If India aims at self-sufficiency surely a start should be made here.

The Indian National Congress has an industrial planning committee, at the helm of which is Pundit Nehru, the present messenger of the National Congress to Ceylon, the aim of which is to double the earnings per head of every Indian. With a stroke of the pen this can be accomplished so far as the coconut growers are concerned. The specific duty of one hundred rupees per ton of imported copra for which the growers ask would not double the income but it would raise the price of copra from Rs. 40 to about Rs. 60 per candy.

APPEAL TO COTTON MILLS.

Even then the income of the agriculturist will fall far below his income in 1914, but there will be relief of the abject poverty in which he now exists. If the Congress Industrial Planning Committee is able to raise the daily income per head in India even by one anna per head per day the total additional earnings will be 7,000,000,000 rupees per annum. One anna per head per day increase in the coconut areas alone in South West India alone would produce 250,000,000 rupees per annum and the effect on trade would be enormous.

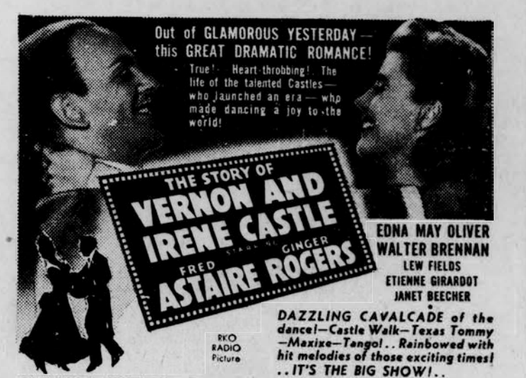
Statistics show, for instance, each of the eleven million people principally dependent upon the coconut could purchase one yard of cloth extra per annum. Would not that be welcome to the Mills of South and North India? Every producer in India should be on the side of the coconut-growers in the matter of this duty. With 250,000,000 more rupees per annum to spend the standard of living would improve and the demand for all necessities and some luxuries would receive tremendous impetus.

INVITATION TO ALL EXTANT FAITHS

Delegates Are Welcome From Bombay, C. P., Gujrat And Kathiawad

The Spiritual Assembly of the Baha'is of Bombay is contemplating to celebrate the 122nd Birthday Anniversary of Baha'u'llah, the Unifier of all Faiths, on the 12th November next by convening a special Conference of all extant Faiths, in the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder, Bombay, for which all the Religious Institutions, Societies and Communities are hereby requested to send their delegates to represent their respective Faiths, including Confucianism, Zoroastrianism, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism, Juddaism, Christianity, etc.

THIS WEEK
ALL BOMBAY WILL BE AT THE
NEW EMPIRE
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.


Out of GLAMOROUS YESTERDAY—this GREAT DRAMATIC ROMANCE!
True! Heart-throbbing! The life of the talented Castles—who launched an era—who made dancing a joy to the world!
THE STORY OF
VERNON AND IRENE CASTLE
FRED ASTAIRE
GINGER ROGERS
EDNA MAY OLIVER
WALTER BRENNAN
LEW FIELDS
ETIENNE GIRARDOT
JANET BEECHER
DAZZLING CAVALCADE of the dance!—Castle Walk—Texas Tommy—Maxixe—Tango!.. Rainbowed with hit melodies of those exciting times! ..IT'S THE BIG SHOW!..
RKO RADIO Picture

PANDRO S. BERMAN in charge of production. Directed by H. C. POTTER. Produced by GEORGE HAIGHT. Screen Play by Richard Sherman Adaptation by Oscar Hammerstein II and Dorothy Yost.

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FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

Your Eyes AND My Eyes

Apparently there is no difference between your eyes and My Eyes, as all eyes are alike.

But when you behold My Eyes and find them more beautiful than any pair of eyes you have ever seen, and pity that my eyes cannot see yours just as you see mine, there is certainly a lot of difference which must interest you.

The fact is, My Eyes are BLIND, and I have a tragic tale behind. You see your eyes every time you look at a mirror, so you must see My Eyes atleast once, because ....

My Eyes have contributed their mite to the progress of the Indian Film Industry,

Now, LET YOUR EYES DO THEIR MITE, so ....

TO-DAY at WEST-END at 1-45, 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

SEE
My Eyes WITH Your Eyes

"MY EYES" IS SUPREME PICTURES FIRST SENSATIONAL HIT. PRODUCED AT RANJIT STUDIOS, DIRECTED BY DWARKA KHOSLA, STARRING, KHURSHID, SITARA, MAZHAR, ISHWARLAL.

OPENING TO-DAY
West-End

No War Over Danzig?

Hitler To Seek Fresh Fields And Pastures New?

Mr. Vernon Bartlett, Diplomatic Correspondent of "News Chronicle" writes in that paper:—

"There will, I believe, be no war over Danzig.

"If my estimate is correct that the alarming rumours of the week-end were purposely encouraged in Nazi circles to test British reactions, those reactions should persuade the Fuehrer to look elsewhere for his next foreign venture.

"Pritish Ministerial Statements and newspaper articles have more definitely condemned any one-sided change in the Danzig situation than ever before.

The Poles show no signs at all of being bluffed into taking any step which could conceivably be called aggressive and yet there is no suggestion that they will wilt under the continued strain of mobilisation.

Colonel Koc, the leader of the Polish mission now in this country, flew back to Warsaw during the week-end and there are indications that the British Government is a little slow in deciding how many Polish divisions it will arm with the help of credits, but even in this sphere German threats are more likely to hasten than to hinder a satisfactory conclusion of negotiations.

There is certainly no lack of alarming reports from the Free City. Three shifts working 24 hours a day to build barracks; two thousand Gestapo agents; hundreds of young Heimwehr men who are not Danzigers at all, but German "tourists" from the Reich; general agreement that by the end of the present month German preparations there will be completed.

IN EVENT OF WAR.

But it would be unwise to under-estimate the strength of the Poles. Apart from their economic strangle-hold to which I referred previously they argue that in the event of war communications between the Free City and the Reich would be extremely difficult to maintain.

The narrow spit of Polish land which stretches along the coast, turning Danzig Harbour into a kind of lagoon, has become a vast fortress which, it is held, would justify its name, the Hel Peninsula (The Putziger Nehrung on German maps).

There is no disguising Polish worry over the slowness of Anglo-Soviet negotiations, but they still hope that, in the event of war, the 80 Russian submarines in the Baltic would be of invaluable assistance.

The Poles I believe, will do everything save lose land or honour in order to prevent war. Even if the Danzig Senate were to vote for reunion with Germany or Hitler were to pronounce the Danzigers German citizens, the Polish Government would probably not go beyond an official protest since no change in the Danzig Constitution is legal without the consent of the League of Nations Council.

But the Poles would react immediately were any interference with their treaty rights in Danzig to be attempted.

Their Customs officers exercise fairly adequate control along the one common frontier between the Free City and Germany, namely the frontier that runs along the right bank of the Vistula. It is more difficult to control the arrival of artillery and so on by sea, but their Customs rights, their share in the Danzig Harbour Board, their post office in the harbour and their control of the railway administration they are determined to defend if necessary by force."

Distinguished Indians In London

Geneva Delegates, Bhulabhai Desai And Walchand Hirachand

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 5.

London is again full of distinguished Indians. Some of them are here on holiday, others on public business, of one kind or other. And all of them are men with the exception of Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, who bears on her shoulders the entire burden of representing Indian womanhood. And indeed it would almost seem as though she was more concerned with telling people here about the share that Indian women are taking in public work in India and about the general course of the national liberation movement than with attempting to go into the details of the tangled situation in India. She has addressed various meetings but surprisingly enough—at least some Indian members of her audiences felt a little surprised—she said little or nothing about the present condition of the Congress Socialist Party or of the various moves that are taking place on the political stage in India. She has studiously avoided stressing the conflicts in Indian politics in order to stress the more effectively the broad aims of the National Movement and the great degree of unity behind the demand for independence.

NO CLASH BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN.

Addressing a women's meeting she made the point that there is no clash between the interests of men and of women in India, that there is no sex war, as she put it. She explained how women were drawn into the civil disobedience movement and how they have since been taking an increasingly active part in public life. She pointed out with pride that there is no country in the world that has as many women legislators as India has to-day. Most significant comment she has made with regard to the contemporary political controversies in India was to the effect that it was a malicious lie to suggest that Mahatma Gandhi is the type of a man, who is likely to betray the fight for freedom or to seek for compromises with Imperialism. She insisted that there was no more devoted and determined fighter against British rule than Gandhiji and that, whatever may be the differences between him and his critics on present day issues there could be no justification whatever for doubting Gandhiji's complete integrity and loyalty to the nationalist movement. If there is one man, who can lead it to victory it is Gandhiji she said.

LABOUR DELEGATES.

Of the three Indian delegates to the Labour Conference at Geneva which came to an end about a fortnight ago, Mr. M. L. Dahanukar and Mr. R. S. Nimbkar are here already and the third, Mr. Aftab Ali, is expected soon. Mr. Dahanukar has set an example which Indian journalists in London feel might well be followed by other distinguished Indians visiting London. Instead of ignoring the Press, he sent for all the Indian and English correspondents who are working in London for Indian newspapers and gave them an opportunity to learn at first hand what had taken place in Geneva and how the proceedings there affected India. We had tea at his flat in Grosvenor-house this afternoon and could not but admire his public spiritedness. For he has not been very well and has had to consult specialists in London. Nevertheless he considered it important that the Indian Press should be fully acquainted with the proceedings of the I.L.O.

He was particularly impressed he said, by the discovery that India was so inadequately represented on the staff of the I.L.O. He thought that it was very unfair that India which is one of the heaviest contributors to the funds of the I.L.O. should have no more than three or four representatives on the staff of the organisation. Another observation of his was with regard to the numbers and composition of the Indian delegation. In his opinion the delegations that have so far been sent annually to Geneva are far too small. The economic conditions and problems of India are so complicated and India is such a large country that satisfactory representation cannot be had through one or two men sent by the employers as a whole and by the Trades Unions. In his opinion, it is highly desirable that both the employers and the working class should be allowed to send at least three or four representatives in order that every aspect of the problem could be fully and satisfactorily represented in these international discussions.

WANTED CONTINUITY.

Mr. Dahanukar was also struck by the absence of any permanent contact between the visiting delegation and the Geneva organisation. He said that the present system by which a totally new delegation was sent every year was not very efficient since the delegates being new comers and having only two or three weeks at their disposal are unable within that short time to accomplish very much. They have barely enough time to get acquainted with the working of the machinery. His suggestion is that some arrangement should be made whereby a certain element of continuity could be assured, either by sending the same persons two or three years in succession, as is done by other nations, or by working out some system of rotation under which representatives who come as advisers in one year will be principle delegates in the next or by some other way.

REUTER'S ERROR.

One of the things that surprised him most was the extremely unsatisfactory nature of the news cabled over to India with regard to the activities of the I.L.O. He was astonished to discover that although India is one of the leading members of the organisation and is vitally interested in the proceedings of the annual conferences no cable from Geneva was sent to India reporting the proceedings in general or even such as those in which Indian spokesmen took a leading part. He said that the I.L.O. could never be made popular or win widespread support in India if news-agencies, like Reuters, treated it with so much indifference as to omit reporting its proceedings even where they directly affected India. Mr. Dahanukar pointed out that the only message that had anything to do with the Labour Conference that was sent out by Reuters was a purely personal item and what is more it was incorrectly reported. He had given a dinner to which representatives of about thirty nations were invited and this general social function was converted by the news-agency into a special party in honour of Sir Frank Noyce, the Government of India's delegate.

WORKERS' CONFERENCE.

Advantage is being taken of the presence in London of Mr. Nimbkar and Mr. Aftab Ali to put forward the organisation of some hundreds of Indian workers of different kinds who are permanently domiciled here. An Indian workers' conference has been arranged to take place in the East End on the 22nd and 23rd July. Many of these workers are seamen and others are pedlars, waiters, and unskilled workers with a few film extras. They are not at present organised in any very strong Union and it is in any case not easy to organise them. There is a seamen's union and also a pedlars' union, mainly due to the activities of S. Ali, their secretary. They need encouragement and funds neither of which has been very abundant. This conference will be the first of its kind and it is hoped that every aspect of the problem of Indian workers in London and in other parts of England will be thoroughly discussed. The speeches are to be not only in English but in Hindustani and Bengalee and Mr Surat Ali told me that he expected that large numbers of those present will join in the discussion and state their grievances. He is a very enthusiastic worker and feels that the position of Indian seamen and others here can only be improved through a strong organisation.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE.

Another conference which has been arranged to profit by the visit of the Indian workers' delegates will be held at Transport House on 16th of July. It is being organised by the Labour Committee of the India League and two prominent personalities in the British Labour Movement have accepted the invitation to preside over the conference—Mr. John Jagger, M. P. and Mr. Harry Adams, M. P. The principal speakers will be Mr. Nimbkar, Mr. Aftab Ali and Mr. Krishna Menon. The object of this conference is different from that of one in the East End. The Transport House conference is intended to put before the British public a true account of the conditions of the peasants and workers of India, their awakening in recent times, their part in the national movement and their relation to the modern world.

BHULABHAI DESAI.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai arrived in London only yesterday and has so far managed to keep his visit pretty secret. Certainly he has not yet been besieged by visitors and journalists anxious to have an interview with him. But the news is bound to leak out and however desirous Mr. Desai may be of spending a week or two quietly, he is not likely to be allowed to leave London without meeting Indian residents and students and telling them about recent developments in the Indian political situation. It is possible that the India Office would be as eager to meet him as his own countrymen in London are. Which of these two he himself is more eager to meet on his present, it is, of course, difficult to say.

WALCHAND HIRACHAND.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand, another eminent Indian figure in London now, belongs to the class of silent businessmen who go about their work without a fanfare of trumpets. I understand that he has been attending an international conference of Chambers of Commerce on the Continent and he is at present in London for business purposes. Both Mr. Walchand Hirachand and Mr. Dahanukar are planning to go to America to visit the World's Fair. Whether they do so or not depends, as Mr. Dahanukar said this afternoon, on Hitler.

MR. HIRLEKAR.

Also going to America is Mr. K. S Hirlekar, Honorary Secretary of the Amateur Cine Society of India. He has been in Europe to attend the fifth International Amateur Film Congress held at Zurich last month. This is the first time that India was represented at the Congress and the Indian representative, Mr. Hirlekar, had the honour of being elected a member of the Jury which examined films submitted for the annual award of the Congress. Mr. Hirlekar regretted that no films had been sent from India for this competition, but hoped that the omission would be rectified next year.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

Plans For 1940 Meeting In Canada

TORONTO.

Under the leadership of the Hon. John Jacob Astor, M. P., of the London "Times", president of Empire Press Union, 60 delegates from the United Kingdom and the British dominions and colonies, accompanied by their wives will come to Canada next year to attend the sixth Imperial Press Conference meeting in Ottawa during the week of August 5, 1940. The last Imperial Press Conference in Canada was in 1920.

It is expected the majority of the delegates will arrive at Quebec, July 25, by the "Empress of Britain" from England. The programme includes a six-weeks tour of Canada, embracing all the provinces. The visitors will see harvesting operations on the prairies and the grain shipping facilities at the head of the Great Lakes.

Mining activities in Northern Ontario and Quebec, the oilfields of Alberta and fishing industries of both coasts are features of the itinerary as well as the mountains and other aspects of the country's scenic beauty.

An effort will be made to reduce the number of formal functions to a minimum. It is proposed instead, to arrange for as many informal parties as possible so that the delegates may come into close touch with Canadians in their homes.

A day will be spent at the Canadian National Exhibition, the world's greatest annual fair and a visit paid to Callander to see the Dionne quintuplets. It is expected the majority of the party will sail from Quebec, Sept. 7, though some from the antipodes may go home via Pacific ports.

CANADIAN COMMITTEE

Tentative plans for the reception of the visitors and other arrangements for the conference were discussed at the annual meeting of the Canadian section of the Empire Press Union here. A special committee was appointed as follows: Chairman, Victor Sifton, Winnipeg Free Press; vice-chairman and honorary treasurer, W. Rupert Daves Kingston Whig-Standard; honorary manager, W. A. Craick, Industrial Canada, Toronto; members, J. H. Woods, Calgary Herald, chairman of the Canadian section; P. D. Ross, Ottawa Journal; Senator W. A. Buchanan, Lethbridge Herald; Henri Gagnon, Quebec Le Soleil; C. F. Crandall, British United Press, Montreal; E. Roy Sayles, Renfrew Mercury; H. T. Hunter, MacLean Publishing Company, Toronto, Miss Rosa L. Shaw, Montreal Gazette, president, Canadian Women's Press Club.

Provincial chairmen named are Alberta, John M. Imrie, Edmonton Journal; British Columbia, M. E. Nichols, Vancouver Province; Manitoba, Wesley McCurdy, Winnipeg Tribune; New Brunswick H. P. Robinson, Saint John Telegraph-Journal; Nova Scotia, Senator W. H. Dennis, Halifax Herald; Ontario, J. E. Atkinson, Toronto Star; Prince Edward Island, J. R. Burnett, Charlottetown Guardian; Quebec, Henri Gagnon, Quebec Le Soliel and J. W. McConnell, Montreal Star (joint chairmen), Saskatchewan, D. B. MacRae, Regina Leader-Post.

W. Rupert Davies and H. T. Hunter were appointed delegates to represent the section at the annual conference of the Empire Press Union in London during the week of June 26, 1939. J. H. Woods was re-elected chairman of the Canadian section and P. D. Ross, honorary chairman.—Canadian Press.

"ABILITY TO OBEY AND COMMAND"

Qualities Of A True Soldier

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

In an introduction to the new Manual of Infantry Drill, Major Gen. J. H. Beith (Ian Hay), Director of Public Relations, War Office, enumerates the qualities of the true soldier.

"The soldier," he says, "should have pride in his own smartness and efficiency and in the unit to which he belongs."

The enumeration of military qualities then continues:

Instinctive ability both to obey and to command.—The soldier is always doing one or other of these, and intensive drill is the best method of accustoming the commander to impress his will, and those under him to obey instinctively and smartly.

Adaptability.—The soldier must instantly be ready to take orders from his commander at the moment, however frequently the hazards of battle may transfer that command; and be equally ready to take command himself should occasion arise.

A sense of order and discipline.—Enables troops to be assembled and manoeuvred rapidly without confusion at the moment of emergency.

Resiliency or quick power of recovery.—Restores the morale of disorganised troops in the shortest possible time.

Physical and mental endurance.—Enables a soldier, however desperate the situation or however exhausted he may be, to carry on far beyond the limits of his normal strength.

The new field drill for rifle battalions, adopted by the Regulars and Territorial Armies last April, will also extend to the Militia. It is to be adopted on all occasions when field training is carried out, and during movements from and to barracks or camp.

LIGHTNESS of body and a lithesomeness are the envy of all Men. These are an index of GLOWING HEALTH
A Course of Jeevamrutham is a great help.
At all Chemists and Stores.
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Flashes From The Centre Court—Wimbledon

"Too Much Hush-Hush About Big Cricket!"

Rank-And-File Follower Regarded As Necessary Evil

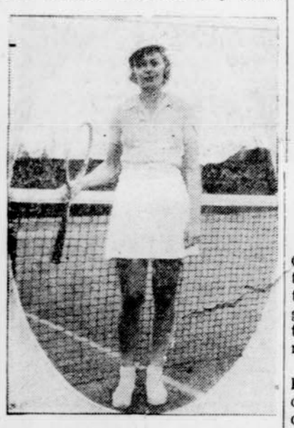
Maurice Tate's 'Fling' While Strongly Advocating Numbering Of Players

(By Maurice Tate—Famous Sussex And England Fast Bowler—In "Reynolds News")

One question has been discussed off and on by quite a few folk on the inside of cricket. It is, should the players in top-class games be numbered? I can visualise the die-hards holding up their hands in holy horror at the very mention of "numbering", but this section don't make up the bulk of the game's followers, even if they like to think so

Far too much nonsense is written—and thought—about cricket. As I've said before, the game, in order to live, must progress with the times. And anything that will help spectators better to enjoy a day at Lord's, Leeds, Canterbury or where you will, should not be passed over lightly.

My view is that real enjoyment of a match can be obtained only if you are able to follow its progress closely. You not only want



Miss Alice Marble, newly crowned 'Queen' of the Centre Court.

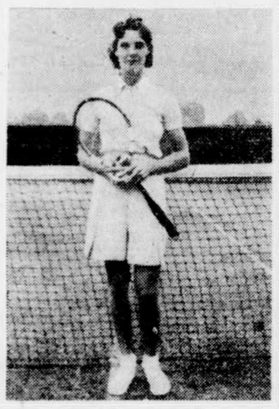
to know who's bowling or who made a vital catch, but unless I am well wide of the mark, the name of the man doing a neat bit of boundary-saving.

The score board (plus a programme) give you the essential details when a batsman is caught or bowled, but the average spectator—the man who comes along occasionally—is often left completely in the dark when it comes to the identity of a fielder.

No More Guessing!

How easy it would be, though, if all the players were numbered! No more guessing, no more reliance on the chap next you in the crowd (often enough wrong, at that!), but merely a glance at the programme in front of you to make a swift check. That way, I fancy, the people around the "ring" would be brought closer to the game.

Of course, I can hear the moans going up already! Waking from his post-prandial snooze in the cathedral calm of the pavilion.



Miss 'Kay' Stammers who played brilliantly to reach the finals which she lost to a better player.

Colonel Blimp will mumble something about "How dare they try to tag labels on the players, by gad! This is just pandering to the shilling spectator—mere commercialism, me boy!"

Well, what about it? Big cricket these days is much a matter of money. Without the cash that comes through the turnstiles, no club, however big its membership list, could keep going. Then, if the Tests with Australia aren't, primarily, thought of as money-spinners by the cricket chiefs (though they'll deny this strenuously), my name isn't Maurice Tate.

Talking of Tests, I think that these matches whether against Australia, South Africa, India, New Zealand or the West Indies, provide the best argument ever for the numbering of players. In the days when the Aussies wore those "gaw blimey" caps as one of their officials termed the now-famous green headgear with the fearsome peak, the casual cricket fan found it well-nigh impossible to pick out the stars.

Prejudice Of Old Fogies

With the features hidden under that jutting peak, Woodfull looked much like Ponsford or Stan McCabe. It was all very well for pavilion pundits to say that Woodfull could be spotted easily by his build and general mannerisms in the field. As usual, they were forgetting—or completely ignoring—the fact that many a man in a Test crowd was seeing his first day's cricket in years.

When it comes to the West Indies team or the Indians, than you get the case that clinches my argument in favour of numbering. Many of these dusky sons are as alike as peas in pod to English eyes. I am ready to bet, you'll hear heated arguments over the identities of my old friend Leary Constantine, George Headley, or Martindale.

Yet, were all the players numbered, things would be simplified. Really, there is no sound reason against the innovation—only the prejudice of a lot of old fogies keeps it from becoming a reality. It wouldn't detract from the cricket skill of the performers (as a matter of fact, the knowledge that you'd be spotted at once if you made a mistake would keep a fielder on tip-toes), and, I suggest, a neat numeral sewed on the back and front of a shirt wouldn't be unsightly.

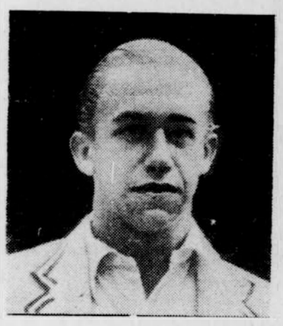
Unless I have the Australian mentality all wrong, the big men in the game "Down Under" would welcome the idea, one, let me say, I don't claim as my own brain child. My experience of the game in Australia tells me that they are dead keen to adopt any proposal likely to make things easier for the spectator.

Take the arrangements at Sydney, for example. The mammoth scoreboard gives the crowd nearly every bit at information they want. Why, even the bowlers' analyses are there for all to see.

Worthwhile Experiment

Mention of this reminds me of a good story told about Johnny Douglas, that big-hearted England and Essex skipper, who lost his life so tragically at sea. Johnny had been giving himself a pretty long bowling spell in a match at Melbourne without getting much luck in the wicket-taking line. He had put himself on at the end where his back was towards the huge scoreboard that gave the tell-tale figures.

Suddenly, a leather-lunged lad boomed out. "Say, Johnny, if you won't take yourself off, put yourself on at the other end where you can read your analysis!" There was a roar of laughter from the crowd, and though Johnny Douglas, as ever, grunted a reply that, happily, none of the barrackers heard, he did give himself a rest after another over or two.



Henner Henkel — Germany's leading player who succumbed to Cooke in the semi-final.

However, to get back to the beaten track, let me say again how good it would be for the general health of cricket—whether of Test or county championship calibre—if the numbering of players was tried, if only as an experiment, for one season. I am sure that once the idea had been put into practice, it would be generally acclaimed and, in the order of things, would soon become an accepted part of the game.

Too Much Hush-Hush

There has, for years, been far too much hush-hush about big cricket, with the rank-and-file follower regarded as a necessary evil. "Let him see the game because we want his shilling, but don't give him too much for his money" has, in my opinion, been for too long the line of argument of so many of the "brass hats".

In no other branch of entertainment would such a policy be tolerated. Soccer has swung into line as regards numbering following the excellent lead set by

(Continued on page 16, col. 3)

Franjo Puncec—Yugoslavia's No. 1—another 'Riggs' victim—losing in the semi-finals.

R. L. Riggs—America's No. 1—created history by winning the 'triple crown' on his first attempt.

BRITISH WOMEN CRICKETERS

Itinerary For Forthcoming Australian Tour

Following is the itinerary of the British team of Women Cricketers—which will be touring Australia this winter:

December 1 and 2.—Western Australia (Perth).
11 and 12.—South Australia (Adelaide).
16.—Ballarat (Ballarat).
18 and 19.—Victoria (Melbourne).
23 and 26.—North Tasmania (Launceston).
28 and 29.—Tasmania (Hobart).
January 2 and 3.—New South Wales (Sydney).
6, 8 and 9.—First Test (Sydney).
11.—Northern N.S.W. (Grafton).
13 and 15.—1937 Touring Team (Brisbane).
17 and 18.—Queensland (Brisbane).
22.—Southern N.S.W. (Goulburn).
27, 29 and 30.—Second Test (Adelaide).
February 3.—Geelong (Geelong).
10, 12 and 13.—Third Test (Melbourne).
15 and 16.—An Australian XI. (Melbourne).

On the journey out a match will be played in Colombo, and the return will be made via Panama.

Miss Helen Jacobs—once World's No. 1 player—had a comparatively lean season.

Athletics

Summer Athletic Season

CONTINENTAL ATHLETES IN PERFECT TRIM

A most impressing feature of the summer athletic season has been the many outstanding performances over 880 yards or 800 metres (five yards less). The Italian, M. Lanzi, covered the distance in 1min. 50.7sec. and he has also won over 400 metres in 47.7sec. without any opposition. Young Venanzetti put up a new

E. T. Cooke—another great 'performer'—lost to countryman Riggs after a well-fought out duel.

Italian record in throwing the hammer 169ft. 6in. Clubmates of Lanzi, Gonelli, and Mariani, from the Baracca Club, Milan, equalised the Italian 200 metres (218 yds. 2ft.) record with 21.4sec. The German champion, R. Harbig, improved on his own 800 metres recorded by a tenth of a second with 1min. 50.5sec., and a so far unknown half-miler, Herrmann, was timed at 1min. 52.6sec.

FINN'S DISCOVERY

Trippe, who has been competing in putting the weight for several years, is going towards his best season. Recently he won victories with the weight at 53ft. 1in., with the discus at 154ft., and in the high jump with 6ft. 1in. He defeated the last Olympic victor, Woellke, who put "only" 52ft. 2in. In Poland Kusocinsky has lost to a new man, Staniszewski, who covered the 2,000 metres in 5min. 32.8sec., against 5min. 34sec., and Moronczyk won a pole vault victory in Katowice over a Polish-American, Sznajder, with a vault of 12ft. 10in., and later cleared

(Continued on page 16, col. 3)

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Calcutta Football Impasse Continues

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

It is a great pity the football impasse at Calcutta still continues. The drastic action taken by the I. F. A. in suspending the three recalcitrant clubs—the Mahomedan Sporting, East Bengal and Kalighat—should have brought them to their senses But instead of offering an unconditional apology to the controlling body for their sins of omission and commission, they played for diplomacy. The I. F. A. had, therefore, no other alternative than to enforce discipline to the bitter end. By keeping the three abovementioned clubs and of the Shield Tournament, the Governing Body has courted a certain amount of unpopularity among the masses. Because, admittedly, these clubs command a large following among them. But when dispute arises between discipline and popularity, the former has to be given the first choice—and, most of all, in sport. Without discipline no game is worth-playing.

BENGAL'S MISFORTUNE

It is most unfortunate that in Bengal power and position have wielded greater influence in the sporting world than the cause of sport. For this reason there has been constant bickering and friction between some of these clubs and the I. F. A. The late Maharaja of Santosh, a former President of the I. F. A., tried his utmost to patch up these differences during the last few years. But instead of palliating the trouble, his mediations aggravated it. The climax was reached the other day when these clubs openly flouted the decisions and directions of the Governing Body. Now some of the Ministers of Bengal, who

(Continued on page 16, col. 3)

Don McNeill—recent conqueror of Riggs in the French Championships who was sensationally 'knocked out' by Kukuljevic.

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With VapoRub, you do not need to hesitate about treating a cold at the first sign—or about repeating the treatment as often as you wish. VapoRub is safe even for the youngest child.

✓ **Brings extra quick relief**
Gets right at the roots of a cold. Its medicinal vapours are inhaled with every breath, direct to the air-passages. *At the same time* it acts like a poultice direct through the skin. It is this direct, *double* action that quickly loosens phlegm, relieves coughing, breaks up congestion, makes breathing easy.

✓ **Proved by mothers all over the world**
Two generations of mothers have depended on VapoRub. In 71 countries, over 26 million jars are used every year.

✓ **Proved by doctors**
The safety and effectiveness of VapoRub in treating colds have been further proved in one of the world's largest series of clinical tests. *You'll bless the day you try it.*

VICKS VAPORUB

Just rub it on throat, chest, and back at bedtime.

UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG EDUCATED YOUTHS

Nizam's Govt. Plan To Tackle Question In State

HYDERABAD, (DN.) July 11.

Much time and labour has been spent by the Government in the past two years in a thorough examination of the problem of educated unemployed in the State and of the means for grappling with it.

These deliberations took concrete shape in March last, when on a Firman issued by His Exalted Highness the Nizam who has personally interested himself in the question, an Unemployment Bureau was established under the aegis of the Department for Technical and Vocational Education. The Government have now followed this up with the constitution of a strong and representative Advisory Council, composed of officials and non-officials, to advise and assist the Bureau in devising ways and means for tackling the problem thoroughly and efficiently and in mapping out its method of work.

ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETS

The first meeting of this Advisory Council was held this morning at the Osmania Technical College with Khan Fazl Mahomed Khan, the Commissioner for Technical and Vocational Education in the chair and a long agenda before it.

Nawab Mahdi Yar Jung Bahadur, the Education Member, inaugurated the proceedings. In the course of his speech the Education Member briefly recapitulated the reasons which had prompted the Government to establish the Bureau and constitute its Advisory Council. He said that the problem of educated unemployed was there though it was by no means acute. But the Government had recognised that it may in time assume serious proportions and therefore it was well to take the question in hand without delay.

In pursuance of this decision Nawab Mahdi Yar Jung Bahadur added, several steps had already been taken: (1) Secondary Education was being reorganised to fit students for callings other than Government service by giving them a bias towards manual work. (2) Agriculture and other industries were being developed in the State and a new department had been created for Technical and Vocational Education. (3) The Employment Bureau had been created and placed in charge of Mr. Fazl Mahomed Khan, the Commissioner and Secretary, Department of Technical and Vocational Education, as one who is in the best position to know which persons have received such training and for whom employment other than mere Government service has to be found.

NO MAGIC POWER

The Bureau will be expected to explore all avenues of employment in co-operation with the Government Departments and industrial and commercial undertakings in the State, and (4), as an expression of their anxiety that the Employment Bureau should succeed the Government have now appointed a strong and representative Advisory Council to assist and advise it in its work.

Proceeding the Education Member declared that the Employment Bureau had begun work in March last since when it had compiled and registered the names of educated youths in search of employment and had addressed circulars to various officers and departments calling for information regarding vacancies. It was also making enquiries about the requirements of Government Departments and large private concerns and had also obtained the views of leaders and publicmen in and outside the Dominions on this question.

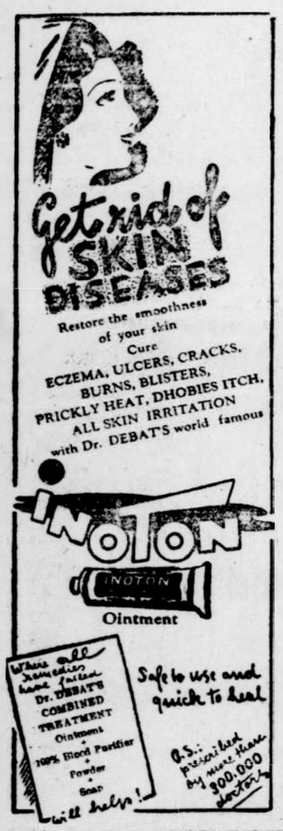
The Nawab Saheb added that all this work constituted merely the first step in the wide field of effort before the Bureau. For this reason the Bureau stood in great need of the personal help and sincere interest of all well-wishers of the State. The problem with which the Bureau was faced did not concern any one department or any one person or office. "It concerns, directly or indirectly, every person and every department and office in the State."

"I wish to lay special stress on this side of the question," said the Education Member who added "The Bureau does not possess any magical power of securing employment for the unemployed. The only power it depends on is the collective effort of all well-wishers of the State."

Nawab Mahdi Yar Jung Bahadur concluded by appealing to the Press to give due publicity to the activities of the Bureau as this would be instrumental in securing increasingly greater help and co-operation for it.

CHOOSE CAREERS EARLY

The Committee then debated an agenda of ten items and reached unanimous decisions. 'Inter alia' the Council decided to popularise among the younger generation through leaflets and other means of propaganda fields of employment not directly or indirectly connected with Government or private service; to develop among them the business mentality and perseverance in business; to impress on Secondary school students and their guardians the importance of the early choice of careers; to emphasise the necessity of co-operation of the public and the press and of the department of Education in this matter; to consider the question of granting loans on easy terms to youngmen for making a start in business or industry, of settling educated youngmen on land for purposes of agriculture, horticulture with canning, sheep farming and dairy and poultry farming and the practicability of seeking help from the legislature to these ends.—A. P.



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Tatuta Maru	27 Aug	4 Sept.
Kamakura Maru	13 Sept.	21 Sept
Asama Maru	5 Oct.	12 Oct.
Tatuta Maru		2 Nov.
Kamakura Maru	19 Nov.	27 Nov.
Asama Maru	6 Dec.	14 Dec.
Tatuta Maru	20 Dec.	28 Dec.

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RAMAKRISHNA JAYANTI AT AHMEDABAD

Swami Sambuddhanand's Message: "Develop Confidence In Yourself"

Jayanti of Shri Ramkrishna Paramahansa was celebrated under the auspices of Shri Ramakrishna Seva Samitee in Premabhai Hall on 2nd inst. Swamiji Sumbuddhanandji was the chief guest and the President for the day.

Sjt. Narmadashanker Thaker, said that Lord Shri Ramakrishna was born to save India from ruin at a very critical moment. Shri Ramakrishna, was the embodiment of Shri Rama and Krishna both, who by sheer spiritual light that was in him, could guide the disciples like Vivekanand and send his message to all the corners of the world through his disciples.

Damubhai Shukla, Principal of Nav Chetan High School went straight to the motives of such celebrations. Such celebrations should be the opportunities to make them think and introspect about their main aim of life. The living faith that Lord Shri Ramakrishna had in spiritualism, should be their guide, rather than mere words and aphorisms that they used at appropriate moments like ornaments.

Swamiji Sambuddhanandji said that though so much was said, much more could remain. Shri Ramakrishna's life was an endless chain of spiritual experiences and could inspire them in infinite ways. Shri Ramakrishna said, 'be true to yourself in word, deed and thought', which in fact meant to be straightforward. He discussed the difference between Pera and Apara Vidya, and complained that though illiterate in the modern sense of the term, Shri Ramakrishna was fully conversant with real knowledge of the soul. In fact, Shri Ramakrishna's life was the consummation of 2,000 years of spiritual life of 30 millions of people of India. The speaker referred to his glorious contribution to other religions. Swamiji hoped that Ahmedabad would absorb more and more of Shri Ramakrishna's teaching and when he came next he could see a finely developed Ashram at Ahmedabad. Ahmedabad was pushing forward in many ways and let it not be backward in the exhorted.

The next day, (3rd inst.), Swamiji Sambhuddhanandji addressed the students of the Nav Chetan High School, on the necessity of keeping the central aim of life always before them and on the value of confidence in one's self, and of respect for others. He asked them to avoid drifting aimlessly in life, and the tendency to read only Western authors. He reminded them of the cultural heritage of India and then answered the questions put to him by the students.

In the evening of 3rd inst., he delivered a lecture on "The messag of Swami Vivekanand to young India," under the Presidentship of Prof. Davar. Swamiji said that infusing the life and spirit in the youths of India was his most characteristic contribution. He always stressed the point that every human being was potentially devine and perfect, and that the aim of education was to bring forth that divinity and perfection. "Develop confidence in yourself" was the substance of Swami Vivekanand's message to the youths. Swamiji said that the greatest sin was cowardice, and it was the root cause of all sins. "Be courageous, be man, realise the lion in you" was all that he wanted and aimed at.

Prof. Davar in his presidential speech said that, the word Daridra Narayan was originated by Swami Vivekanand, and he always stressed on the spirit of service of the poor, the miserable and the downtrodden. Swamiji enunciated the Gospel of Power and Gospel of Service in the same breath. He wanted youths to come out to serve Daridra Narayan, and hence the centres of Ramakrishna all over the world, even in cities and not only in the secluded places like Himalayas.

SWAMI SAMBUDDHANANDA AT BARODA

Speech On "Cultural Invasion Of The West By India"

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail.)

Swami Sambuddhananda, President, Ramkrishna Ashram, Bombay, delivered an interesting lecture on the "Cultural Invasion of the West by India, and Swami Vivekananda's contribution to it", at the Baroda College, Central Hall, with Prof. A. K. Trivedi in the chair.

Swamiji, first of all, explained, how India, cloister house of Nature, was eminently fitted for intensive culture which is largely responsible for the inestimable treasures of India's philosophy, ethics, and metaphysics and exhorted the audience to study the true History of India which alone can be a source of inspiration to their progressive life, social, intellectual, moral, and spiritual.

While speaking about India's Cultural invasion in the West during the nineteenth century, the Speaker said that the great Swami Vivekananda was the first to convey the message of Vedanta to the West and carry conviction to the hearts of the people of Europe and America about the enormous depth, significance, and width of outlook, of the tenets of Vedantism. The Speaker narrated how the illustrious Swami Vivekananda came in touch with the whole host of Western scholars and made indelible impression in their hearts. The Speaker exhorted the youths of India to rise equal to the occasion and respond to the clarion call of the great and illustrious Swami Vivekananda in the service of humanity, irrespective of caste, creed, or colour.

Students of the Charoter Boarding House, entertained Swamiji at night with a grand feast. They also took the opportunity of having a free, and heart-to-heart talk with the Swamiji and learnt many things of Hinduism.

Swami Sambuddhanandji, President, Shree Ramkrishna Ashram, Bombay, who on an invitation from Surat, Ahmedabad and Baroda public, had been on a lecture tour paid a flying visit to Tarapur (Cambay).

During the short time he was there, Swamiji addressed the boys of the English School, the teaching staff, and the public, advising them to develop the strength of faith and determination like Nachiketa.

Swamiji's presence inspired the local workers to establish "Ramkrishna Seva Sangh" in Tarapur to carry on the various cultural, moral and other humanitarian and social activities. Decent donations have been promised by some prominent people of the place and many more are likely to follow.

23 Accused In Mundra Case

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUNDRA, (Cutch), July 13.

Sensational cases arising out of the disturbances here on June 12 and 13, when a procession of Hindus with Hanuman idol was attacked came up to-day before Mr. Amritlal Mehta, Special Magistrate.

There are 23 accused out of whom one is absconding.

Our Rajkot Letter

RESTRICTION ON IMPORTATION OF LIQUOR

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, July 10.

With the impending uncertainty of rains and the scarcity of fodder, the Palitana Durbar has ordered cheap distribution of fodder and hay from State owned haystocks and mangers to the farmers of the State to feed their cattle.

RESTRICTION ON LIQUOR.

On the occasion of the recent birth-day celebrations of the Porbander Durbar, the Maharaja announced rigid restrictions on the importation of the liquor within the State limits, and the opening of Primary Schools in every village with a population of 500 or more and reduction in Durbar dues.

Within a few days, reports of raids by dacoits in several villages of Kathiawar have reached here.

LICENSE FEE FOR BROKERS FIXED.

The speculation in oil and oilseed which was declared illegal some months ago by State authorities, has been now legalised by the Durbar. License fee for a broker is fixed at Rs. 10 and an extra charge of 1/4 anna per every sale of 100 tins.

It is strongly believed that Captain Pearson, the Under-Secretary to the Resident, and the Additional District Magistrate is likely to take over the charge of administration of Rajkot State in a few days.

Dacoits In Rajkot Busy

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

It is understood that Mr. U. N. Dhebar, President, Rajkot Praja Parishad, left for Bardoli to attend the coming meeting of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee in response to an invitation received by him.

A fakir, who had assaulted Chief Constable of Rajkot Civil Station, has been sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment by the Additional District Magistrate of the Civil Station.

Mr. Maxwell Gumbidon, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Western India States and Gujarat States Agency, personally toured the area of Rajkot and Kotda States, wherein several villages have been subjected to night-raids, and loots by a gang of dacoits. Rajkot State S. P. and Kotda Police are also camping in the vicinity, to round up the gang.

On the 10th instant Rajkot had heavy showers. The total rain, so far recorded does not exceed three inches but all the same immediate fears of famine have been removed.

ALLEGED MALADMINISTRATION IN MANAVADAR & BILKHA STATES

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, July 13.

Last week Mr. E. C. Gibson, Resident, Western India States Agency, paid an official visit to Manavadar State.

It is understood that during his stay at Manavadar, the Resident went into the question of alleged maladministration of the State. It is gathered from official quarters that Manavadar will be having a Dewan appointed by the Agency very shortly.

Another case of investigation of alleged maladministration is of Bilkha State. Here also it is likely that the Agency may send an Administrator.

PAVE WAY FOR PROGRESS

A Businessman Looks At Wasteful Habits And Social Traditions

"If prohibition, why Shradh and Chehlum?" This was the subject of a broadcast in Hindustani by Mr. Ali Mahomed Mecklai on Wednesday evening:—

Mr. Mecklai said:

"If the drink habit is bad and so is the sale of daughters, why not create public opinion on the subject of Shradh and Chehlum which customs are impoverishing the people through unnecessary and wasteful expenditure."

"The customs of Shradh and Chehlum are both based on the idea of celebrating the memory of the respected and loved ones who are now no more in this world. But neither the beloved departed souls nor the deceased ancestors will feel happy to see the living people impoverish themselves and their family and children by incurring wasteful expenditure on customs associated with their memory".

Mr. Mecklai said that Shradh and Chehlum were not the only expensive customs. There were many others which had gained so much vogue in society that in some communities it was not unusual to celebrate some occasion or other on 150 out of 365 days in the year. Such celebrations naturally resulted in expenditure and since those who observed them considered it incumbent on them to follow closely in the wake of conventions and traditions, they had to incur debts and lay the sure foundation of the economic deterioration of their life.

To-day, the world is moving towards progress. The need for mass education is urgent. Then orphans and widows have to be cared for. All these reforms need money and if it is spent on wasteful habits. Society cannot progress.

It is therefore, the duty of the leaders of the communities, and the Panchas to frame rules for the abolition of customs which involve unfruitful expenditure and instead of resulting in any good, cause misery and starvation to children, stunt their growth and handicap their education. There is a greater need for prohibiting these customs than prohibition itself. But while prohibition is enforced by legislation, the undesirable and extravagant customs will have to be removed through education and persuation of those who wield influence over the communities.

Every religion attaches importance to education and the care of orphans and poor widows. The prophet of Islam who was himself an orphan, cared all his life for the good of the helpless orphans and poor widows. On this subject all religions are unanimous and if the country is to advance it must turn its serious attention to it."

He said that most of the countries of the far and middle east have achieved great social and economic progress by ridding themselves of the expensive, useless and obnoxious customs and the good achievements and reforms of these countries could easily be copied by our countrymen.

Mr. Mecklai concluded his speech by saying that while he could only reach the ears of his listeners, he wanted his message to reach their hearts so that they may act upon it and thus pave the way of the greater progress of different communities

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED

JAMNAGAR, July 11.

H. H. the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar sentenced Charan Rajshi Rama to rigorous imprisonment of 20 years on a charge of murder, but simultaneously, in exercise of his plenary power of mercy, announced the commutation of the sentence to 15 years' rigorous imprisonment, in view of the birth of the Heir-Apparent in this auspicious year. The accused was, subject to confirmation of His Highness the Jam Saheb, sentenced to death by Mr. S. N. Shah, the Sir Nyayadish of Nawanagar, but the accused appealed to His Highness, His Highness gave him the benefit of doubt, and, instead of sentencing him to death, passed the sentence as above.

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45 Fractures In Five Years!

PERTH

Valerie Best, five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Best of Victorian Park, Perth, Western Australia, has sustained 45 limb fractures in her short life.

Valerie may never walk as she suffers from abnormal brittleness of the bone structure. The malady is known as fragileness ossium, and doctors despair of effecting a cure.

It is four months since Valerie last had a fracture—one of the longest periods she has been without one. Fractures may be brought about in the simplest way. For instance, in picking her up a stranger might unwittingly cause a fracture of an arm.

Her mother is so accustomed to fractures now that she treats Valerie herself. Although she cannot walk, Valerie slides about the house with surprising agility.—Reuter.

Norway's Diving Cat

HELSINKI

A large cat with a passion for salmon is the despair of anglers at Gudenaadalen, in the Toerring district of Norway.

According to the Newspaper "Hufvudstadssladet", this cat can be seen almost any morning at dawn crouching on the river bank watching for her prey. When she sees a fair-sized salmon she dives in and catches it.

The cat's catch is said to amount to three or four fine fish a day.—Reuter.

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A. G. GRAY, Manager.

Our Madras Letter

LABOUR LEGISLATION TO BE DEFERRED?

Madras Govt. Awaiting Views Of Employers And Commerce Chambers

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, (By Mail).

The meeting of the Madras Legislative Assembly, which has been summoned for August 3, is not expected to last more than a week judging from the official business that may be ready for inclusion in the agenda. Rules under the Sales Tax, the drafting of which has now been completed by the Revenue Secretary and will shortly receive the Government's consideration before publication, will be the main business of the Assembly. A short bill for postponement of the annual rotational election of councillors for 15 divisional seats of the Madras City Corporation due in October and to provide for triennial elections simultaneously for all seats of the Corporation, is stated to be one of the legislative measures that may be brought up before the Assembly at its next meeting if Government are in a position to take a decision in that regard in time. The labour legislation is not likely to be brought forward at this session but it will be deferred till the Government have received the views of the prominent employers and Commerce chambers in the presidency, in reply to the memorandum circulated to them by the Government last week.

It is learnt that the employers want to know more details than are covered in the memorandum as to how the Government would define working conditions, what machinery of approach the Government would recommend between labour union and the employers in labour disputes and what percentage of membership would be fixed as a condition precedent to the recognition of a union. While welcoming the Government's attempts to solve working conditions in the province by means of legislation on the lines of the Bombay Government, the employers' associations in general consider that a few of the proposals adumbrated will, in actual practice be unpractical and unsound. It is believed that the proper time for taking up the question of labour legislation would be after the National Planning Committee had completed its labours and the Government is therefore urged to defer consideration of the subject till that time.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.

With regard to the proposal regarding unemployment insurance, the employers point out that it will greatly retard the growth of industry in the province. The Southern India Millowners' Association for instance state that such a burden in the very nascent stage of textile industry, especially with higher rates of wages, the telling effects of the sales tax, the increase in municipal, local and other taxes, and last but not the least, the recent slab-system of Income-tax, would make the cost of the industry very considerable. No other province, it is pointed out has yet tried this measure of unemployment insurance with compulsory contribution from employees and employers and only exceptional quota from the Government. The Andhra Chamber of Commerce urges to drop the proposal of unemployment insurance for the present and to take it up at the end of five years. In the meanwhile, it is suggested, the Government may give doles to the unemployed and set apart a portion of the proceeds of the sales tax for the purpose, if they are so inclined. If the Government are bent on introducing unemployment insurance the Andhra Chamber suggests that the contribution by employers should be reduced to the bare minimum and in case the measure is not brought into operation before July 1941.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME.

The development of rural industries, devising ways and means to offer relief to landless rural labourers during periods of seasonal unemployment, the starting of Veterinary First-Aid centre at select rural places in the Vizagapatam district and the progress of the scheme for the establishment of a commercial and industrial museum-cum-emporium, were the several subjects discussed at the recent periodical District Administration Conference. The Collector at the outset outlined the scheme of the United Provinces Government for the development of rural industries and stated that the Madras Government were now contemplating the introduction of a similar scheme in this province An essential part of the scheme, it might be remembered, is the proposal to have central polytechnic institutions to train instructors in various rural crafts. After several officers had expressed their views on the subject, the Conference generally agreed with the scheme, subject to certain modifications necessary to suit the conditions of the Madras province.

MALE NURSES IN MADRAS HOSPITALS.

In accordance with the scheme propounded by the Health Minister, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, the selection for training of male nurses in the various hospitals in the city and mofussil had been made and they entered into their training period which commenced to-day in the several hospitals in the presidency. Nine centres in the presidency have been selected as places for training and they are the General Hospital, the Royapuram hospital, (Madras), the headquarters hospitals of Tanjore, Coimbatore, Mangalore, Guntur, Salem, Vizagapatam and Calicut. Seven candidates had been taken for the General Hospital and three in the Rayapuram hospitals.

TAMIL NAD BAN ON SUBHAS RECEPTION

SOMETHING UNHEARD OF IN POLITICAL LIFE, SAYS LEADING CONGRESSMAN

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, July 10.

Much resentment is felt in political circles here over the "unwise" circular issued by Mr. Cmandur Ramaswami Reddiar, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, appealing to all Congress Committees and Congressmen not to identify themselves in their official capacity with functions connected with Mr. Subhas Bose's forthcoming visit to this presidency. Congressmen and leaders of other parties regret that such a measure should have been taken and feel that the Tamil Nad Congress Committee should not have been so unfriendly towards a guest of honour. Criticism is not free in Congress circles owing to obligations of Party discipline, while leaders of other parties are outspoken in their condemnation of the circular. In commercial quarters it is felt that the sort of boycott advocated in the circular would only intensify the spirit of provincialism. Mr. M. C. T. M. Chidambaram Chettiar, President of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce, interviewed said: "Apart from Sjt. Subhas Babu being a Congressman, he being a well-known gentleman in Bengal, the circular issued by the T.N.C.C. President will create a provincial feeling, which will jeopardise the trade interest between one province and another."

SOMETHING UNHEARD OF

On what score could anybody boycott Mr. Bose, explained an Insurance Manager when he was informed about the circular. After all Mr. Bose was a Congressman like any other member of that organisation. He might have had radical and more advanced views. Even in Great Britain many members of Parliament held different views, but they did not boycott one another.

Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayeed, a prominent member of the Independent Party, also expressed the same opinion. Another remarked that it was a pity that the President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee should have been greeted in this manner by the President and members of the P.C.C. of a sister province. It makes the rule of courtesy in the Congress into a farce and it will have unpleasant repercussions and very disagreeable memories after it is all over. A leading Congressman who said that his name should be held back remarked that the ban was something unheard of in political life. It was very improper to show an insulting attitude towards an ex-President of the National Congress and provoke dissensions.

PETTY-MINDED

A Bengali businessman on a visit to Madras seemed to take a resentful view of the "welcome" offered to Sjt. Bose and asserted that such gestures were unworthy of the Madras province. There were hundreds of Madrasis working for their livelihood in Bengal and if this kind of unparliamentary insults to leaders were allowed, their position would also suffer. They did not probably know that Bose was the idol of Young Bengal. Bengalis would love to hear that Mr. Bose had been given the same opportunities of mixing with people and speaking in public as he had received in other places, where he was not ostracised for his opinions by the Congress Committees concerned. It was very petty-minded of Madras to prevent a generous welcome to Subhas Babu.

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN RURAL AREAS

West Khandesh Workers' Conference

A Conference of the following persons representing the undermentioned institutions doing literacy work in West Khandesh, was held at Dhulia at the residence of Dr. R. N. Ashtaputre, Chairman, Saksharata Prasarak Shakha, Dhulia.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Names of Institutions and Representatives:—

(1) Saksharata Prasarak Shakha, Dhulia; (1) Dr. R. N. Ashtaputre; (2) Mr. Naval Patil; (3) Mr. D. K. Deshpande.

(2) Bhil Sudhar Samiti: (1) Mr. R. N. Garde, for Mr. V. G. Javdekar.

(3) S. P. Sangh, Taluka Sakri: (1) Mr. Madhavrao N. Bhosale; (2) Mr. Trimbakrao Patil.

(4) S. P. Sangh T. Sindhkheda: (1) Mr. R. R. Tongaonkar.

Mr. V. N. Barve, representing the Bhil Seva Mandal, (Partially excluded areas) and Mr. Kanhyalal Shroff of the S. P. Sangh, Taluka Shirpur could not attend due to unexpected engagements.

Other gentlemen present by special invitation: (1) Mr. More, Bar.-at-Law, President, District Local Board, West Khandesh; (2) Mr. Pandit, Chairman, District School Board, West Khandesh; (3) Mr. Yeshwantrao Patil, Sakri.

A little over 300 new primary schools have been opened in the villages of West Khandesh, under the Congress Government's new scheme. The schools are working satisfactorily.

Disabilities and difficulties experienced by workers were then considered and resolutions were adopted embodying them in the resolutions.

IMPROVING INDIAN CATTLE BREEDS

Imperial Dairy Institute Investigations

Encouraging results are reported to have been obtained at the Imperial Dairy Institute, Bangalore, from systematic control breeding. The Institute possesses over 200 head of Sindhi cattle and 51 of Gir and, also, a herd of 59 Murrah buffaloes.

To build up a sound commercial pedigree herd, weaning at birth and hand-rearing have been adopted for all the three herds.

The breeding policy pursued aims at developing high milk yielding strains in the indigenous breeds; cross breds are also being brought back to the indigenous type with greater and greater infusion of indigenous blood by employing bulls of indigenous breeds.

Both the Sindhi and Gir herds have been divided into three classes of animals, namely, (i) pedigreed stock, (ii) graded stock and (iii) country stock for crossing, according to their performance and breeding and each class of animals was then bred to selected bulls. The result has been satisfactory, there has been a distinct improvement in performance, conformation and type of the progeny. The following is a comparative statement of the milk yields of the three breds.

Sindhi herd (Average of 591 Lactations.)

	Average Milk Yield.	Days in Milk	Days dry
(a) Purchased animals	2,725	342	177
(b) Farm bred animals	3,061	265	154
Gir Herd (Average Of 49 Lactations.)			
(a) Purchased animals	2,447	263	227
(b) Farm bred animals	3,096	334	157
Murrah Herd (Average Of 152 Lactations.)			
(a) Purchased animals	4,530	300	188
(b) Farm bred animals	4,656	312	153

Police Parade In Quetta

QUETTA, July 14.

Sir Arthur Parsons, Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan reviewed the Baluchistan police force this morning when about 250 men paraded.

After inspection Sir Arthur Parsons presented the King's police medal to Head Constable Mohd. Hussain and then policemen marched past. Sir Arthur Parsons taking the salute.—A.P.

POTENCY OF MUSIC

It Quickens Up Work

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Mail.)

Music in factories can speed up work, according to views expressed in a report on rest pauses and refreshments in industry, issued by the National Institute of Industrial Psychology.

Interviews were obtained with officials of 1,050 factories, employing 305,000 people. A percentage of 10.7 of the factories provided music.

Some of the comments from these officials were:

Employees doing hammer work keep time to swingy music. Manager has noticed work quicken up with introduction of music.

Music has the effect of stopping chatter, and work improves in consequence.

The girls prefer work in the warehouse with music to work in other departments where higner wages are earned.

Singing is allowed, and they work better, because it stops them talking. People can work and sing, but they cannot work and talk.

Commenting on criticism of "canned" music, the report states:

"We must not condemn 'canned' music too harshly, for its presence in the factory may be but the modern equivalent of the flute player of olden days who charmed the ears of the Greek ladies as they carried out their household tasks."

It was found that 52.9 per cent. of the factories visited had official rest pauses, which were spent in taking refreshments. Bread was the most common food, and tea the most popular liquid refreshment.

SHE-WOLF 'ADOPTS' BABY GIRLS

A Thrilling Jungle Drama

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

Professor R. Ruggles Gates, of King's College, London, revealed to the "Sunday Chronicle" the amazing case of a she-wolf that adopted two baby girls left to die in an Indian jungle.

One of Britain's most distinguished scientists, Professor Gates, is making a special study of cases of adoption of humans by animals.

Data for this particular case were given to Professor Gates by an Indian Christian missionary, the Rev. J. Singh.

Here is the story as related by Professor Gates:

Ten years ago Mr. Singh was working among a primitive tribe in the jungles of Bihar, Northern India. The natives told him some incredible stories about a ghost wolf that haunted the jungle near the village.

OBSERVATION FROM TREE TOP.

To discredit the story the missionary had a platform built up a tree so that he could keep watch.

The first night the missionary kept watch a she-wolf came out of her den under a huge ant-hill. A little way behind the wolf loped two strange little brown creatures.

At first the missionary could not make out what the little brown creatures were. Then to his astonishment he realised that the two "animals" were little native girls—one slightly older than the other.

One of them seemed to be about seven or eight, the other a year or two younger.

Probably the wolf had lost her cubs, and, finding the baby girls, had "adopted" them.

The missionary captured the girls and took them to an orphanage for Indian children. At first they were unmanageable. They bit and snarled.

Patiently the orphanage staff tried to train the wild children. But the younger one could not get rid of her jungle ways. After six months in the home she pined and died.

The elder child, however, gradually learned some human habits. She was cured of biting and snarling. By placing her food on a high table she was taught to stand. But she still ate and drank like a wolf.

She never learned to run like a human being, but always dropped on hands and knees when she wanted to go fast.

New Cure For Whooping Cough?

(From A Correspondent)

It has long been known that a "change of air," such as can be provided by a holiday in a mountainous district, is a cure for the distressing and dangerous childhood ailment of whooping cough. Now, the same results could be obtained by sending children up in an aeroplane for short flights, say of 2 hours at a height of about 3,000 feet. The danger is that medical control is impossible in an aeroplane, and ear or lung troubles might develop from such flights.

But a perfect alternative exists—to use the air chambers in which aeroplane pilots are tested; in these, atmospheric conditions corresponding to those obtaining at any height up to 20,000 feet can be brought about by reducing the air pressure inside the chamber. And in this case the process can be watched by doctors from outside the chamber, through port-holes in the sides. The idea is worth trying.—'Condensed from Je Sais Tout, Paris.'

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RESULTS FOR WEEK ENDING 8th JULY, 1939.

BOMBAY AREA HIDDEN No. 83,333: 1st Mr. N. P. MISTRY, New India Assurance Co., Ltd., Bombay. (83,337) 2nd Mr. E. T. DEAN, Long-Sight, Mussoorie (83,316). 3rd. Mr. A. C. NANJI, 22, Wylie Street, Bombay (83,236).

CALCUTTA AREA. HIDDEN No. 114,399: 1st Mr. U. L. HALDER, 66/4 Strand Bank Road, Calcutta. (114,401). 2nd Mr. J. A. LOVELACE, Guard B. N. Ry., Chakardharpur (114,573). 3rd. Mr. G. G. TANDON, Madan Stores, Allahabad (114,682).

KARACHI AREA. HIDDEN No. 111,239: 1st. Mr. B. N. KOTIAN, New Queen's Road, Bombay. (111,240) 2nd. Mr. S. KATARIA, Pipar City, Marwar (111,235) 3rd. Miss AMBU A. LAGU, Jhamrai Road, Karachi. (111,257).

MADRAS AREA. Hidden No. 93,346: 1st. MAMMOO DOOMA, Hajamadi Village, S. Kanara. (93,340). 2nd. Miss NIRMALA DEVI, 3366, Ediga Extension, Mysore (93,368). 3rd Mr. T. S. A. PILLAI, 46, Kanakasabapathi Pillai Street, Tuticorin (93,414).

Rs. 500/- in Prizes every week FREE Handkerchiefs!

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The wonderful new remedy relieves Indigestion, Flatulence, Distention and Heartburn in less than 20 minutes. Absolutely safe. Recommended by the leading physicians. Partake of your favourite dishes, parottas, chappattis, purees, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects. Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

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BURGOYNE'S NORMO-GASTRINE

CHALLENGE TO MUNICIPALITY

Harijan Leader Removes Board For Separate Pipe For Water

JALGAON, (By Mail).

A big meeting was held at Jalgaon in sweeper colony at Jalgaon, District East Khandesh on July 9. The meeting was convened under the auspices of Navjavan Bhangi Samaj, Jalgaon.

Mr. D. G. Jadhav, M.L.A., Chairman, Independent Labour Party Khandesh Branch presided.

Mr. Jadhav after having attended the District Committee meeting for village roads and water supply came in the colony along with the local pleaders Messrs B. V. Pradhan, Sonalkar, Gandhe and others.

The meeting was specially convened to congratulate Mr. A. B. Kandare being the first graduate from the sweeper community in the Presidency of Bombay. Mr. Kandare passed the B.A. examination in Honours.

Speeches were made by Congress and non-Congressmen who attended the meeting to congratulate Mr. Kandare.

Mr. Jadhav emphasised the need of education amongst the poor and down-trodden of humanity. He said that education was the only saviour of the Depressed class people to lift them up from their oppressed and suppressed condition.

While Mr. Jadhav was addressing the meeting he happened to see a Board on a specially built pacca chunam wall for the water pipes erected for the public.

CHALLENGE TO MUNICIPALITY

There are two pipes side by side. One pipe is reserved for the upper caste Hindus and on the other pipe there appears a Board with the following letters "Only for Untouchables".

Mr. Jadhav saw the board and he could not bear the insult of his poor people in this fashion at the hands of a democratic body like the Jalgaon City Municipality. He at once resolved to remove the board in the presence of the meeting. He told the audience that he could not bear the insult of his down-trodden and humble community by putting up a separate board calling them untouchables and prohibiting them from using another pipe as was done.

Some Congressmen asked Mr. Jadhav not to remove the board as they would request the authorities to remove it.

Mr. Jadhav insisted on removing the board and gave an open challenge to the authorities of the Municipality to prosecute him for breaking municipal rules and regulations.

He said: "I am prepared to stand any trial in any court of law and will feel happy to be imprisoned and persecuted for his action." He requested the audience to be quiet and patient. He then personally took away the board.

He condemned the action of the City Municipality for sticking a separate board for Untouchables.

Other speakers from the Independent Labour Party also condemned the action of the Municipality.

Mr. Jadhav left Jalgaon for Chalisgaon the same night.

WOVEN WIRE FENCE FOR FARMS & FIELDS
B.S.G. ELECTRICALLY WELDED MESH FOR FERRO CONCRETE
CORRUGATED ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS 9/32" THICK
COPPER & BRASS NETTINGS & PERFORATED SHEETS
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Tennis

Budge Discusses The "Masters"

Tilden—The Complete Master: Cochet The Artist—Perry The 'Eagle-Eyed'

Suzanne Lenglen—The Epitome Of Grace And Flowing Movement—The 'Tilden' Of Women's Tennis

"Budge on Tennis" (Jarrolds, 6s.) is the latest addition to the small amount of really authoritative existing tennis literature. The present World's undisputed No. 1 in his masterly 'work' has a good deal to say on the various problems which confront aspiring players—and says it intelligently and 'amusingly'.

Budge's pen pictures of some of the game's leading players are highly interesting.

Thus: "Helen Wills Moody hammered her rivals into submission with dreadnought forehand and backhand drives; with such armaments, strategy and finesse were superfluous to her needs."

BIG BILL

"William T. Tilden was the complete tennis player. He had the greatest mastery of spin of any man or woman in the history of the game. He had a cannon-ball service and blinding pace off the ground on both wings. He had one of the greatest pair of legs tennis has known. He had the ideal height, shoulders, grace and litheness of movement that no player with the exception of Fred Perry has matched, and he was always in condition. On top of all this, he could give most of his opponents cards and spades in his knowledge of the game from A to Z. He knew all the tricks, had all the devices, and had the brain to dictate when to make use of them.

'TILDEN' OF WOMEN'S TENNIS

"Suzanne Lenglen was the Tilden of women's tennis. She knew the game like a book. She was the epitome of grace and flowing movement. She could put the ball on the proverbial dime, such was her control, and she won, not by outhitting her opponents, but by beating them on position play. Rene Lascoste had nothing like Tilden's variety of strokes, but he caught up and beat the great American champion in 1927, in spite of Tilden's devices and wizardry. He did it entirely from the back of the court with his Continental drives that never missed against any kind of spin, and that kept the full length of the court with almost unbelievable accuracy.

COCHET THE ARTIST

"Henri Cochet was the master of the quickly taken ball, an artist with a racket who never strained or hurried, was always on the ball with effortless ease, and attacked with equal facility from the forecourt and baseline. Helen Jacobs never could develop a forehand drive, but she had a chop that broke up her opponent's superior drives. Also, she defended so valiantly that she defeated players with much better attacking equipment, and won the American championship four years in a row. John Doeg, like Miss Jacobs, could never master the drive, although he had one of the greatest serves of all time, and he could volley; he won the U. S. championship with a chop for a forehand.

FRED PERRY

"Fred Perry had one of the finest physiques any player ever brought to the game. He was like a cat on his feet. He had the eye of an eagle, and a wonderful sense of co-ordination and timing that enable him to take the ball on the run. Perry hit a sound, fast ball; he had no use for the chop, slice or drop-shot. He was wonderfully fit, and could retrieve all day without losing balance, and he was a world's champion.

'HARD-HITTING' VINES

"Ellsworth Vines had none of Perry's vitality and speed around the court, but he had possibly the hardest forehand of them all. He hurled thunderbolts whether he was serving, smashing, driving or volleying, sometime defying the gods of chance with the narrow margin of safety he permitted himself above the net and on the lines. Wilmer Allison had the heart of a lion, and volleyed like a madman. Sidney Wood was a master of tactics and a stylist to his finger-tips, who could enchant the gallery when he had the touch and lose to a tyro when he did not have it."

The Mysore Princesses leaving the Bombay Radio after their music broadcast on Wednesday night.

"BLUE PETER" WINS ECLIPSE STAKES

"Glen Loan" And "Challenge" Secure Places

LONDON, July 14.

The Eclipse Stakes run at Sandown Park over a distance of 1 mile two furlongs resulted as follows:—

BLUE PETER (Jones)	1
GLEN LOAN (Jones)	2
CHALLENGE (D. Smith)	3

Eight ran. Won by one and a half length. Three lengths separated the second and the third.

BETTING: two to seven BLUE PETER; hundred to six GLEN LOAN; hundred to seven CHALLENGE.

Jack Jarvis trains' Blue Peter.—Reuter.

DELIRIOUS CROWD WITNESSES CONN DEFEAT BETTINA

NEW YORK, July 14.

IN A FIFTEEN-ROUND TITLE FIGHT A CROWD OF 20,000 WERE DELIRIOUS WITH EXCITEMENT WHEN THE 21-YEAR OLD CONN OUTPOINTED BETTINA, WHO EARLY BEWILDERED CONN AND TOOK THE FIRST SIX ROUNDS.

CONN, THE FAR SUPERIOR BOXER, THEN EFFECTIVELY WIPED OUT THE EARLY DEFICIT, MAINLY BY STANDING OFF AND SCORING WITH RAPIER LEFTS AND RIGHTS TO THE CONFUSION OF BETTINA WHO IS A FIERCE IN—FIGHTER.

CONN WAS 12 Stone 2½ POUNDS AND BETTINA 12 stones 5¼ POUNDS.

ILL-TREATMENT IN GONDAL JAIL

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, July 12.

News of alleged inhuman treatment meted out to Messrs. Chunilal Kothary and Chatrabhuj Kothary leading merchants of Gondal in Gondal State Jail, have been received here. This news has caused great deal of stir in the business circle and Bania community. It may be recalled here, that these two gentlemen, latter of whom is an ex-Revenue Commissioner of Gondal State, were sent to prison for the offence of having misappropriated accounts of their own business concerns. They were State debtors also, and as such all their property and belongings have been confiscated; and long term imprisonments have been given.

After depriving them of all their property, the only articles of daily use, left for the use of their families, have also now been confiscated. The wife of Mr. Chunilal Kothary, who was leaving for Jetpur, to stay with her brother, was ordered by the Police to leave behind even her clothes. She had to borrow clothes from a neighbour to be able to go to Jetpur. It is time that the Mahajan protested against such wanton acts.

FUELLING BANGALORE CITY!

Special Measures Undertaken

(From A Correspondent).

BANGALORE, July 12.

Of no city in India can it be said as of Bangalore—New Delhi excluded—that it is growing at a more rapid rate. What of its fuel supply? The demand is on the increase every day both for domestic consumption and for industrial purposes.

Government have framed certain rules for the grant of waste and unoccupied lands for the planting of timber, fruit and fuel trees. Under these rules, unassessed Government waste lands and assessed dry lands are given to individuals or Village Panchayets free of assessment for eight years from the date of grant and at progressive rates of assessment of half or quarter or three-fourth and full assessment from the ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth year, respectively. The grantee is required to plant twenty per cent. of the extent granted with trees within the second year and another twenty per cent. each succeeding year so that the whole shall be planted within six years.

The grantee is at liberty to cultivate cereal and other crops in the planted area without paying additional assessment, to sink irrigation wells and construct farm buildings. If the grantee uses water from a private source, no water-rate will be levied but if it is supplied from Government tanks, channels or other sources, the grantee has to pay the water-rate usually levied on dry lands irrigated by Government water.

If at the end of twelve years should the land continue to be irrigated from Government sources, the assessment demanded will be that of the neighbourhood wet land.

INDIA AND THE WEST

How Civilisation May Be Saved

(From A Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Sind), July 11.

In a recent address at Nuwara Eliya (Ceylon) Vaswaniji criticised the French author Mr. Henri Massis's book "Defense de l'Occident" ("Defence of the West"). Vaswaniji said the French author was up against "the awakening of Asia"; in that "awakening" M. Massis saw the danger to Europe. Vaswaniji pointed out that in the awakening of Asia, in the weakening of European Imperialism, was the hope of a new civilisation which both East and West would join hands together to build up the New Age.

BEAUTY IN VARIETY.

In answer to a question as to why there were so many religions in the world, Vaswaniji said he would answer the question with a question. Why were there so many flowers in the beautiful Nuwara Eliya garden? The many flowers made the garden beautiful. And the Garden of Humanity was all the fairer for different faiths. In variety was the secret of beauty.

DISRUPTIVE FORCE.

In answer to another question *re*: materialism with reference to Young India and the modern west, Vaswaniji said the West had done well to study matter and its laws but materialism was a disruptive force. Young India would advance in the measure she would subordinate material considerations to the great ideals of national progress and national freedom. Young India, too, must grow in the love of the Wisdom of the Rishis. That Wisdom was the need alike of India and the West. Material civilisation, he said, could not be saved until the nations were spiritually redeemed.

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Listerine Antiseptic reaches right down into the mouth and throat, kills outright millions of disease germs. Nature is given a helping hand to keep you well.

Tests have proven that people who gargle daily with Listerine Antiseptic have fewer colds and milder colds than non-users. Listerine Antiseptic sweetens the breath too. It is a pleasant precaution with a double value.

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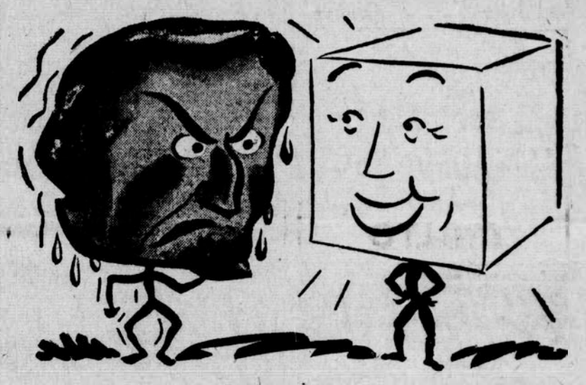

MR. GUR "I have been used in the humble homes of India for many generations. You will find me in every corner of the country where cottages which are too poor for you are good enough for me!"

MR. SUGAR "All right, my unwashed friend, but soon you will find that I am a serious rival of yours in these humble cottages. I pride myself on my quality. The poorest of the poor come to me and pay the price for my purity."

Pure crystal sugar is, indeed, the cheapest and most easily obtainable energy food. Equally good for children and adults, it should form a large part of the family diet. Don't risk illness through contamination-use plenty of pure Indian Sugar.

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SUPPLY OF DRINKING WATER IN VILLAGES

District Boards In Baroda Advised To Prepare Programme

BARODA, (By Mail).

A beneficent quinquennial programme of village wells for providing an adequate supply of good drinking water in villages was completed in January 1939 and 459 wells have been constructed by the District Boards at a cost of Rs. 4,82,525 of which the Government contributed Rs. 2,51,600.

The District Boards have been further advised in preparing the programme to induce bigger villages with a population of about 1,500 to 2,500 to undertake water works on the lines laid down by the Sanitary Commissioner and the Sanitary Engineer who have worked out the approximate initial cost and the cost of maintenance of such water works installations

The use of electric power in such schemes is deemed to be more economical and the District Boards have been advised to consider the suitability of utilising electric power in villages situated at a short distance of places where there are electrical installations.

THE "PREMIUM BULL SYSTEM"

Improvement in the breed of cattl is being secured along with other methods, by the adoption of what is known as "The Premium Bull System" whereby half the cost of the bull is paid by the department of Agriculture, and half by the village provided with the bull; while for three initial years the Department undertakes to pay five rupees per mensem to the cost of the upkeep of the bull if on periodical inspection the animal is found to be adequately cared for.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

(Continued from page 13)

are intimately connected with these clubs, are preaching open defiance of the Association. They propose to exert all their influence to form an independent association in Bengal.

THE NEW MOVE

Perhaps, they may succeed with the help of the District Associations who have some axes to grind against the parent body. Will that solve the problem? Surely not. The forces of communalism and indiscipline which these clubs have let loose, are sure to prevent it. At any rate, it will reduce the chances of fostering the sporting and friendly spirit to the minimum. The cause that has united these three clubs to-day will then disappear and the feud which has existed between them will raise its head again and reproduce the rupture in a wider manner. Then it will be impossible to bridge the gulf and bring back harmony in the troubled waters, for the good of all.

GRAVAMEN OF THE CHARGE

The gravamen of the charge against the I. F. A. is that the referees supplied by them have been poor in quality, which has to a great extent spoilt the chances of some of the clubs. Granting that the charge is absolutely correct, it is no reason why the clubs should revolt. It is their duty to help the Association to improve the standard of refereeing. Until then they have got to accept what is offered and available. "Play to the Whistle" is a fundamental principle of the game. Right or wrong the referee's decision must be accepted without demur. Ordinarily a referee's job is a difficult and thankless one. But frequent insubordination on the field by players and interference by spectators have made the position of a referee in Calcutta still more difficult. In addition, occasional bursts of violence have made their tasks positively dangerous.

ONLY SOLUTION

It would be worth enquiring what steps these clubs have taken during the last few years to give a decent deal to the poor referee. The charges levelled by the I. F. A. against some of these clubs have so far remained unanswered. They are all so serious that anyone of them would bring them under severe disciplinary action. It is no wonder that many people consider it a hopeless and undesirable job to act as a referee on the maidans of Calcutta. If the Augean Stable is to be cleared once for all, no half-hearted action will do. The I. F. A. has done well to bring home to all clubs and players alike that they would not be permitted to treat it with light-heartedness and contempt any more. They must submit to their discipline. It is the duty of all fair-minded people to support the Governing Body of the I. F. A. in their herculean task. The disgruntled clubs would do well to take a lesson from now and learn to observe discipline in future

Summer Athletic Season

(Continued from page 13)

13ft. 5 3/4in., not only a new Polish record, but so far the best European performance this year.

The Finns have discovered a hammer thrower to stand up against Germany's, and that means the world's best. It is the young giant U. Weidt who should continue to improve quickly. In spite of his 17 stones he is remarkably agile and his new Finnish record of 179ft. 8 1/2in. is of international standard.

"Too Much Hush-Hush About Big Cricket!"

(Continued from page 13)

the Rugbyites, whom, I am told, are often a sight more exclusive (should I say "snobbish"?) than cricket big-wigs!

Now it is up to those who control our grand old summer game. A word from the lairds of Lord's would do the trick. Nothing could be easier, and, I declare, nothing would be more welcomed by the man who pays his bob at the turnstiles.

Finally, let me ask my readers if they can suggest any more ideas that would help to bring the crowds back to big cricket. After all, the looker-on sees most of the game, and, often enough, can make a vital contribution towards its welfare. So, friends, let's hear from you.

Seva Sangh Activity In Jamnagar

(From Our Correspondent.)

JAMNAGAR, July 14.

Mr. Gokaldas Hirji has withdrawn his resignation from the Seva Sangh. Prajamandal activities being postponed, the Seva Sangh is renewing social and charitable movements. Moreover, a scheme for night schools and industry is under consideration.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Better Feeling In Gilt-Edged Market

Large-Scale Covering In Silver After Early Fall

RESTRICTED TURNOVER IN SHARE BAZAR

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 14.

MONEY.

Day-to-day funds continued to be offered at 3/4 per cent. per annum throughout the period under report. Term money rates were also unchanged at 1 to 1-1/4 per cent. for three and six months.

The statement of the Reserve Bank of India as on 7th July, 1939 reveals a decline of Rs. 542.85 lakhs in Government Deposits, whereas Banks and Other Deposits have gone up by Rs. 286.08 lakhs and Rs. 5.99 lakhs respectively. Balances held abroad record a decline of Rs. 443.51 lakhs and the ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities is down to 49.146 per cent. Loans and Advances to Government under 'Ways and Means' have increased by Rs. 40 lakhs to Rs. 1.05 crores. The actual note circulation is down by Rs. 104.35 lakhs and the Rupee Coin in circulation has also declined by Rs. 66.13 lakhs.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India as on 7th July 1939 reveals an increase of Rs. 85.39 lakhs in the Investment Portfolio of the Bank and a decline of Rs. 46.66 lakhs in Advances. The Cash Holding of the Bank is down by Rs. 10.48 lakhs to Rs. 15.59 crores.

Total applications for three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were larger than last week and amounted to Rs. 2.70 crores, whereof Rs. 1½ crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0-14-6 per cent. per annum as against Rs. 0-14-8 per cent. in the preceding week. Government have also announced the sale of three months' intermediates from 12th to 17th July 1939 at Rs. 99-12-6 (i.e. Rs. 0-14-5 per cent. per annum) subject to the usual conditions.

GILT-EDGED.

The comparative calm in European politics engendered better feeling in the local gilt-edged market and there was a slight improvement in prices all-round, particularly in 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper which advanced to Rs. 96-5 on Wednesday. At the close, however, the quotation declined to Rs. 95-13 on short-selling. In London, 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling stock gradually improved from £83 to £84 closing at £833/4. Some investment demand was in evidence in 1960-70 loan which improved from Rs. 109-10 to Rs. 110-4 at the end. On the 15th of July, Government are repaying about Rs. 9 crores of unredeemed 1939-44 bonds and six months' interest thereon which may cause some investment inquiry in the local market. The investors, however, are chary of putting their funds in long-term loans and it is, therefore, expected that a large portion of the released funds will go into the Treasury Bill market. Government have advisedly revived the sale of intermediate Treasury Bills from next week. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was about unchanged at Rs. 98-6. 3 per cent. 1941 bonds at Rs. 102-4 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 107-2. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan moved up from Rs. 113-4 to Rs. 113-9, and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loans from Rs. 115-2 to Rs. 115-4. 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan closed unchanged at Rs. 97-10, 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 103-7 and 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan at Rs. 103-7.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was maintained throughout the period under report, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-57/64d. and buyers 1s. 5-29/32d. Remittances made against imports of silver were almost set off by business done in connection with export of gold. The showing of merchandise export bills was restricted.

Among the foreign exchanges in London, sterling was inclined to be steadier in terms of the dollar on improved European political outlook, the sterling/dollar cross-rate advancing from 468.13 to 468.29 cents, closing at 468.19 cents. The premium on three months' forward dollars narrowed from 1.90 to 1.75 cents. The sterling/franc rate was pegged at 176.72 and the discount on three months' forward francs was quoted between 21 and 28 cents during the week. The guilder moved between 8.82-1/32 and 8.80-3/16 and the belga between 27.57-1/2 and 27.54-1/4 whereas the premium on three months' forward guilders varied between 0.25 and 0.62 cents. The lira was pegged at 89.03 throughout the week. Among the Far Eastern exchanges, the yen and the Shanghai dollar were quoted at 1s. 2d. and 6-1/2d. respectively.

GOLD.

Spot gold was almost pegged at Rs. 37-1-9 during the week with variations of 1-1/2 pies either way. Gold for delivery during August and September settlements was quoted at level rates with spot. Fair business was reported to have been put through for prompt shipment, but purchases by the Reserve Bank of India during the week were said to be nil. In London, gold was fixed at 148s. 6d. during the week, whereas the premium of gold over the dollar arbitrage parity was half a pence. Sovereigns were locally quoted at Rs. 23-9-0. Stocks of gold are estimated at about 30,000 tolas, arrivals from up-country at 3,000 tolas a day and the daily off-take unchanged at 1,500 tolas. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 3,51,777 in gold bullion and coins, whilst last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Ranpura" is estimated at Rs. 67,88,716.

SILVER

Opening steady, silver was inclined to sag until mid-week, but thereafter good buying was in evidence. Report from America to the effect that the U. S. Treasury would not lower its price below the present level of 35 cents per ounce was responsible for the large-scale bear-covering. Opening at Rs. 47-8, spot silver touched Rs. 44-7-6, but closed higher again at Rs. 46-3-6. The premium on spot against August settlement widened from the opening level of 2-1/2 annas to 14 annas mid-week, but narrowed to 11 annas at the close. Low stocks of imported silver and good spot demand, which is mainly for foreign bars, were responsible for the higher premium. The backwardation between August and September settlements widened from the opening level of 3-1/2 annas to 8 annas mid-week, but declined to 6 annas at the end. In London, the price of spot silver declined from 17-7/16d. to 16-1/16d. mid-week, but recovered and closed at 16-13/16d. while the discount on two months' forward delivery widened from 1/4d. to 5/8d. Floating stocks of silver are estimated at about 2,250 bars, while the off-take is fairly large at 260 bars a day. 460 bars of silver were imported during the week, whilst silver coins worth Rs. 2,500 have also been imported. Silver valued at £49,600 is "en route" to Bombay. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 47-8 and Rs. 44-7-6 for spot, Rs. 47-6-6 and Rs. 43-13-6 for August settlement and Rs. 47-3-6 and Rs. 43-9 for September settlement.

HESSIAN

The price of hessians for forward delivery moved narrowly between Rs. 9-2-6 and 9-1, whilst prices in the jute section drifted lower with a restricted turn-over.

SHARES

Activity on the stock market was at a low ebb during the period under report, and prices declined somewhat more due to absence of business than pressure to sell. At the close, however, there was a slight improvement on covering.

In the steel group, Tata Deferreds opened at Rs. 1,361-4, declined gradually to Rs. 1,327-8 on Wednesday, but after recovering to Rs. 1,355 closed at Rs. 1,343-12. Ordinaries after declining from Rs. 286 to Rs. 279-8 improved and closed at Rs. 283. The cotton mill section appeared almost neglected, price range being very narrow in all scrips. Bombay Dyeings moved between Rs. 751-4 and Rs. 743-12, closing at Rs. 745, whilst Centuries after declining from Rs. 210-8 to Rs. 205-8, closed at Rs. 206. Central Indias moved between Rs. 208 and Rs. 204-8; Colaba Lands between Rs. 118 and Rs. 114 and Kohinoor between Rs. 221-8 and Rs 218. In the Hydro-Electric group of shares, prices remained static throughout the week. Andhra Valleys closed at Rs. 1,447-8, Tata Hydros at Rs. 153, Tata Powers at Rs. 1,260. Bombay Trams, on the other hand, were a shade better, closing at Rs. 129-4 as against last week's Rs. 128. Bank shares were steady throughout with little business passing. Bank of India's were quoted at Rs. 145-8 at the close, and Central Bank of India's at Rs. 34-2. There were more sellers of Imperial Bank fully paids at Rs. 1,527-8 and Partly Paids at Rs. 377-8 at the close. Railway shares were unchanged. Ahmedabad Prantej was quoted at Rs. 382-8 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 773-12. In the miscellaneous group, there was considerable buying in Associated Cements, which coupled with short covering caused the price to advance to Rs. 135, closing a shade lower at Rs. 133-8. Other scrips were practically unchanged. Bombay Burmas around Rs. 483-8, Scindia Steams at Rs. 18 and New India's at Rs. 38-8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 14.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
3 1/2 p.c. Paper	96/2
4 p. c. 1960/70	110/2
5 p.c. 1945/55	113/10
BANKS	
Bank of Baroda	108
Bank of Hindusthan	27/4
Bank of India	145/8
Central Bank	34
Imperial Bank F. P.	1527/8
Imperial Bank P. P.	377/8
Indian Overseas Bank	4/
Reserve Bank	110
Union Bank	5/14
TEXTILES	
Ahmd. New Textiles	362/8
Ahbica	259/8
Arun	200
Arvind	1075
Asok	180
Bharatkhand Textiles	1910
Bombay Dyeing	745
Buckingham and Carnatics	1/4
Calico	540/10
Central India	905
Century	205/10
Colaba	114/6
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	Nil
Elgin	103/12
Gokak	131/4
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore Malwa	37/8
Jubilee	203/12
Khatau Makanji	81/14
Kohinoor	217/8
Laxmi Cotton	415
Madhusudan	200
Marden	75
Morarji	121/4
Mysore	88/14
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	182/8
Raipur	510
Rajnagar	152/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	67/12
Sholapur	265
Simplex	65/10
Swadeshi	203/12
Vishnu	1000
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1447/8
Tata Hydro Ord.	152/8
Tata Power Ord.	1257/8
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	142/8
Ajmer Electrics	/8
Amalgamated	11/2
Bombay Suburban	157/8
Bombay Tram.	128/12
Lahore Electrics	225
Surat Electrics	147/8
MISCELLANEOUS	
Air Services of India	—
Alcock Ashdown	355
Associated Cements	133
Belapur	176/14
Bombay Burma New	164/6
Bombay Burma Old	482/8
Bombay Steam	252/8
Bombay Telephone	86
Br. B. Petrol	3/3
Burma Corporation	5
Dalmia Cement	11/8
Indian Bleaching	87/8
Industrial Investment Tr.	43/8
Indian Radio Ord.	353/12
Indian Radio Defd.	345
Indian Copper	1/10
Indian Iron	24/2
Mysore Sugar	32
Port Canning	72/12
Premier Construction	67/8
Rohtas Industries	22
Scindia Steam	18
Shivrajpur	33/8
Steel Corp. of Bengal	12/8
Tata Oil	36
Tata Steel Ordy	284/8
Tata Steel Defd.	1350
JUTES	
Birla Jutes	15/8
Howrah	53
Hukumchand	4/4
Kamarhatty	471
Kankanarrah	365
Lawrence	342
Reliance	55

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, July 13

	This week
Total bullions	£247,100,000
Public deposits	£ 29,500,000
(a) Other deposits	£123,900,000
Government securities	£100,400,000
(b) Other securities	£ 31,800,000
Notes and Coin	£ 39,100,000
Notes in circulation	£507,900,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	25.51 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include	£ 87,100,000
(b) Other securities include	£ 9,200,000
Total deposits	£153,400,000
Total securities	£132,200,000

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

Total Indian Sea and Land Customs and Central Excise Revenue excluding Salt Revenue for the month of June amounted as under:—

Total Imports June 1939 36,866,000; June 1938 29,045,000

Total Exports June 1939 2,567,000; June 1938 2,813,000

Total Land June 1939 654,000; June 1938 125,000

Total Gross Customs June 1939 39,699,000; June 1938 32,595,000

Payments to P. Govts. June 1939 2,149,000; June 1938 1,795,000

Refunds June 1939 613,000, June 1938 1,201,000

Net Total June 1939 36,937,000; June 1938 29,599,000

Central Excise June 1939 4,539,000; June 1938 7,614,000.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 14

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 97 October 97 December 97

Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 109 October 109 December 110

Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 139 October 140 December 141

Yarn No. 40s August 210 October 210 December 210

PROBLEMS OF JUTE TRADE

Good Seeds And Improved Marketing

The sixth meeting of the Indian Central Jute Committee opened at Calcutta under the Presidentship of Mr. P. M. Kharegat, C.I.E., I.C.S., Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. The President in his opening speech said:—

It gives me great pleasure to welcome you to this, the sixth meeting of the Jute Committee.

It appears that the main agricultural problem in connection with jute is the supply of good seed. In many areas the cultivators are unable to retain seed, and hence some arrangement has to be made by which good seed can be supplied to them year after year. A suitable organisation is necessary for distributing seed regularly every year. There would appear to be two alternatives. Where there are regular seed suppliers from whom the cultivators generally purchase their seed, arrangements could be made with them for the supply to them and the sale by them of improved seed; a small subsidy in the beginning might help to gain their co-operation and support. The other alternative is to organise the jute growers of each village or of a group of villages into a co-operative seed supply society: such a society could arrange to get the seed in bulk, distribute it to its members and collect the price thereof from the members when they sell their jute.

If co-operative societies are organised they would be able to help in another direction also. At present the area under jute is an unknown quantity. A scientific method of ascertaining the area and the yield is under consideration and it may be hoped that it will prove successful.

MARKETING

For improving the marketing of jute, it is understood that the question of establishing regulated markets is already under the consideration of the Bengal Government. The advisability of licensing dealers might also well be looked into this connection. The feasibility of fixing standards or grades will also have to be examined. Doubtless this is already being done in connection with the survey on jute marketing. But the main problem in front of the industry at present appears to arise from the piling up of stocks. The general impression appears to be that the only remedy is to decrease the output of the mills by working shorter hours. I have been told that a reduction in the prices of jute goods will not affect their consumption, but it seems to me that this aspect of the matter needs to be further looked into.

WIDER USE

It will perhaps be generally agreed that the best solution of the problem would be to discover new and wider fields for the use of jute. The Committee might consider what steps are required to try and increase the demand for jute goods.

It will have to be considered in due course to what extent the Jute Committee can help in this work. From the draft report for the year 1938-39 it appears that on the 1st April last the Committee had in hand the sum of Rs. 27,800 odd out of which it had to meet outstanding bills to the extent of Rs. 24,500 and salaries amounting to Rs. 15,500, i.e., Rs. 40,000 in all. There does not appear to be much prospect therefore of the Committee being able to find money for development.

Mr. Moslem Ali Mollah was elected to the Agricultural Research Sub-Committee, Mr. [illegible] to the Jute Census Committee and Mr. I. G. Kennedy to the Technical Sub-Committee, Technological Research Sub-Committee and Statistics and Information Sub-Committee. The co-option of Mr. Tattersall of the Inspectorate of General Stores, Cawnpore to the Technological Research Sub-Committee was also approved. The Committee considered a reference from the Government of the United Provinces regarding encouragement of jute cultivation in the United Provinces and after considerable discussion decided to recommend to the Provincial Government that they should try and improve the quality of jute at present produced in the United Provinces without encouraging increase of area under jute.

100,000 TONS OF SUGAR FOR BRITAIN

LONDON, (By Mail.)

The International Sugar Council announces that all except two delegations having agreed to the proposal made by the Council at the request of the British Government that a 100,000 metric tons should be released for shipment to the United Kingdom during the current quota year on the understanding that each of the countries supplying part of this sugar should reduce its export "for the third year by an equivalent amount" the proposal now becomes effective.

The Dutch Indies will supply 20,000 metric tons, the Dominican Republic between 15 and 24 thousand, and the balance between 56 and 65 thousand will be supplied by Cuba.—Reuter.

COLOUR MERCHANT FINED

Passed Off Spurious Packets With Counterfeit Labels

Essabhoy Ebrahimbhoy, ac olour merchant, was fined Rs. 400 by Mr. I N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, for passing in the market spurious dry colour packets with counterfeit labels of Robin Ultra Marine Blue. Complainants stated that ther brand had enjoyed high reputation in Indian markets for 23 years. Accused was ordered to pay Rs. 150 to the complainants, under the Indian Merchandise Marks Act.

Complainants in the case are Messrs. Grahams Trading Co. Ltd., Agents to the manufacturers, of the genuine packets, Messrs. Rackitt and Sons.

The C. I. D. searched a shop in Bulsar and seized 57 spurious packets.

Later they raided a place in Ismail Mohalla and seized another 204 similar packages.

An examination of the contents revealed a lot of difference between this and the genuine materials.

Considering that this was the first offence of the accused, the Magistrate imposed a fine only.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 14.

Wheat	1,109 Cwts.
Linseed	1,648 "
Gingellyseed	11 "
Groundnuts	1,475 "
Castorseed	11 "
Rice	8,315 "
Myrabollams	585 "
Cottonseed	1,138 "
Mowraseed	758 "
Gram	901 "
Joowar	184 "
Barley	185 "
Bajree	233 "
Indian Sugar	404 "

BELLARY HINDI CONVOCATION

Mrs. Hansa Mehta To Preside

(From Our Correspondent).

BELLARY, July 12.

The executive committee of the Hindi Prema Mandal met in Jongaddala Palace and adopted the following resolutions.

1. That Bellary Dt. Hindi convocation be celebrated during the 3rd week of July and to request Mrs. Hansa Jivraj Mehta, the Parliamentary Secretary to the Government of Bombay, to preside and deliver the convocation address. For this purpose it was also resolved that Mr. Halharvi Seetha Ram Reddi, M.L.A. be requested to go to Bombay and deliver the invitation personally to the Lady.

2. That Headmasters should be requested to send candidates for elocution contest and other competitions.

3. Resolved to request the President of the Dt. Board to appoint only candidates who have passed in the Bellary District centre and not outsiders for Hindi teachers' post.

Consumers Of Electric Energy Dissatisfied

(From Our Correspondent).

FATEHGARH, July 12.

A meeting of the Consumers of Electric Energy residing in the Cantonments and the Civil Lines was held at Fatehgarh under the presidentship of Mr. E. S. Thompson, I. P.

By a resolution the meeting expressed its 'considered opinion' that the *Farrukhabad Electric Supply Co.* "has utterly failed to discharge its obligations to the public and has proved itself quite unreliable and unfit for the responsibilities of a public Utility Company."

It was further decided to hold another meeting of the above residents after a fortnight to determine the action to be taken against the Company.

Copies of resolutions passed at this meeting have been sent to H. E. the Governor, U P., the Hon'ble Premier and the Minister of Communications U. P. and the District Magistrate Fatehgarh.

"Kurla Municipal Election"

Mr. Gokulbhai D. Bhat, President, Bombay Suburban, District Congress Committee writes:—

I was painfully surprised to read Mr. Bilpodiwala's letter written to me published in your issue of even date. This was done without my knowledge.

The whole matter is before the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee Parliamentary Board where he and other friends concerned are invited to explain their position. Mr. Bilpodiwala should have waited and not rushed to the Press.

I cannot enter into any controversy at this juncture and whatever that I may have to write by way of an explanation, I shall do as and when my committee desires me to do so. However, I must make one point clear that neither Mr. Oza, Jt. Hon. Secretary, nor I ever promised Mr. Bilpodiwala the presidentship nor did we approach him for giving such a promise.

He promised to associate himself with the Kurla Congress Municipal party in all civic affairs. Now he desires to back out of the undertaking.

It is not meet for me just now to criticize his subsequent actions.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
TELEGRAMS: "JALANATH"
(ESTABLISHED 1919).
Head Office at BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE: 30075 (FOUR LINES).
BRANCH OFFICES & AGENCIES AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL PORTS OF INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON.
Regular Services:—
CARGO LINES
BURMA PORTS — BOMBAY, KARACHI via MALABAR.
BURMA PORTS — MALABAR via COLOMBO and TUTICORIN.
CALCUTTA — KARACHI via COAST PORTS.
BURMA PORTS — CALCUTTA according to demand.
PASSENGER LINES
RANGOON — COCONADA via COROMANDAL COAST PORTS.
CHITTAGONG — RANGOON and CHITTAGONG — COX'S BAZAR (B.B.S.N. Co.'s services).
PILGRIM LINES
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and KARACHI to JEDDAH.
MANAGING AGENTS OF
THE BENGAL BURMA STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd., RANGOON
THE RATNAGAR STEAM NAVIGATION Co. Ltd., BOMBAY
For further particulars, apply to Ballard Estates, Bombay.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS DOWN

Gilts Subdued: Simon's Reference To Borrowing Of £500 Millions

INDIAN STERLING LOAN CLOSED HIGHER.

Wall-Street Firm

BOMBAY, July 14.

NEW YORK COTTON

The cotton appeared to be somewhat subdued over later subsidy developments with prices showing some easiness on scattered local selling and liquidation but eventually the market rallied on better foreign enquiry.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

End of accounts considerations curtailed the activity and hence markets were quiet with irregular price movements.

3 1/2 per cent. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £84 1/4 i.e. ten shillings higher than the previous close.

Gilt-edgeds were subdued following Sir John Simon's reference to borrowing for defence.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, July 14

Previous closing	8.90
To-day's opening	8.88
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	8.87
Difference	—03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939

Liverpool, July 14

Previous closing	4.62
To-day's opening	4.59
Difference	—.6
To-day's closing	4.59
Difference	—03

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August 1939	Rs. 159-0
April May 1940	Rs. 152-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 14

The trading in October began at 8.88 i.e. two points lower than the last closing.

Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and local selling with liquidation but lower levels brought out good trade buying and foreign support with October rising to 8.92.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, July 14

The trading in Broach July August commenced at Rs. 155-12 but later the market declined and closed at Rs. 159-2.

April May opening and closing rates were Rs. 153-2 and Rs. 152-10 respectively.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 14

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July (9.61/9.61) 9.60/9.59
October (8.93/8.95) 8.88/8.88
December (8.75/8.74) 8.70/8.70

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, July 14

American July (4.99) 4.97
American October (4.59) 4.57
Giza July (6.34) 6.31
Giza October (6.37) 6.35

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, July 14

There were no sales in teas.

JUTE

First Marks C I F Continent New Crop July August (£22 5/8 sellers) £22 5/8 value
Dunlop August (£25 3/4) £25 3/4
Lightning August (£24 1/2) £24 1/2

RUEBER

Spot (8 1/4 paid and buyers) 8 1/4 paid and buyers
Forward October December (8 3/8 paid and value) 8 3/8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay July August (£10 15/16 sellers) £10 15/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£12 1/2 sellers) £12 7/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 7/16 sellers) £11 7/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 9/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers ££230 sellers. Quiet) £229 7/8 buyers £230 sellers. Steady.
Lead (£14 5/8 buyers £14 11/16 sellers. Quiet) £14 11/16 buyers £14 3/4 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£48 3/4 to £49 1/4) £49 to £49 1/2
Iron (102) 102

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, July 14

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July at 45d. Prices improved on better North American cables but subsequently the trading quietened owing to lack of follow-up on buying side.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, July 14

Chicago wheat opened quietly steady with July at 0.65 1/2. The trading was devoid of much activity with traders generally keeping off awaiting developments. The rate remained unchanged.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

1. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 14

Previous closing	4.68 1/4
To-day's opening	4.68 1/4
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 14

Previous closing	4.68.19
To-day's opening	4.68.21
To-day's closing	4.68.23

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, July 14

Previous closing	176.72
To-day's opening	176.72
To-day's closing	176.73

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 14

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.68.21 and continued quietly steady with no important variation owing to lack of enquiry.

Franc opened at 178.72 and remained dull and inactive.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32 sellers) 1-5 29/32 sellers
Paris on Bombay (13.171) 13.181
New York on Bombay (34.92) 34.93
Berlin on Milan (0.87 1/8) 0.87 1/8
London on Milan (89.04) 89.04
London on Shanghai (0-6 9/16 nominal 0-6 17/32 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (£20002848)
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-8-6) £7-8-5 1/2
Silver (16 13/16d) 16 7/8d

DISCOUNTS

3 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 13/16 to 7/8 per cent
4 months (7/8 to 15/16 per cent) 7/8 to 15/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, July 14

The following cable regarding London silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

'Small Indian buying. Speculators bought and sold. Small business.'

LONDON SILVER

London, July 14

Spot	(16 13/16d) 16 7/8d+1/16
Forward	(16 1/4d) 16 3/8d+1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, July 14

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-6) £7-8-3 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotation

SILVER

Bombay, July 14

Silver ready	46	2	0
Silver Shravan	45	6	0
Silver Shravan (Second)	45	2	0

GOLD

Gold ready	37	1	6
Gold Shravan	37	1	9
Gold Shravan (Second)	37	1	9
Sovereign	25	10	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 14

Wheat September	2	14	6
Wheat January	3	2	3
Wheat May	3	3	6
Linseed September	5	1	3
Linseed May	4	14	9

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, July 14

The closing quotation for Liverpool wheat (July) was 44 1/2d.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 14

The following are the opening rates:

General Motors (dol 45) dol 44 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25 5/8) dol 25 5/8
U S Common New Stock (dol 47 7/8) dol 47 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 107 1/8) dol 107

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotations

Bombay, July 14

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 95/11 for the next settlement at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 14

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £84 1/4

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday, July 5, £82 3/4
Thursday, July 6 £83
Friday July 7, £83 1/4
Monday, July 10, £83 1/4
Tuesday, July 11, £83 3/4
Wednesday, July 12, £84
Thursday, July 13, £83 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

Bombay, July 14

4-30 p.m

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 1/2) £94 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£84) £84
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£106 1/4) £106
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£109) £108 3/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-58 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2
5 per cent 1942-47 (£106) £105 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£97 1/2) £97 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£101) £100

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£67 3/4) £67 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£94 3/8) £94
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£106 3/8) £106
5 1/2 per cent War Loan (£93 5/8) £93 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£106 1/4) £106

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London July 14

London Stock Exchange was quiet following the settlement approach.

Giltedged securities attracted support. Three and half per cent was quoted at £84 i.e. five shillings higher than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-10 1/2) 15-10 1/2
Motors and Spencer Ordinary (57-10 1/2 57-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 5/8) dol 3 5/8
Elec Music Industry (9-9) 9-9
Princhin Johnson (22-1 1/2) 22-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (28-4 1/2) 28-4 1/2
Woolworth New Ordinary (64-1 1/2) 64-1 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (21 1/2) £21 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (26-4 1/2) 26-4 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (33-9) 33-9
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£50 1/2) £50
British American Tobacco Ordinary (94-4 1/2) 93-1 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (128-9) 128-9
P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (19-0) 19-0
Distillers (94-9) 94-9
Bredford Dye (4-0) 3-10 1/2
British Celanese (5-0) 5-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-3) 28-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-0) 3-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 51 1/8) dol 51 1/8
Indian Iron (35-0) 35-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Donaro Tea (30-0) 30-0
Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTE

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-3) 21-9
Gula Kelampong (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-6) 26-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (28-9) 28-9
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£11 1/2) £11 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (45-7 1/2) 45-0
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 3/4) £13 7/8
Associated Portland Cement (67-6) 67-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (81-10 1/2) 81-3
Sub Nigel (£10 5/8) £10 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 27-6
Union Corporation (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (21-3) 21-3
Anglo Iranian (73-1 1/2) 72-6
Burma Oil (71-3) 70-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (7-9) 7-9
Shell Transport (81-10 1/2) 82-6
Royal Dutch (£34 1/8) £34 1/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£32 7/8) £32 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£14) £13 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 5/8) £2 5/8
London Southern Def (£15) £14 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£115) £115
London Transport 'C' (£74 1/2) £74 1/4

WOOL SALES

London, July 14

Active general demand. Strong competition Ex Home-Trade for Slipes.

Greasy inferior (0-8 1/2) 0-8 1/2
Greasy superior (1-5 1/2 1-4 1/4
Scoured inferior (1-0) 0-11 3/4
Scoured superior (2-1) 1-10

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Rise In Czech Bonds

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 14

On the Stock Exchange a sharp rise in Czechoslovak Bonds was the main feature, reflecting satisfaction at the announcement of a pending scheme for settling British claims against Czech assets. Gilt-edged securities were subdued, following Sir John Simon's reference to borrowing of five hundred millions sterling for defence.

Wall Street opened moderately firm

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Fair Business In Teas

CALCUTTA, July 14

Jutes ruled quiet and business was somewhat limited. Coals: Easier feeling still continued in these and only limited trading was reported. Teas: Slightly more interest was noticed in this section and a fair volume of business was put through at steady advancing prices.

The miscellaneous section revealed no fresh feature. Speculative issues kept steady at their decline. Indian Standard Wagon ordy showed good rise over their last quotations:

Government securities: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 95/11; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 113/5 small lot; 3 per cent U P loan 1932 98/12 small lot.

Banks: Central 34 ct; Imperial fully paid 1350 c div; Reserve 109/6.

Cotton: Cawnpore Textiles 3/8; Elgin Mills ord 104; New Victoria ord annas 12; Pref 3/6.

Coals: Bengal 304; Burrakur 12; Equitable 29/12; New Beerbhoom 15/14 c div; Union 26/12 ct.

Jutes: Anglo India 319/8 small lot; Auckland 162; Baliy 181; Barnagore 143; Howrah 53/2; Hukumchand 4/6 small lot; Kamarhatty 471; Presidency 3/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/15; Indian Copper 1/9; Associated Cement 135/4 Daimia Cement ord 11/13, Defd 5/10; Bengal Telephone pref UEXW ex div; Jubbulpore Elec 12/2; Hukumchand Steel ord 5/8; Indian Iron and Steel 24/3; Indian Malleable Casting Defd 2/5 Indian St Wagon ord 47/4; Steel Corpn 12/8; Pref 94/8; Balmer Lawrie 251/8; B I Corpn ord 2/9; Calcutta Trams Ord 16; Dunlop Rubber ord 36/4 small lot; Second Pref 103; Kalimpong Ropeway 10/2; Publicity Society 7/6; Rohtas Industries 21/4 ex div; Assam Saws annas 13; Borooah Timber 14/2; Murree Brewery 9/8 ct.

Teas: Duffiaghur 11 c div; Hoograjuli 12/8; Hattikhira 17/6; Jaibirpara 16/8 ex div; Rajabeqno 29/6; Teestaxb Valley 22; Teliapara 352.

Debentures: 5 per cent Sutlej Cotton Mills 100/12.—A. P.

FIDVI PRESS STRIKE SETTLED

Resumption Of Work From Monday

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. S. G. Wakankar, Secretary, Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union, writes:

The strike of the "Fidvi Printing Press" workers which started on the 4th of July has been settled to the entire satisfaction of the workers and the proprietor.

The demands of the strikers were (1) Eight hours' day instead of the nine hours' day; (2) Daily wage workers to be taken on a monthly basis and (3) no victimisation.

The strike committee took the initiative in applying to the Chief Conciliator with a view to facilitate negotiations and to minimise the hardships of the strikers. Accordingly the Chief Conciliator invited both the parties to meet him on Friday the 14th July. The strikers point of view was represented by Messrs. S. G. Wakankar, General Secretary, of the Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union, R. M. Jambhekar, Ramsharan Sharma, Wamanrao, Ware and Meherally of the strike committee.

As a result of the negotiations which continued throughout Friday afternoon it has been agreed that (1) the eight hours' day will start from Monday the 17th instant and the strikers have to resume work on the same day; (2) Daily wage workers who are permanently required by the concern to be transferred on to the monthly wage basis from the 4th of October 1939; and (3) there will be no victimisation.

The Chief Conciliator has officially communicated this agreement to the strike committee and the proprietor has agreed to put up a notice corroborating this agreement at the press on Saturday the 15th instant.

Jaipur Satyagrahis Released

JAIPUR, July 14.

Five Satyagrahis, who were arrested at Sikar and Reengus during the Satyagraha movement, were released this morning from the Mohanpur jail and brought to Jaipur by the Inspector of Jails. The citizens and prominent Praja Mandal workers received and garlanded them at Ajmer Gate.—United Press.

Bengal Council Speaker For Simla

CALCUTTA, July 14.

The Hon. Mr. S. C. Mitra, President of the Bengal Legislative Council left for Simla to-day to attend the conference of Speakers and Presidents which commences on July 18.—United Press.

Harwood League

Hard Lines For Y.M.C.A.

DRAWN GAME MAKES "A" COMPANY RUNNERS-UP

League's Most Improved Side Just 'Robbed' Of Much-Deserved Distinction

A goal scored just three minutes before the final whistle by their right—inner—Grace—not only saved the "A" Company, South Lancs from certain defeat but actually won them the coveted distinction of being runners-up to their regimental compatriots; the "D" Company—in the senior Harwood League—the 'military team' just managing to pull the game out of the fire in their encounter with the Y. M. C. A. played on the Cooperage ground last evening—the game ending in a draw, each side scoring once.

LYNN'S HEROIC DISPLAY

Except for a brief period during the earlier stages of the latter half when the heavy overhanging clouds came down briskly—unusually encouraging weather conditions prevented throughout the match. Considering the recent 'monsoon—battering'—the ground was also shaping 'encouragingly'. Butchi gave the Y. M. C. A. an early lead—scoring a clever goal in the 19th minute of play. (1-0). The sides crossed over with the card at this score.

On resumption the "A" Company went all out for the equaliser—and just when hopes of obtaining the 'same' were 'dwindling Grace beat Lynn with a magnificent angular half-volley which gave the Y. M. C. A. custodian not the ghost of a chance (1-1). It must be added, however, that the latter had throughout the game—played a truly 'heroic' game and was to a great extent responsible for 'bottling' up the military team in the earlier stages of the match.

RESULT.

South Lancs "A"	1
Y. M. C. A.	1

The Teams were:

SOUTH LANCS. "A".

Gray, L/C Gray and Carroll, Thompson, Yates and Taylor, Donohoe, Grace Preece, Colbert and Ward.

Y. M. C. A.

Lynn, Alexander and Almeida, Humphries, Thomson and Sha, M. Jesudian, Charles, Balan, Butchi and J. Jesudian.

REFEREE Mr. Haworth.

To-day's Match

(COOPERAGE)

5-45 p.m.

South Lancs "D"
vs
B. E. S. T.

SHIV MANDIR SATYAGRAHA CALLED OFF

LYALLPUR, July 14.

The Shiv Mandir Satyagraha in Delhi has been called off by the Mahabir Dal.

Lala Kundanlal Vij, President of the Punjab Mahabir Dal in a statement says that Mahatma Gandhi has advised and Pandit Malaviya, President, Santan Dharam Mahasabha, has instructed the suspension of Shiv Mandir Satyagraha in which the Punjab Mahabir Dal has been taking a leading part for the last ten months.

A special board constituted by the joint meeting of the Sanatan Dharma Pritinidhi Sabha, Punjab, and the Punjab Mahabir Dal, held on April 7 last which was given full power to control the movement, including its suspension, has, after considering all relative facts, decided to withdraw Mahabir Dal forces from the Satyagraha. He announces that no Mahabir Dal should send any Jatha to Delhi.

Lala Kundanlal adds that an appeal will be filed in the High Court against the decision of the Lower Courts in the matter of the Shiv Mandir.—A. P.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN JUBBULPORE?

JUBBULPORE, July 14.

For participation in demonstrations on July 9 organised to protest against certain resolutions passed by the All-India Congress Committee, three Congressmen in Jubbulpore, including the President of the Town Congress Committee, have been asked by the President of the Mahakoshal Congress Committee to show cause within three days why disciplinary action should not be taken against them.—A. P.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 13

Rozario Santa Fe July sellers	18/9
Barletta Russo July sellers	22
South Australian	unquoted

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 14

East Asiatic ss India of 6031 reg tons, Captain D Krarup arrived from Copenhagen via Gothenburg, Antwerp, Genoa Port Said, Suez, Port Sudan and Aden with general cargo.

N Y Kaisha ss Ginyo Maru of 6128 reg tons, Captain T Nakano arrived from Karachi with cotton and scrap iron cargo.

J Finlay ss Clan Matheson of 3452 reg tons, Captain S F Corter arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool, Port Said, Suez and Aden with general cargo.

B I S N ss Dumfries of 3060 reg tons, Captain R Blakey arrived from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

SAILED

Volkart Bros ss Hoegh Silverlight of 3186 reg tons, Captain R Andersen sailed for Cochin, Colombo, Penang and Singapore with local cargo.

B I S N ss Gandara of 3190 reg tons, Captain E Davies sailed for Moulmein in water ballast.

B I S N ss Quiloa of 4750 reg tons, Captain S C Brown, sailed for Karachi via Cutch, Kundla with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 14-7-39.

S S Marin Sanuda (L T) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Graciosa (F F C) for American Ports via Colombo.

S S Behar (M M) for Aden, Port Sudan, Europe and American Ports.

S S Somali (M M) for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, July 14

2 Ginyo Maru 6128 Colombo 17-7 N Y Kaisha
4 India 6031 Penang 15-7 The East Asiatic.
5 City of Durban 3672 U Kingdom 18-7 K Nixon
8 Stolzenfels 4708 Antwerp 15-7 L Edwards
9 Nalgora 4109 Karachi 16-7 M M
10 Takliwa 3742 Durban 19-7 M M
11 Quiloa 4750 Karachi 14-7 M M
12 City of Hankow 4735 Calcutta 15-7 F F Campbell
14 Jaypore 3209 Japan 15-7 M M
15 Neidenfels 4844 Antwerp 24-7 L Edwards
16 Neuenfels 4996 Bremen 14-7 L Edwards

VICTORIA DOCK

6 Hashemi 298 Malabar Coast 15-7 S Hassum

PRINCE'S DOCK

D/E Hudiksvall 425 N F N F Malabar S
C/R Jalavijaya 2297 Rangoon 16-7 Scindia S N
H Revati 232 NF NF Malabar Steamship
H O/S Shrivati 250 N F N F Malabar S
K Vasna 2026 N F N F M M
L/M British Sailor 3444 Abadan 15-7 Anglo-Iranian Oil
P Bandra 1882 N F 17-8 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Asaka Maru 2-8-39 N Y Kaisha
Rajputana 3-8-39 P and O S N
Comorin 10-8-39 P and O S N
Narkunda 13-7-39 P and O S N
Somali 14-7-39 P and O S N
Carthage 20-7-39 P and O S N
Strathnaver 27-7-39 P and O S N

FROM HULL

Kioto 17-7-39 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Cilicia 21-7-39 Anchor Line
City of Canterbury 17-7-39 K Nixon

FROM HAMBURG

Drachenfels 17-7-39 L Edwards
Arendskerk 21-7-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 27-7-39 F F Campbell
Silverbeech 14-7-39 Volkart Bros.

FROM OSLO

Tiradentes 19-7-39 L Edwards
Dagrun 29-7-39 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Ginlio Cesare 14-8-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Victoria 24-7-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Sumatra Maru 30-7-39 O S Kaisha
Rawalpindi 21-7-39 P and O S N
Nagato Maru 19-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Behar 16-7-39 P and O S N
Kinugawa Maru 25-7-39 M B Kaisha
Anyo Maru 28-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Chitral 4-8-39 P and O S N
Mansei Maru 8-8-39 O S K Kaisya
Conte Rosso 25-7-39 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Chakdina 16-7-39 M M
Marin Sanudo 14-7-39 L Triestino
Varsova 15-7-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Maloja 15-7-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 22-7-39 M M
Tairea 5-8-39 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jehangir 15-7-39 T Morrison

FROM JAVA

Garmula 20-8-39 M M

FROM MOULMEIN

Garbeta 18-7-39 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Orna 26-7-39 M M

FROM MARMAGOA

Goldenfels 20-7-39 L Edwards

FROM KARACHI

Nagato Maru 27-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Gharinda 13-7-39 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Chitral 5-8-39 P and O S N
Nalgora 2-8-39 M M
City of Durban 18-7-39 K Nixon
Maloja 15-7-39 P and O S N
Rawalpindi 22-7-39 P and O S N
Strathaird 29-7-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 9-8-39 K Nixon
Cilicia 4-8-39 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Stolzenfels 15-7-39 L Edwards
Neidenfels 24-7-39 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

City of Hankow 15-7-39 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 29-7-39 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 25-7-39 L Triestino
Marin Sanudo 16-7-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Nagato Maru 30-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Rajputana 3-8-39 P and O S N
Fusijama 14-7-39 L Triestino
Jeypore 15-7-39 P and O S N
Melbourne Maru 18-7-39 J S Kaisya
Ginyo Maru 17-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Somali 17-7-39 P and O S N
Victoria 24-7-39 L Triestino
Carthage 20-7-39 P and O S N
Asaka Maru 2-8-39 N Y Kaisha
Sumatra Maru 13-8-39 O S K Kaisya

FOR SYDNEY

Strathnaver 27-7-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Chakdina 19-7-39 M M
Vasna 20-7-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 19-7-39 M M
Karanja 2-8-39 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalavijaya 16-7-39 Sc S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Bandra 17-7-39 M M
Orna 3-8-39 M M

FOR ABADAN

British Sailor 15-7-39 Anglo-Iranian Oil

FOR KARACHI

Nagato Maru 22-7-39 N Y Kaisha
Nalgora 16-7-39 M M
Drachenfels 20-7-39 L Edwards
City of Canterbury 22-7-39 K Nixon

B.P.T. GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Quiloa 12-7-39
S S Carignano 12-7-39
S S Bhadravati 13-7-39
S S Sophie Marie 14-7-39

EXPORTS

S S Marin Sanudo for Marseilles: 3840 bags groundnuts K Devchand; 6310 bags groundnuts Ralli Bros; 8046 bags groundnuts L Dreyfus; 2666 bags groundnuts kernal P Kuvarji; 12980 bags gr nut seed The Cotton Agents; 124 bags sesam seed S M Rajgor; 1280 bags gr nut seed S M Rajgor; 1800 bags gr nut in shell R Ratilal; 12 bales sheep skins papras D Abraham.

S S Jeypore for Yokkaichi: 100 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros.

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton G Sunderdas; 100 bales raw cotton Habib Sons.

S S Behar for London: 21 bags isinglass The Anglo Siam Corporation; 12 bales tud sheep skins The Anglo Siam Corptn; 8 bales tud goat skins The Anglo Siam Corptn; 50 cases condiments D D Framjee; 12 cases chrome tanned finished leather The Western Indian Tanneries.

S S Ginyo Maru for Shanghai: 300 bs raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 200 bales raw cotton K Vishram.

For Yokkaichi: 600 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 300 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha.

For Yokohama: 300 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading

For Yokkaiti: 100 bales raw cotton S Karamshi

For Kobe: 100 bales raw cotton Hansraj. 200 bales raw cotton R Kanji; 200 bales raw cotton K Poonje; 100 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha; 200 bales raw cotton Gordhandas.

S S Maloja for London: 212 bales lamb skins with fur Grindlay; 32 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley.

IMPORTS

S S Bandra Agents M Mackenzie and Co from Koweit: 205 bales wool raw.

From Bushire: 107 jottas assafotida; 500 bags almond.

From Muscat: 201 bags dry dates; 274 bags sardines; 74 bundles salted fish.

From Karachi: 20000 bags cement; 109 bales raw cotton; 3608 bags wheat; 195 bags rawa; 530 bags barley; 72 bags wheat flour; 103 bags almond seeds; 54 bags bajree.

S S Bamora Agents M Mackenzie and Co from K'shahr: 62 bags sheep skins.

From Muscat: 61 bags sardines; 67 bags dry dates.

From Gwadur: 197 bundles siffi mats.

From Karachi: 2440 bags cement; 1066 bags wheat; 152 bags chillies.

S S Varela Agents M Mackenzie and Co from Basrah: 1301 bags barley; 50 bales wool.

From Karachi: 3172 bags wheat; 9500 bags cement; 150 bags wheat flour; 143 bags almonds; 50 bags gram; 50 bags d/s fish; 50 bags gram chuni; 91 bags barley; 54 cases fresh fish, 154 bales cotton.

S S Badarpur Agents Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Dist Co Ltd from Rangoon: 516999 tons motor spirit in bulk; 97180 tons diesel oil in bulk; 363 drums mineral turpentine; 61 cases lubg grease; 221 bars pig lead.

From Hongkong: 100 bags green beans 32 bales raw silk.

S S Ranpura Agents M Mackenzie and Co from Shanghai: 246 bales raw silk; 741 d/bags green beans; 93 cases spinning machy parts, 42 cases art silk in piecegoods.

From Singapore: 150 cases pine apples.

From Penang: 150 slabs tin block; 710 bags pearl tapioca

From Colombo: 134 bars silver; 245 bundles mattress fibre; 40 cases d c nuts.

New Member For Transport Services Sub-Committee

CALCUTTA, July 14.

Dr. Nalinakshya Sanyal, member of the Bengal Assembly has been appointed by the National Planning Committee as a member of the Transport Services Sub-Committee. Dr. Sanyal is the author of a book entitled "Transport Development in India".—United Press.

Dead Body In Bombay Harbour

What is apparently a case of murder came to light on Friday when the Yellow Gate Police discovered the dead body of a male of about 30 years, floating in the sea near Pir Pau, nine miles off in Bombay harbour. The body which was in a highly decomposed condition had two stab wounds one in the abdomen. The body has so far remained completely unidentified.

Foreign Selling In New York Cotton Market

TRADERS AWAIT SUBSIDY DETAILS

Forecast Of 130 Points Flat Rate

BOMBAY, July 14.

The New York Cotton Market was inactive and colourless on Thursday with small foreign selling.

Traders are awaiting subsidy details and privately it is forecasted that a flat rate of 130 points on actual weight from July 1939 crop will be adopted.

On Thursday the New York cotton market was inactive and colourless. There was scattered foreign selling and traders were awaiting subsidy details.

FLAT RATE.

"Mr. Wallace advocated a flat cotton export subsidy. At the same time he said that the U. S. Department of Agriculture does not intend to supplant but rather would utilize the existing trade machinery in putting into effect the subsidy programme.

In the address at the opening of the Conference of cotton interests to discuss the subsidy programme, Mr. Wallace advocated a flat rate with no distinction as to payments for different classes of cotton. "My feeling is that the initial rate to be announced should be one which could be continued for a long period unless some unpredictable and major change should occur in competitive conditions in the world market". In determining payments Mr. Wallace asserted that a rate should be sought for which the possibility of increase would be as remote as the possibility of decrease. He also declared that he believes that the programme should be put into effect as soon as possible in order that cotton shipping is not unnecessarily delayed. At the same time he recommended that all payments to be made at least to the end of the calendar year will be in respect of the 1939 crop."

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened steady. There was New Orleans liquidation of July and some hedging which met scattered trade and local demand. Traders were not aggressive and were inclined to await subsidy developments. Prices then eased in Commission House selling.

At the opening October was quoted one point down at 8.93 and improved to 8.95 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and prices declined to 8.87 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 4 to 6 points Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 9.85c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 4 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 5 points at 9.50c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with October 4.61. The market continued under the influence of prospective export subsidy. Offtake was poor. There was Bombay selling and hedging against trade calling. The market was very quiet. Prices rallied on trade calling. The market closed at a net decline of one point to unchanged. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 5.54d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet Giza futures closed at a decline of 3 points and Upper eased off 2 to 3 points. The Alexandria cotton market was quiet and Sakels futures declined 2 to 13 points while Ashmouni futures closed 10 to 9 points down.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

As will be seen from the above quotations there was a moderate advance in the American market over the past week, and prices have touched a new high level.

The first acreage report was published on 8th inst. and gave the figure of 24,943,000 acres. No official crop estimate has yet been issued but it is considered doubtful whether a crop of 11 million bales is likely to be produced on this acreage in view of the fact that growing conditions have not been quite so ideal as during the past two sessions.

SUBSIDY CONFERENCE

A Conference is due to be held today between Mr. Wallace and the leaders of the cotton trade in America so that the question of the export subsidy may be discussed and ideas exchanged, and the general expectation is that a flat rate, and not a flexible one, will finally be decided upon. Opinions vary between 1.25 and 1.75 Cents per pound.

According to a very reliable authority the average repossessing rate for the 1933 loan cotton, including a profit of .50 points to the re-possessor, is now about 9.40 Cents. Allowing .07 points per month from now till next May the re-possessing price then, including the .50 point profit, will be just over 10 Cents. If therefore the export subsidy scheme has the desired effect of causing more cotton to be required by the world than is grown in this year's crop, the balance can only be obtained from the loan. The regulations require that loan cotton can only be re-possessed after paying the full carrying charges so it may be argued that the price of May New York, which is at present 8.40, should advance to some where between the 9.50 and 10 Cent level.

Whether or not this will actually be the case remains to be seen, as some fresh factor, such as European war, may appear in the meantime to upset these calculations.

In the local market prices are practically unchanged. Tenders against the Broach J/August have only amounted to 4,450 bales to date and the contract has ruled steady in consequence as compared with A/May Broach. We do not, however, expect to see a much further widening, because we think at the present difference those who are long of J/August will be tempted to transfer to A/May, in the belief that cotton will be produced to tender against J/August if the difference widens any further.

EXPORT DEMAND.

A good demand for actual cotton has continued chiefly from exporters, but also to a lesser degree from local Mills, and some interest has already been shown in new crop Sind N. F. and Punjab 289F.

The Indian futures market, together with Liverpool, may be adversely influenced to a certain extent if the export subsidy is more than 1.25 Cents, but there is likely to be great resistance to a decline below Rs. 150 and we still advise purchases around this level.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October highest 8.95 +.01 (11.52 a.m.).

N. Y. October lowest 8.87 —.07 (2.5 p.m.).

Liverpool October highest 4.63 +.01

Liverpool October lowest 4.58 —.04

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

New York.—Liquidation in July and hedge selling in distants with trade and foreign buying. Interest divided between evening up July delivery and Conference Export Subsidy. Some liquidation short selling on theory easiness. May develop after July liquidation completed. Crop generally making good progress Goods markets continue to show improvement.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheswari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

Crop Mississippi much improved past week Louisiana north texas good south texas uneven west late and unpromising.

Secretary of agriculture advocate flat rate subsidy fixed longer period 1-1/4 to 1-3/4 cents.

Probable subsidy around 1.30 points retroactive from July 1st on nett weight not consigned 1939 crop.

Export premium details awaited weather generally favourable scattered liquidation continuing good demand for May 8.35 supplied by local operators.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables from New York Cotton Exchange Service.

We estimate domestic consumption of of all cotton in June at 585,000 bales. The average consumption per working day during June 26,600 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 13.

July	9.60	—.04
October	8.90	+.01
December	8.71	—.05
January	8.59	—.04
March	8.46	—.06
May	8.36	—.04
Middling Spot	9.85	—.04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, July 13.

July	9.69	—.04
October	8.99	—.04
December	8.82	—.04
Middling Spot	9.50	+.05

11 a.m. Ranges	Noon Call.	
July	9.61/9.61	9.60
October	8.92/8.92	8.93
December	8.74/8.74	8.75

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

NEW YORK, July 13.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 7,000 bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain nil.

Day's Exports to the Continent 3,000 bales.

Day's Exports to China and Japan 5,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: July 13.

July	5.02
August	4.84
September	4.72
October	4.62
November	4.52
December	4.52
January	4.49—.01
February	4.49
March	4.49
April	4.47—.01
May	4.47—.01
June	4.46—.01
July	4.46—.01
Middling Spot	5.54—.05

11.12 a.m. QUOTATIONS

October	4.63
January	4.50

WEATHER OVER U. S. A. COTTON BELT

Liverpool July 14.

Slightly cooler, light rains in Texas. Forecast: Eastern belt generally fair All Balance entire Belt partly cloudy

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, July 13

SAKELS—	
July	10.57—13
November	11.87—02
ASHMOUNI—	
August	9.57—09
October	9.72—09
December	9.78—10
February	9.86—09
April	9.92—09
GIZA—	
July	11.08—11
November	11.42—05
January	11.56—03
March	11.69—03

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 14.

Following a decline of 4 points in New York Cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 161 for Broach J/A delivery and New Broach at Rs. 154/4. The market opened steady at Rs. 161/4 for Broach J/A delivery and under scattered selling prices declined to Rs. 160/2. New Broach delivery opened at Rs. 154/8 and declined to Rs. 153/10. There was restricted turnover and the tone of the market was quiet

Liverpool market was due one point down but it opened 6 points lower and later further lost 2 points. There was increased selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 153/- for New Broach while old Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 159/8. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F.G.M.G. Broach J/A 1939	Rs. 159-8-0
F.G.M.G. Broach A/M 1940	Rs. 153-2-0
Fine M.G. Oomra July 1939	Rs. 157-12-0
Fine M.G. Oomra D/J 1940	Rs. 143-0-0
F.G.M.G. Bengal July 1939	Rs. 122-8-0
F.G.M.G. Bengal D/J 1940	Rs. 117-8-0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 14

	Extra Sprine	Sup	Fine	F G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P		131	128	125	122
Punjab		131	128	125	122
Rajputana		134	131	128	125
Oomra No. 3	186	163	160	157	
C P No. 1	175	174	171	168	
C P No. 2	169	167	164	161	
Broach No. 2		166	164	161	159
Punjab Ame		186	184	181	179
Surat		203	201	198	196
Rajpipla		200	198	195	193
Navsari		212	210	207	205

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 14

Bengal Superfine	131/32
Bengal Fine	127/28
Bengal F G	123/26
C P 1	168/70
CP 2	164/65
Arvi	165/66
Amraoti	158/62
Ellichpur	164/65
Berar	161/62
Malkapur	158/60
Khandesh	145/52
Jalna Sailu	154/56
Burwah Sanavad	160/62
Khandwa	160/62
Mathia F G	130/35
Broach	165/66
Punjab 4 F	171/81
Punjab 289 F	206/11
Sindh N T	181/83
Ankleshwar Jaghadia	193/96
Surat	201/203
Navsari	211/13
Western Farm	171/76

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 14.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales

	Yesterday	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		38,689	53,879
Central India		224,268	45,434
Barsi and Nagar	83	92,430	149,750
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,474	40,322
Berar	146	162,400	325,802
Central Provinces		38,096	81,985
Total Oomras	229	560,257	697,172
Dholera		276,565	135,623
N.-W. Provinces		8,721	3,112
Rajputana	239	75,181	16,213
Sind-Punjab	99	327,324	519,493
Broach		414,469	262,805
Coompta and Dharwar	52	145,817	60,751
Westerns-Northerns		53,875	23,313
Cocoanada		98	23
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,637	4,551
Persian			
American		3,487	177,828
Egyptian, African and Sudan	633	359,316	511,890
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		95	1,171
Total	1,272	2,267,952	2,413,945
Arrived by road to 6th July 1939		380,584	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 6th July

In full-pressed Bales

	Yesterday	This year.	Last year.
Europe	232	288,207	300,180
Japan and China	4,895	1,114,765	655,734
Coast Ports		31,687	58,379
Up-country by Rail		254,278	343,807
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		52,386	10,493
Total	5,127	1,741,323	1,368,593

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 13-7-39	3926000	7841000
Receipts yesterday 13-7-39	7000	4000
Exports to date 13-7-39	3487000	5819000
Stock at Ports 7-7-39	1917000	2469000
Stock at Interior Towns 7-7-39	2488000	2050000
Stock at Liverpool 7-7-39	393000	1138000
Visible Supply 7-7-39	4922000	5819000
Quantity in sight 7-7-39	9355000	13518000
Quantity out of sight 7-7-39	10068000	10580000

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, July 14.

	To-day	Total
Broach J/A	150	4700
Bengal July	—	150
Oomra July	100	250

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach J/A New York July Rs. 68 1/2

Broach J/A Liverpool July Rs. 57 1/2

Broach A/M New York May Rs. 46

Broach A/M Liverpool May Rs. 40 1/2

New York Liverpool October 9 December 8 January 14 March 27 May 33

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 14.

Yesterday London Gold prices remained unchanged at £7-8-6. London Paris Exchange rate was also unchanged at 176.72. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.68.19 at London and 4.68 1/4 at New York. London Silver prices improved 1/4d. to 16 13/16d for Spot and forward quotation was raised 5/16d. at 16 1/4. India bought. Speculators bought and Sold. India was an unsatisfied buyer at 1/16 over fixed rate and sellers were holding off. New York Spot Silver was again unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 6 1/2. London Bombay Spot parity is Rs. 45/11 and forward is Rs. 44-6-6. The local market opened to-day at Rs. 45/5 and declined to Rs. 45/1 on scattered selling but short covering appeared and silver improved to Rs. 45/6 The market was steady. The market does not show confidence but it is generally felt that prices are likely to grind around present level. Gold was quietly steady.

Ready	37	1	6	46	0 0
Shravan Dely	37	1	9	45	4 0
Shravan Teji Mandi	0	1	6	1	1 6
2nd Shravan Dely	37	1	9	45	15 0
2nd Shravan Teji					

LONDON SILVER

London, July 13

Spot	16 13/16
Forward	16 1/4

LONDON GOLD

London, July 13

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-8-6

LONDON METALS

London, July 13

Copper	£43 1 3
Lead	£14 16 3
Spelter	£14 6 3
Tin	£224 15 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 14

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£42-17-6
Standard Copper 3 months	£43-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£49-5-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 49-0-0
Tone: Steady	

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, July 14

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals:

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 47 per tola

Elephant Brand

Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 46 per tola

Elephant Brand

Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 14 per tola

Anchor Brand

Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 35 per tola

Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 90 per tola

Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola

Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 60 per tola

Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola

SUGAR COUNCIL ANNOUNCES QUOTAS

The International Council of Sugar announced that 1,00,000 metric tons will be released for shipment to the United Kingdom during the current quota year. The Dutch Indies will supply 20,000 tons, the dominions Republic 15,000 to 24,000 tons and the balance between 56,000 and 65,000 tons by Cuba. London August sh. 7 5 3/4d.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 13.

Aug. £11-10-0.

Sept. £11-10-0.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 14

Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	29	5	0
Highest	29	6	0
Lowest	29	5	0
Closing	29	6	0
Groundnuts Aug—			
Opening	30	12	6
Highest	31	2	0
Lowest	30	11	9
Closing	30	15	0
Cottonseeds Sept—			
Opening	27	10	6
Highest	28	1	0
Lowest	27	10	6
Closing	27	15	3
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	28	11	0
Highest	28	11	0
Lowest	28	11	0
Closing	28	11	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	28	15	0
Highest	29	9	0
Lowest	28	15	0
Closing	29	6	9
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening	22	0	0
Highest	22	0	0
Lowest	21	14	6
Closing	21	14	6

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, July 13

July 44 3/4d.

October 47 3/4d.

Dec. 49 3/4d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, July 13.

July doi. 0.65 3/8.

Sept. doi. 0.66 3/8.

Dec. doi. 0.67 5/8.

LONDON SUGAR

London, July 13

August ..... sh 7 5 3/4d

New York Sugar

New York, July 13

Sept. 1.90.

November 1.95

January 1.90.

March 1.93.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay July, 14.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-0-0

Shipment July Rs. 5-9-0

Shipment August Rs. 5-10-0

Shipment September Rs. 5-8-0.

Java Spot F 7.40 (nominal).

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 14.

3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes	96
2 3/4 per cent 1948/62	98/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	99/8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	97/10
3 per cent 1963/65	97/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	103/6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/3
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110-2
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	115
5 per cent U P Bonds	98
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	100
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	103/8
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	113/10
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore	111/8
per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1972 B P T	108
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	118
4 per cent 1974 M Deb	107
6 per cent M Deb 1954	127
6 per cent K P T 1956	127

Note:—3-1/2 per cent. G. P. Notes opened for the current settlement at 95-13 to close later at 96. Next Budli difference moved between 0-4-0 to 0-1-6.

Tone:—Steady to firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 14.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 27/32 to December

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8 to Nov.

Bank's buying T. T. 1/5 29/32 Near 15/16 Nov.-Feb.

Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 to Aug. 1/6 1/32 Sept/June.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 287 1/2

Bank's buying T T 285 1/4

Bank's buying D D 284 1/2

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,306

Bank's buying T T 1,326

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 5/8

Bank's buying T T 77 1/2

Bank's buying 60 days 77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 65

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 64 7/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 83 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 38 1/2

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 158 1/8

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 85 7/8

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/2 13/16 14th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/6 5/16 14th inst.

Japan/London 1/2 1/64 14th instant.

Java/London 8.78 14th instant.

New York/London 4.68.25 13th inst.

London/New York 4.68.19 13th inst.

London/Paris 176.72 13th instant.

London/Italy 89.03 13th instant.

London/Belgium 27.57 1/2 13th inst.

London/Switzerland 20.76 5/8 13th inst.

London/Berlin 11.66 3/4 13th inst.

London/Stockholm 19.42 13th instant.

London/Amsterdam 8.80 1/4 13th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £7.8.6 12th instant.

Gold £7.8.6 13th instant.

Silver London Ready £16 9/16 12th instant.

Silver London Ready £16 13/16 13th

Silver London Forward £15 13/16 12th instant.

Silver London Forward £15 15/16 12th instant.

Silver New York Ready £35 12th instant.

Silver New York Ready £35 13th instant.

London Discount 3 Months 7/8 per cent 12th instant.

London Discounts 3 Months 7/8 per cent 13th 13th instant.

London Discounts 6 Months 1 3/8 per cent 13th instant.

London Ditcounts 6 Months 1 1/4 per cent 13th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 Months 3/4 per cent.

6 Months 1 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 13

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	71 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	83 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	97 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	106 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	106
3 per cent 1949/52	94 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	67 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War loan	93 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	106 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord	36/3

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 13

GIZA 2—	
Spot	6.54—8
July	6.36—3
October	6.39—3
November	6.44—3
January	6.49—3
March	6.52—3
May	6.55+3
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.91—6
July	5.69—2
October	5.65—3
November	5.65—3
January	5.68—2
March	5.70—2
May	5.72—2

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 13

Broach J/A highest 161 1/2 lowest 160 3/4 closing 161 1/8

Broach A/M highest 154 3/4 lowest 154 1/4 closing 154 3/8

Oomra July highest 160 lowest 158 3/4 closing 159 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 144 1/4 lowest 143 3/4 closing 144

Bengal July highest 124 1/2 lowest 124 closing 124 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 119 1/4 lowest 118 3/4 closing 119

Night session: Broach A/M opening 151 1/2 highest 154 1/2 lowest 154 1/4 closing 154 3/8.

Broach J/A closing 161 1/8

Small Improvement In Steel Shares

ASSOCIATED CEMENTS QUIETLY STEADY

Slightly Better Feeling But Restricted Business

BOMBAY: July 14.

The local Share Bazar opened steady and during the early part there was improved demand which hardened prices and later on the market ruled steady with a moderate business.

Yesterday the Wall-Street Market again ruled very steady with signs of confidence returning and U. S. Steel shares improved 3/8 at dols 47-3/8. Anaconda Copper Mining shares gained 3/8 at dols. 25-5/8. General Motor shares closed 1/8 up at dols. 44-7/8.

In response to steadier Wall-Street advices, there was slightly improved demand, which in the absence of any important selling resulted in improvement in Tata Steel shares. Cement shares were also steady with professional support.

Various rumours, including amalgamation of Cement concerns are attracting increased support. It is true that these shares are manipulated by professionals, but in view of large speculative interest, moderate support is expected to appear on all recessions. The market feeling continues bullish for Cement shares.

Tata Steel shares which were neglected recently owing to increased activity in Cement Shares, influenced better demand on bullish American advices.

Outside business continues restricted and prices are fluctuating within a narrow range. The fundamental situation of the market is healthy.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened to-day at Rs. 1,330 and steadily advanced to Rs. 1,352-8, but later on there was some realising and prices closed at Rs. 1,343-12. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 283.

Associated Cement shares opened firm at Rs. 134, but later on prices ruled quiet on scattered realising.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, July 14.

100 Ahmed. Advance	257	8
100 BOM DYEING	745	0
100 CENTURY	206	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	205	8
100 COLABA	115	0
100 Coorla	84	0
250 David	25	0
250 Dawn	285	0
1 E. D. Sassoon	4	3
100 Finlay	91	0
100 GOKAK	132	0
1,000 Hindustan	1675	0
100 Indore	30	0
100 Khatau	82	4
100 KOHINOOR	218	8
200 Laxmi	415	0
250 Madras United	25	0
100 MORARJI	116	0
250 Model	41	12
50 MYSORE	87	4
100 NEW GREAT	183	0
100 Oosmanshahi	41	0
100 PHOENIX	217	8
25 Sassoon Silk	67	12
1,000 Sholapur	2,675	0
50 SIMPLEX	66	8
1,000 SWADESHI	204	0
100 SWAN	87	0
500 Vishnu	1,029	0
1,000 Westerns	850	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda	108	0
25-500 CENTRAL	34	2
500 Imperial	152	5
125-500 Imp. Conty.	377	8
50-100 India	145	8
100 Reserve Bank	110	0
5 Union	5	14
CEMENTS		
500 ASSOCIATED	133	8
INSURANCE		
100 Empire	660	0
15-100 Jupiter	13	9
20 Mercantile	52	4
15-75 New India	38	8
200 Oriental	4.395	0
10-50 Vulcan XD	7	0
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahd. Old	142	8
10 Amalgamated	12	0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1,447	8
10 Ajmer	11	8
50 BOMBAY TRAM	129	4
100 Bombay Suburban	157	8
10 Broach	10	11
100 Karachi	192	8
100 Poona	190	0
100 Surat	151	4
100 TATA HYDROS	153	4
1,000 TATA POWERS	1,260	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	982	8
100 C. Province	100	8
100 Dh. Baramati	101	8
100 Gujarat	96	0
100 Mandra Bhon	99	0
100 Pachora Jamner	87	0
100 Sara Serajganj	102	0
500 Tapti Valley	773	12
MININGS		
9 Burma Corp	5	0
2sh. Indian Copper	1	10
2sh Indian Iron	24	0
10 SHIVRAJPUR	34	8
30 TATA STEEL DEFDS.	1343	12
15 TATA STEEL ORD.	283	0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK	357	0
10 Air Service	7	4
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	177	0
200 Bombay Safe Dep.	668	12
250 BOMBAY STEAM	254	0
125 B. BURMA	483	8
50 B. BURMA CONT.	164	6
8sh Br. B. Petrol	3	3
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	86	0
100 IND BLEACHING	98	0
50 Ind. Invest Trust	43	8
100 I. Radio Defd.	347	8
100 I. Radio Ord.	353	12
100 Port Canning	72	12
30 PREMIER CON.	67	12
10 Scindia	18	1
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	38	0
PREFERENCE		
5-1/2 p.c. Amalgamated (T.F.)	106	0
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,455	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	295	0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	79	0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	555	0
6¼ p.c. Prem Const 1st	108	8
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	98	8
7 p. c. Tata Hydro	151	4
7½ p.c Tata Power	1565	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	308	2
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	163	0
7 p.c. Vishnu	655	0
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	12
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	105	0
7 p.c Bombay Telephone	52	12
7 p.c. Sholapur	78	6
8 p.c. Tata Hydro	105	6

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 14.

Bombay Dyeing (743/12) 741, 747, 746, 745

Century (205/8) 205, 207, 206

Central India (204/8) 205, 206, 205/8

Kohinoor (217/8) 217, 220, 219, 218/8

New Great (181/8) 182, 184, 183

Simplex (66) 66, 66/8

Swadeshi (203/8) 202, 205, 204

Associated Cement (133/4) 134, 134/8, 133/8, 134, 133/8

Andhra (1450) 1450, 1447/8

Tram, Ord. (128/8) 128/8, 129/4

Tata Hydro (153/4) 153

Tata Power (1262/8) 1260, 1262, 1260.

T. Steel Dfd. (1333/12) 1330, 1327, 1350, 1345, 1356, 1347, 1348, 1342, 1347, 1343

T. Steel Ord. (280/8) 280, 284, 283

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (162/4) 163/4, 163

Bellapur (178) 177/8, 177

B. Steam (252) 255, 257, 254

B. Burma (481) 479, 481, 486, 485, 483/8

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, July 13

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
American For Power 7 per cent Pfd	19
Electric Bond and Share Common	7 1/8
American Telephone and Telegraph	164
Union Pacific	97
Western Union Telegraph	22 3/4
New York Central R R	14 1/2
Amrex Corporation	23
Texas Corporation	36 1/4
Socony	11 5/8
Consolidated Oil XD	7 3/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	78
United Aircraft	37
United Corporation	2
American For Power 5 per cent 2030	62
United States Steel	47 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	58
Crucible Steel	30
Ludlum Steel	17
Republic Steel	16
Int Nickel of Canada	48
Anaconda Copper Mining	25 5/8
Chrysler Motors	74 1/2
General Motors	44 7/8
General Electric	36 3/4
National City Bank of N Y	25 3/4
General Foods	45
Chesapeake and Ohio	34
Firestone Rubber dol 6 Pfd	104

Turnover 9,50,000 shares. Notwithstanding recent advance we expect higher prices. Carloadings down 106419 units.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 13

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£71 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£83 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£106 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£67 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£94 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£93 5/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£106 1/4
Victory Bonds	£106 1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£7 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg	£79
National Bank of India	£29

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 13

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. per ton July sellers	11-8-9
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. per ton July sellers	12-8-9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. per ton July sellers	12-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. per ton July Aug sellers	11-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. per ton July Aug sellers	10-18-9

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 13

T T London on:—	
New York	4.68.19
Paris	176.72
Berlin	11.66 3/4
Madrid	42.25
Montreal	4.69 1/16
Amsterdam	8.80 3/16
Brussels	27.57 1/2
Milan	89.03
Berne	20.76 5/8

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta
Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Dr. DEBAT'S world famous
INOTON
CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES
Ointment 100% Blood Purifier Powder Soap

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1939

Subhas Answers Critics

Didn't Approve Of Present Bombay Plan

"WHAT I SAID WAS IN PUBLIC INTEREST"

But He Still Wishes Success For Prohibition Scheme

BOMBAY, Friday.

"It is a gross mis-statement to say that in my capacity of Congress President I approved the present prohibition scheme of the Bombay Government and the taxation involved", says Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in reply to the critics of his previous statement on the subject.

"What I have said has been in public interest and with a view to helping to make the prohibition experiment a success, while causing the minimum hardship to the public", he adds.

The following is the full text of Mr. Bose's statement:—

On my return to Bombay this morning after visiting Maharashtra and Karnataka, my attention has been drawn by friends to some of the criticisms hurled against me for my recent statement on Prohibition. It pains me to find that the criticisms emanating from certain quarters are not only unfair and unjust, but are slanderous in character. I have said clearly in my statement that I have been and shall remain a teatotallar all my life and I have also said that I am a prohibitionist on principle. Consequently nothing will please me more than to see the prohibition experiment successful. My only anxiety is that the methods adopted should be scientific and rational so that the experiment may succeed and the least amount of hardship may be caused to the people. I am afraid that if the correct methods are not adopted by the Government, the experiment may fail and in that event disillusionment will overtake those who are enthusiastic today.

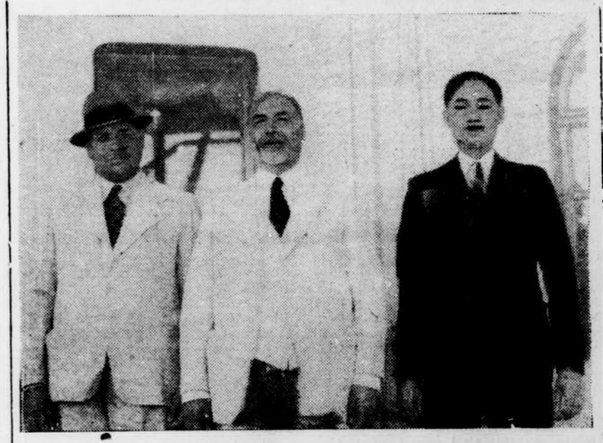
MISUNDERSTOOD

In my statement I made some practical and constructive suggestions as to how prohibition experiment should be worked so as to lead to success. I should expect such constructive suggestions to be welcomed by all those who have success of prohibition at heart. But it is to be regretted that in certain quarters and in a certain section of the press I have been misunderstood and sometimes abused. As a public man I have felt it to be my duty to offer constructive criticisms of the methods contemplated by the Bombay Government and I have done so after communicating my views to Mahatma Gandhi. What I have said has been in the public interest and with a view to helping to make the prohibition experiment a success, while causing the minimum hardship to the public.

GROSS MIS-STATEMENT.

It is a gross mis-statement to say that in my capacity of Congress President I approved of the present prohibition scheme of the Bombay Government and the taxation involved. As far as my recollection goes no such scheme or such taxation proposal ever came up before the Working Committee while I was member or President. As I am again going out on tour to-day I have no time to go through all the criticisms levelled against me. But I shall try to study them as early as possible and if after doing so I find it necessary to remove any further misunderstanding, I shall isssue a further statement.

I still wish the Bombay Government and other Provincial Governments concerned all success in their prohibition experiments but I beg of them to adopt such scientific and rational methods as will bring success without causing unnecessary hardship to the people—otherwise the experiment may defeat its own purpose despite the high motive underlying it.



MEMBERS OF THE INDIAN POSTAL DEPUTATION:

(Left to right): Messrs. H. L. Jerath, H. Hasan Muhammad (leader of the Deputation) and Chandra Nilmoni snapped on their arrival in Bombay from England by mail-boat on Thursday.

Subhas In Bombay

After a crowded programme in the Karnatak, Babu Subhas Chandra Bose returned to Bombay at 10-30 a.m. yesterday and was received at the Victoria Terminus by Mr. Mulraj Karsandas, Mr. Nathalal Parikh, Mr. Kantilal Parikh and others. The volunteer corps of the Forward Bloc gave a guard of honour to Subhas Babu.

Mr. Bose left for the Panchmahals and Godhra by the Frontier Mail last night. After a tour of the Panchmahals, he will arrive at Ahmedabad on July 16. His further programme will be decided later.

ADDRESS TO SUBHAS BOSE

Dohad Municipal Board's Decision

DOHAD: July 14.

A resolution to present an address to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose on the occasion of his visit to the town on July 15, was adopted at a meeting of the General Board of the Dohad Municipality, held yesterday.—United Press.

HOSMANI LEADS KARNATAK BLOC

BELGAUM, July 14

In a statement to the press Mr. Mandgi, pleader, the newly—appointed Secretary of the Karnatak Organising Committee of the Forward Bloc states that Mr. Bose met last night the Karnatak Forward Bloc workers and decided to form a Provisional Committee for Karnatak province. Mr. S. K. Hosmani M.L.A. (Central) President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, was unanimously elected President of the Provisional Organising Committee of the Karnatak Forward Bloc.—A. P.

CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP

Final Date Of Enrolment

CALCUTTA, July 13.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Secretariat has been informed through a circular issued by Acharya J. B. Kriplani, General Secretary of the A.-I.C.C. that the last date for the enrolment of Congress members has been shifted from August 31 to September 15.—United Press.

CHICAGO RADIO TO FILM CONGRESS

RANCHI, July 14.

The Reception Committee of the Bihar Session of the Indian National Congress have authorised Messrs. Chicago Telephone Company of Bombay to film the Congress sessions for exhibition in India and abroad.—A. P.

To Counteract League Propaganda

LAHORE, July 13.

The Punjab Provincial Congress Committee has invited the Frontier Gandhi, Maulana Hafiz-ur-Rahman of the United Provinces, Maulana Hussain Ahmed Madni and Maulana Nuruddin Behari to tour the Punjab in connection with Muslim Mass Contact activities and counteract the Muslim League propaganda against the Congress.—United Press.

Prof. Ranga Tours Burma

RANGOON, July 13.

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central), the Kisan leader, who arrived here yesterday left on an extensive tour to visit the Labour centres. He is returning to Rangoon on July 20 to preside over the Labour Conference at the next week-end.—United Press.

PROTEST AGAINST KALAT SARDARS' ACTION

Meeting Under Auspices Of Anjuman-i-Watan

QUETTA, July 13.

Strongly worded resolutions condemning the action of the Sardars and the authorities of the Kalat State were adopted at a public meeting held here last evening under the auspices of the Anjuman-i-Watan of Baluchistan. The meeting was presided over by Khan Abdul Samad.

The meeting was held to protest against the forced dispersal of the public sessions of the Kalat State Nationalist Party on July 6 and 7 when, it will be recalled an armed mob of tribesmen, alleged to have been instigated by the Sardars of the State, threatened to attack the meeting and brought about its abrupt termination.

The meeting among other things protested against the apparent acquiescence of the State authorities in the interference of the Sardars in the meetings, against the repressive measures launched against the Nationalist Party which was, in fact, originally started under the auspices of the ruler, against the ban placed on five newspapers, and asserted that the motive of the Sardars in interfering with their meetings was to prevent the spread of awakening and the dissemination of democratic ideas among their tribesmen so that they could be enabled to continue their stranglehold on the tribesmen who are 'at present victim of economic exploitation and untold tyrannies at their hands'.

The meeting demanded an independent enquiry by some gentlemen of judicial standing unconnected with the State to investigate the incidents at Mastung, including the threatened attack by the armed mob on the session of the Kalat State Nationalist Party.—United Press.

CHOTA-NAGPUR ABORIGINALS

RANCHI, July 13.

The "United Press" understands that as a result of discussions between Mr. A. Thakkar, General Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh and Hon. Babu Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar, it has been decided to appoint an Advisory Board with the Premier as the Chairman and six Bihar Assembly members from Chota Nagpur and the Santal Parganas and six aboriginal members to devise ways and means for the amelioration of the condition of the aboriginals of Chota Nagpur and the Santal Parganas.

A Special Officer will be appointed to act as Secretary of the Board Mr. Thakkar is preparing the scheme.—United Press.

SOLDIERS APOLOGISE

LAHORE, July 14

The two British Soldiers who are reported to have removed the Congress Tricolour Flag from the Simla Khadi Bhandar in May last, are stated to have expressed their apologies for their behaviour to the All-India Spinners Association.—A. P.

Security Demand Order Set Aside

High Court Holds Interpretation Of Class Hatred Much Too Wide

LAHORE: July 12.

Is reproduction of a judgment of the High Court an offence? Can a person be charged for promoting hatred amongst members of his own community or class?

These two issues were decided to-day by a full Bench of the Lahore High Court on an appeal against the order of the Punjab Government, forfeiting a handbill and demanding a security of Rs. 1,000 from the 'Itihad' press on the ground that it had reproduced a High Court judgment in the handbills and had thereby contravened Section 4 (1) (H) of the Press Act.

The judgment in question contained evidence of a witness who had made serious allegations against the head of the Ahmadiya community.

The Chief Justice, Sir Douglas Young, Mr. Justice Diwan Ramlal and Mr. Justice Sale, in the course of their judgment, held that the intention of the author of the handbill to annoy the head of the Ahmadiya community was evident from the fact that the passages concerning the latter were printed in bolder type. "In this sense it appears," Their Lordships proceeded, "that the judgment is not printed as delivered because it was apparently intended that a good many of the readers of this handbill would read only the bolder types and thus get an entirely false idea of what was contained in the judgment. To this extent, therefore, we consider that the judgment was mutilated and if this had been the only point in this case we would be inclined to hold that the publication of a judgment after printing isolated passages which would be certain to cause annoyance in bold type would be actionable."

Their Lordships, however, supported the contention of the petitioners' counsel that the case was not covered by Section 4 (1) (H) of the Press Act as both the Head of the Ahmadiya community and the publisher of the handbill belonged to the same community and class, and, therefore, they were not promoting feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes of His Majesty's subjects.

Their Lordships did not agree with the Advocate-General that the reproduction of this judgment "tended to bring into natred or contempt His Majesty or the Government established by law or the administration of justice or any class or section of His Majesty's subjects."

ORDER SET ASIDE

"To accept this position" added Their Lordships, "would lead to the result that when there are dissensions between the members of any class or His Majesty's subjects relating any internal dispute in that class, any person who criticises in strong language the action of the rival section in that community would come within "mischief" of this Section. This appears to us to be an interpretation which is much too wide to have been intended by the Legislature. If this intrpretation is accepted, the liberty of the Press would be practically wiped out."

Their Lordships consequently accepted the appeal and set aside the order of the Punjab Government which forfeited the handbill and demanded a security of Rs. 1,000 from the Press in which the handbill was published.

"WAR IS IMMINENT"

Rev. C. B. Firth On World Situation

(From Our Correspondent).

BELLARY: July 12.

Addressing the Christian young men in the Fort Club, Rev. C. B. Firth, M.A., in the course of his address on "The Present Political Situation" declared that the policy of appeasement of the Nationalist Government was born as a violent reaction of the Great War. The British had realised what a price in human life it had cost England and hence they had adopted a policy of indifference as far as the European tangle was concerned.

Continuing, the speaker traced the rise of the National Socialist Party, their extra-territorial policy carried on under the guise of racial superiority, the disappearance of Austria overnight, the taking advantage of the presence of a minority of Germans in any country, sowing the seeds of discord and disunity, and the final coup. He said that the world had learnt the method of Nazi aggression and would not allow it to continue.

Referring to the Danzig crisis he said that Danzig was a free city and was left untouched when the Polish Corridor was created after the Great War. It was the gate through which Poland could reach the outside world, and if Germany should hold Danzig it would mean the literal enslavement of Poland.

It was a happy feature that the South Balkan Nations, Rumania, Greece, Turkey in the South, had joined the Non-Aggression Front, while Poland remained firm, Britain too had taken a definite attitude and was prepared to meet force with force, and had made her position clear. It was a pity, he thought that Russia still wavered and had not joined the group.

Concluding he said that there was no hope of honourable settlement, and that war was imminent.

Mr. V. M. Giri, President, Dt. Congress Committee, Bellary, who presided, said that it was a pity that Christian Nations had given up the tenets of Christianity, and that if they could only purge their hearts of evil, jealousy and hatred and adopt the policy of Ahimsa, peace could be restored.

MULUND MERCHANT EXPIRES IN HOSPITAL

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, July 14.

Tulsidas Mavji aged 23, a merchant of Mulund, who was brought down to the Thana Civil Hospital in an unconscious state last night for treatment for opium poisoning, expired this morning.

CASE REFERRED TO HIGH COURT

Holding, that the conviction and sentence of Rs. 100 fine under Sec. 151 (2) of the Bombay District Municipal Act passed against Rahimtula Maganlal Khoja, a Kalyan Merchant, by the Resident Magistrate Mr. P. K. Kharkar, as unjust and unlawful Mr. A. G. Wells, the Sessions Judge, Thana, granted the criminal revision application and referred the case to the Bombay High Court for such orders as they may deem proper.

CHARLIE CHAN

ORDINARILY, I WOULDN'T CALL PERSONALLY, BUT I HEARD YOU WERE SICK, SO I CAME TO REMIND YOU!
THE NOTES ON YOUR PROPERTY COME DUE TOMORROW! IF YOU CAN'T MEET THEM-THE MINE-THE HOUSE-EVERYTHING GOES TO THE BANK!
MR. HEDRIN! OH!- OH, HELLO, HOMER! DIDN'T KNOW YOU WERE HERE!
WHAT IS IT, ROGER? WHAT IS IT?
VIN POPPAS JUST DIED! THE MEN ARE-
WHAT'S THAT?
SOUNDS LIKE VOICES!
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